## CivTech

April 24, 2019
Mr. Justen Cassidy, Senior Project Manager
Cawley Architects
730 North $52^{\text {nd }}$ Street, Suite 203
Phoenix, Arizona 85008


## RE: Trip Generation Statement for Paradise Valley Medical Plaza Southeast Corner of Jackrabbit and Scottsdale Roads - Town of Paradise Valley

Dear Mr. Cassidy:
Thank you for engaging CivTech to prepare this trip generation statement for an expansion proposed for the existing Paradise Valley Medical Plaza (PVMP) on the southwest corner of Scottsdale and Jackrabbit Roads in the Town Paradise Valley, Arizona.

## BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE

The PVMP consists of several buildings with a total of 52,717 square feet (SF) of gross floor area. The interior floor area is documented at 50,686 SF. Existing PVMP tenants are either medical offices, outpatient surgical facilities, or physical therapy facilities; there is no medical laboratory or pharmacy on the site. Approximately forty percent of the existing floor area is dedicated to plastic surgeons and other medical professionals whose patients are pursuing elective procedures. As a non-residential use, the PVMP operates under a Special Use Permit (SUP) from the Town, which is being reviewed as part of the expansion approval process.

A 6,444 SF portion of an existing building currently serves to provide three (3) operating rooms and related facilities, such as preparation and a 2,021 SF recovery area. It is in these operating rooms that those procedures requiring anesthesia are performed. Thus, subtracting the floor area for the operating rooms, the interior area of the plaza dedicated to medical offices is $44,242 \mathrm{SF}$.

Per the site plan provided (see Attachment 1), a new 8,805-square foot (gross) medical office building is being proposed; net square footage is $8,521 \mathrm{SF}$. A review of aerial photography of the existing plaza reveals that drivers exiting to either Scottsdale Road or Jackrabbit Road are required to turn right onto the adjacent streets. While entering drivers can turn right into both site driveways and left into the Jackrabbit Road access, exiting drivers can only turn right, either directly onto Scottsdale Road or onto Jackrabbit Road toward Scottsdale Road. Therefore, if an exiting patient wishes to return to his/her home, a home that is west of the plaza, there are several arterial streets that offer convenient routes west, including Chaparral Road to the south and McDonald Drive to the north, as well as numerous other arterial streets on the area's one-mile grid network.

Neighbors have expressed concern that existing patients will forgo the arterial streets and may drive through their neighborhoods, taking Vista Drive west. Vista Drive is the next signalized intersection to the south of Jackrabbit Road. Thus, their primary concern is that the new medical office building will increase this traffic traveling west on Vista Drive and then north along either $69^{\text {th }}$ Place or $68^{\text {th }}$ Street in order to return to Jackrabbit Road. An alternative to this is to attempt a U-turn at Vista Drive (at which there is no protected left- or U-turn movement) and another left turn back onto Jackrabbit Road.

The purpose of this statement is, therefore, to document the expected trips to be generated solely by the new building and to assign the trips to the adjacent roadways and to assess whether or not there could be a substantial number of new PVMP trips traveling through the neighborhood to the west of the plaza by using Vista Drive. Again, this statement will only look at new trips generated by the new building. The other purpose of this statement relates to the number of new trips on the west side of the property and the new trips on Jackrabbit Road.

## PROPOSED EXPANSION

As noted, the new building is expected to have a maximum gross floor area or footprint of 8,806 SF with a net floor area of 8,521 SF of medical offices. Trips generated by the new building will be served by two existing site driveways. Access A is a right-in/right-out/left-in driveway along Jackrabbit Road. Access B is a right-in/right-out only driveway along Scottsdale Road

Trip Generation. Typically, the average daily traffic (ADT), weekday AM and PM peak hours hour trips are estimated using trip generation information published in the latest $\left(10^{\text {th }}\right)$ edition of the Institute of Transportation Engineers' (ITE) Trip Generation Manual. The Trip Generation Manual provides average trip generation rates, equations, graphs, and other information for a wide range of different land uses developed from raw data collected in a prescribed manner by numerous contributors. The data allows the transportation professional to estimate the trips generated for a proposed development based on the independent variables that describes the sizes of each land uses in the development. In this case, as will be explained below, due to the composition of the tenants of the plaza, CivTech originally elected to develop its own trip generation based on information recorded at the site driveways on Wednesday March 27, 2019. Wednesdays are typically the busiest day of the week. In addition, the complex is completely occupied; therefore, the counts recorded represent a typical day at full occupancy and require no adjustment. Table 1 summarizes the data recorded; Attachment 2 provides the data sheets. (Please note the final sheet of Attachment 2 is a worksheet that combines the trips in and out at the two site driveways.)

Table 1 - Summary of Driveway Volumes Recorded March 27, 2019

| Count/Driveway Location | Daily (Total/In/Out) | AM Pk Hr (Total/In/Out) [Start of Hour] PM Pk Hr (Tota//I//Out) [Start of Hour] |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Scotsdale Road | $566 / 238 / 328$ | $74 / 32(43 \%) / 42(57 \%)[9: 15]$ | $73 / 16(22 \%) / 57(78 \%)[4: 45]$ |
| Jackrabbit Road | $966 / 520 / 446$ | $106 / 75(71 \%) / 31(29 \%)[9: 15]$ | $99 / 54(54 \%) / 45(45 \%)[2: 45]$ |
| Total Site Trips | $1,532 / 758 / 774$ | $180 / 107(59 \%) / 73(41 \%)[9: 15]$ <br> $104 / 89(86 \%) / 15(14 \%)[7: 45]^{*}$ | $158 / 37(23 \%) / 121(77 \%)[4: 30]$ |
| Internal Roadway | $138 / 67 / 71$ | $22 / 14(64 \%) / 8(36 \%)[8: 30]$ | $21 / 5(24 \%) / 16(76 \%)[44: 45]$ |

* Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic

A review of Table 1 reveals that on Wednesday March 27, 2019, the site generated a total of fewer than 1,550 trips ${ }^{1}$ with 180 trips (107 in/73 out) recorded during the AM peak hour of the generator (that is, the highest recorded hour of trips entering or exiting the site before noon, not necessarily an hour between 7 and 9 AM, when the adjacent street traffic is typically at its peak) and 158 trips ( $37 \mathrm{in} / 121$ out) during the PM peak hour (between 4 and 6 PM), which is not only the PM peak hour of the generator, but the peak hour of the adjacent street traffic. During the AM

[^0]peak hour of the adjacent street traffic, the site generated 104 trips ( $89 \mathrm{in} / 15$ out) in the hour beginning at 7:45.
Trip Generation Rates. Based on a gross floor area of 52,717 SF (or 52.717 KSF since the Trip Generation Manual uses quantities in units of 1,000 SF and gross floor areas are used), the site generated trips at rates lower than the published ITE average rates for a medical office building. A comparison of these rates can be found in Table 2.

Table 2 - Comparison of Trip Generation Rates of Based on Recorded Driveway Volumes

| Period | Recorded Trips | Trip Rate per 1,000 SF / In\% | ITE Average Rate / In\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Daily | 1,548 | $29.36 / 50 \%$ | $34.80 / 50 \%$ |
| AM Peak Hour of Street | 104 | $1.97 / 86 \%$ | $2.78 / 78 \%$ |
| AM Peak Hour of Generator | 180 | $3.41 / 59 \%$ | $4.10 / 39 \%$ |
| PM Peak Hour | 158 | $3.00 / 23 \%$ | $3.46 / 28 \%$ |

A review of the results summarized in Table 2 is supportive of CivTech's conclusion below that the mix of the tenants in the PVMP is such that it does not generate trips at the rate of a typical medical office building. In each case, the rate calculated by CivTech for a particular period is less than the published ITE rate.
Peak Hour Trips. To calculate the percentage of trips that could be expected to be generated by the new 8,806-SF building, CivTech applied the rates and inbound percentages shown in Table 2 to the gross floor area during each period. The trip generation information developed by CivTech for the PVMP expansion is detailed in Table 3. The table also shows the trip generation based on the ITE rates shown in Table 2.

Table 3 - Trip Generation

| Land Use | ITE <br> Code | ITE Land Use Name |  |  | Quantity Units ${ }^{+}$ |  | AM Distribution |  | PM Distribution |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | In | Out | In | Out |
| Medical Offices (per calculated rates) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \hline \mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a} \\ & 720 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Medical-Dental Office Building |  |  |  |  | 8.805 KSF |  | 86\% | 14\% | 23\% | 77\% |
| Medical Offices (per ITE average rates) |  | Medical-Dental Office Building |  |  | 8.805 KSF |  | 78\% | 22\% | 28\% | 72\% |
| Land Use | Average Daily Traffic (ADT) |  | AM Peak Hour |  |  |  | PM Peak Hour |  |  |  |
|  | Avg. Rate | Volume | Avg. Rate | In | Out | Total | Avg. Rate | In | Out | Total |
| Medical Offices (per calculated rates) | 29.36 | 260 | 1.97 | 15 | 2 | 17 | 3.00 | 6 | 20 | 26 |
| Medical Offices (per ITE average rates) | 34.80 | 306 | 2.78 | 19 | 5 | 27 | 3.46 | 9 | 21 | 30 |

+ KSF $=1,000$ SF
A review of the trip generation for the new building detailed in Table 3, which is based on the trip generation rates calculated for PVMP from the recorded driveway counts, reveals that the new building could generate a total of approximately 260 trips each day with 17 trips (15 in/2 out) generated during the AM peak hour of the adjacent street traffic (an hour between 7 and 9 AM) and 26 trips ( $6 \mathrm{in} / 20$ out) generated during the PM peak hour (an hour between 4 and 6 PM). The generator's (i.e., new building's) AM peak hour of trip generation could begin at 9:15, when 18 inbound and 12 outbound trips could be expected, a total of 30 trips during that one-hour period. Using ITE average rates, the new building could generate 306 trips each day with 27 trips (19 in/5 out) generated during the AM peak hour of the adjacent street traffic (an hour between 7 and 9 AM) and 30 trips ( $9 \mathrm{in} / 21$ out) generated during the PM peak hour(an hour between 4 and 6 PM).
Trip Distribution and Assignment. As noted above, PVMP provides a substantial percentage of its floor area for medical specialists and specialties. Therefore, it could be that its professionals attract patients from all over the Paradise Valley-Scottsdale area. Therefore, when attempting to define a market area, CivTech assumed a radius of ten (10) miles, also assuming that the majority
of the patients would reside within that radius and that the trips would be to/from their homes. Therefore, CivTech distributed site trips through the site driveways to the roadway network based on the Maricopa Association of Governments' (MAG) estimate of population within the assumed 10 -mile radius of the site. At the request of the Town a smaller market area of five miles was also used. The projected distribution of population was used as a base for determining the trip distribution of trips generated by the site. Table 4 summarizes the trip distribution percentages applied. The detailed calculations can be found as Attachment 3.

In addition, since CivTech recorded entering and exiting traffic volumes at the site driveways, the data was used to calculate the percentages of trips entering and exiting each driveway by time period. These percentages are also shown in Table 4.

The percentages shown in Table 4 were applied to the site trips generated in Table 3 and these site trips assigned to the internal and external roadway network. Site generated peak hour and daily turning movements and daily directional link volumes are also depicted on Attachment 4. CivTech showed separate percentages for those living to the northwest and southwest because simply living west of the site does not mean that a patient in that area would automatically, by default, travel west on Vista Drive since exiting directly to Jackrabbit Road westbound is not possible. The farther away a patient lives from the site, the more likely he/she would use arterial roads to return to home. Therefore, CivTech will assume approximately onethird of the patients living northwest or southwest of

Table 4 - Trip Distribution

| Direction(s) <br> (To/From) | Distribution Percentages |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| By Direction | 10-Mile Radius | 5-Mile Radius |
| North | $22 \%$ | $21 \%$ |
| South | $33 \%$ | $37 \%$ |
| East | $9 \%$ | $21 \%$ |
| Northwest | $13 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| Southwest | $23 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| By Driveway: AM(PM)[Daily] |  |  |
| Scottsdale In | $30 \%(32 \%[31 \%]$ |  |
| Jackrabbit In | $70 \%(68 \%[69 \%]$ |  |
| Scottsdale Out | $47 \%(44 \%)[42 \%]$ |  |
| Jackrabbit Out | $53 \%(56 \%)[58 \%]$ |  | the site live close enough to make traveling along Vista Drive through the adjacent neighborhood somewhat convenient. These are also the people one could expect would be more familiar with the streets in that neighborhood.

Thus, with 36 percent of the total population residing within a 10-mile radius west (that is, northwest or southwest) of the site and two thirds (or more) of that likely using conveniently-located arterial streets such as Chaparral Road and McDonald Drive to travel west, CivTech estimates that only onethird of the 36 percent westbound/outbound trips, that is, twelve percent (approximately one of each eight exiting vehicles) might find traveling along Vista Drive through the neighborhood more convenient. With a peak exiting volume of 20 vehicles per hour, the result is between two and three additional vehicles ( $12 \%$ of 20 vehicles is 2.4 vehicles, which is shown as three vehicles on Attachment 4) traveling westbound on Vista Drive during the PM peak hour, most likely between 4:45 and 5:45 PM. That averages to just one additional vehicle on Vista Drive every 25 minutes. Such a small increase in the hourly traffic volume, especially when others are returning home on their afternoon commute, should be virtually imperceptible to area residents and certainly within the normal variations in traffic volumes that might be observed during the same hour from one day to the next.

Applying the same method to the residents within a five-mile radius, with 21 percent of the total population residing west (that is, northwest or southwest) of the site and two thirds (or more) of that likely using conveniently-located arterial streets such as Chaparral Road and McDonald Drive to travel west, CivTech estimates that only one-third of the 21 percent westbound/outbound trips, that is, seven percent (approximately one of each 14 exiting vehicles) might find traveling along Vista Drive through the
neighborhood more convenient. With a peak exiting volume of 20 vehicles per hour, the result is between one and two additional vehicles ( $7 \%$ of 20 vehicles is 1.4 vehicles), which can be rounded up to two vehicles traveling westbound on Vista Drive during the PM peak hour, most likely between 4:45 and 5:45 PM. That averages to just one additional vehicle on Vista Drive every 42 minutes. Again, such a small increase in the hourly traffic volume, especially when others are returning home on their afternoon commute, should be virtually imperceptible to area residents and certainly within the normal variations in traffic volumes that might be observed during the same hour from one day to the next.

Similarly, the prohibition of left turns out from the site driveways limits the site trips that could be expected to travel along Jackrabbit Road west of the site driveway. West of this driveway, only inbound trips can travel along Jackrabbit Road. Attachment 4 shows that, within a 10-mile radius, CivTech expects just three trips to arrive during the AM peak hour, an average rate of one new trip every twenty minutes between 7:45 and 8:45 AM. Such a small increase in the hourly traffic volume, especially when others are leaving home on their morning commute, should be virtually imperceptible to area residents and certainly within the normal variations in traffic volumes that might be observed during the same hour from one day to the next.

Similarly, for the five-mile radius, CivTech expects less than two trips (1.4) to arrive during the AM peak hour, an average rate of one new trip every 42 minutes between 7:45 and 8:45 AM. The same conclusion as above for the 10-mile radius can be drawn from this data.

West-Side Parking Area. CivTech recorded traffic volumes on the internal driveway south of the Jackrabbit Road driveway that leading to the existing west side of the plaza. As can be seen in Table 1, approximately 140 vehicles per day were recorded into and out of that western parking area. These 140 vehicles made use of the 58 existing parking spaces- 50 uncovered and 8 covered-that are located along the west side of the property. With the proposed expansion, the eight covered spaces will be eliminated and 29 new spaces will be provided, for a net increase of 21 spaces and a new total of 79 spaces along the west side of the property, an increase of just over $36 \%$. If the 79 spaces were used at approximately the same rates as the existing 58 spaces, it could be expected that the 140 trips daily could increase to 192 trips on a typical weekday, a net increase of 52 trips per day. Applying the same ratio to the peak hours would add eight (8) trips each during the hour beginning at 8:30 AM and during the PM peak hour of street traffic, from 22 to 30 and from 21 to 29 , respectively.

Other factors to be considered are that 26 of the ultimate 79 spaces (33\%) will be designated as employee-only spaces, which are vehicles that will remain parked most of the day; truck deliveries including medical waste will now be collected on the east side of the new building, where a new loading zone will be provided; and the dumpster will be relocated to just east of the Jackrabbit Road driveway, eliminating the need for trash trucks to travel along the western wall of the property.

## CONCLUSIONS

A new 8,806-square foot (SF) building is being proposed for the existing Paradise Valley Medical Plaza on the southeast corner of Scottsdale and Jackrabbit Roads in the Town Paradise Valley. The new building will provide medical offices. From the above analysis, the following could be concluded:

- On Wednesday March 27, 2019, the site generated a total of fewer than 1,550 trips with 180 trips (107 in/73 out) recorded during the AM peak hour of the generator (that is, , the highest recorded hour of trips entering or exiting the site before noon, not necessarily an hour between 7 and 9 AM, when the adjacent street traffic is typically at its peak) and 158 trips ( $37 \mathrm{in} / 121$ out) during the PM


## CivTech

peak hour (between 4 and 6 PM), which is not only the PM peak hour of the generator, but the peak hour of the adjacent street traffic. During the AM peak hour of the adjacent street traffic, the site generated 104 trips ( $89 \mathrm{in} / 15$ out) in the hour beginning at 7:45.

- Based on the trip generation rates calculated for PVMP from the recorded driveway counts, the new building could generate a total of approximately 260 trips each day with 17 trips (15 in/2 out) generated during the AM peak hour of the adjacent street traffic (an hour between 7 and 9 AM) and 26 trips ( $6 \mathrm{in} / 20$ out) generated during the PM peak hour (an hour between 4 and 6 PM). The generator's (i.e., new building's) AM peak hour of trip generation could begin at 9:15, when 18 inbound and 12 outbound trips could be expected, a total of 30 trips during that onehour period. Using ITE average rates, the new building could generate 306 trips each day with 27 trips (19 in/5 out) generated during the AM peak hour of the adjacent street traffic (an hour between 7 and 9 AM) and 30 trips ( $9 \mathrm{in} / 21$ out) generated during the PM peak hour (an hour between 4 and 6 PM).
- The maximum outbound volume of 20 exiting vehicles per hour is expected to be during the PM peak hour of adjacent street traffic, an hour between 4:45 and 5:45 PM, when many of the offices are closing and employees as well as patients are leaving.
- With 36 percent of the total population residing within a 10 -mile radius west (that is, northwest or southwest) of the site and two thirds (or more) of that likely using conveniently-located arterial streets such as Chaparral Road and McDonald Drive to travel west, CivTech estimates that only one-third of the 36 percent westbound/outbound trips, that is, twelve percent (approximately one of each eight exiting vehicles) might find traveling along Vista Drive through the neighborhood more convenient. With a peak exiting volume of 20 vehicles per hour, the result is between two and three additional vehicles ( $12 \%$ of 20 vehicles is 2.4 vehicles) traveling westbound on Vista Drive during the PM peak hour, most likely between 5 and 6 PM. That averages to just one additional vehicle on Vista Drive every 25 minutes. Similarly, on Jackrabbit Toad, CivTech expects just three inbound trips to arrive during the AM peak hour, an average rate of one new trip every twenty minutes between 7:45 and 8:45 AM. Such small increases in the hourly traffic volume, especially when others are traveling to/from home on their morning and afternoon commutes, should be virtually imperceptible to area residents and certainly within the normal variations in traffic volumes that might be observed during the same hour from one day to the next. Assuming that most patients lived within a five-mile did not adversely affect these results at all and actually slightly decreased the average frequency and number of arrivals from the west via Jackrabbit Road and of those departing vehicles that may use Vista Drive.

Thank you for allowing CivTech to assist you on this project. Please contact me with any questions you may have on this study.

Sincerely,

## CivTech



Project Manager/Senior Traffic Engineer

## Attachments (4)




Prepared by: Field Data Services of Arizona/Veracity Traffic Group (520) 316-6745
Volumes for: Wednesday, March 27, 2019
City: Paradise Valley
Project \#: 19-1160-002
Location: Paradise Valley Medical Center Driveway Internal Roadway


Prepared by: Field Data Services of Arizona/Veracity Traffic Group (520) 316-6745
Volumes for: Wednesday, March 27, 2019
City: Paradise Valley
Project \#: 19-1160-003
Location: Paradise Valley Medical Center Driveway off of Scottsdale Rd.


Attachment 2 - Sheet 2 of 4

Prepared by: Field Data Services of Arizona/Veracity Traffic Group (520) 316-6745
Volumes for: Wednesday, March 27, 2019
City: Paradise Valley
Project \#: 19-1160-001
Location: Paradise Valley Medical Center Driveway off of Jackrabbit Rd.


Prepared by: Field Data Services of Arizona/Veracity Traffic Group (520) 316-6745
Volumes for: Wednesday, March 27, 2019
City: Paradise Valley
Project \#: 19-1160-001
Location: Paradise Valley Medical Center (Both Driveways Totaled)

| AM Period | In |  | Out |  | In+Out |  | PM Period | In |  | Out |  | In+Out |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00:00 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  | 12:00 | 10 | 63 | 27 | 76 | 139 |  |
| 00:15 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  | 12:15 | 11 | 59 | 25 | 88 | 147 |  |
| 00:30 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  | 12:30 | 14 | 53 | 16 | 86 | 139 |  |
| 00:45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 12:45 | 12 | 47 | 20 | 88 | 135 |  |
| 01:00 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |  | 13:00 | 8 | 45 | 24 | 85 | 130 |  |
| 01:15 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |  | 13:15 | 14 | 48 | 13 | 73 | 121 |  |
| 01:30 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 |  | 13:30 | 14 | 48 | 5 | 62 | 110 |  |
| 01:45 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 3 |  | 13:45 | 22 | 58 | 12 | 54 | 112 |  |
| 02:00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |  | 14:00 | 9 | 59 | 18 | 48 | 107 |  |
| 02:15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |  | 14:15 | 13 | 58 | 15 | 50 | 108 |  |
| 02:30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 14:30 | 10 | 54 | 10 | 55 | 109 |  |
| 02:45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 14:45 | 29 | 61 | 25 | 68 | 129 |  |
| 03:00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 15:00 | 20 | 72 | 11 | 61 | 133 |  |
| 03:15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 15:15 | 10 | 69 | 21 | 67 | 136 |  |
| 03:30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 15:30 | 12 | 71 | 21 | 78 | 149 |  |
| 03:45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 15:45 | 21 | 63 | 27 | 80 | 143 |  |
| 04:00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 16:00 | 14 | 57 | 20 | 89 | 146 |  |
| 04:15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 16:15 | 7 | 54 | 13 | 81 | 135 |  |
| 04:30 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |  | 16:30 | 15 | 57 | 24 | 84 | 141 |  |
| 04:45 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |  | 16:45 | 14 | 50 | 27 | 84 | 134 |  |
| 05:00 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |  | 17:00 | 3 | 39 | 39 | 103 | 142 |  |
| 05:15 | 4 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 7 |  | 17:15 | 5 | 37 | 31 | 121 | 158 |  |
| 05:30 | 2 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 8 |  | 17:30 | 11 | 33 | 21 | 118 | 151 |  |
| 05:45 | 5 | 12 | 0 | 1 | 13 |  | 17:45 | 1 | 20 | 8 | 99 | 119 |  |
| 06:00 | 5 | 16 | 2 | 3 | 19 |  | 18:00 | 6 | 23 | 13 | 73 | 96 |  |
| 06:15 | 7 | 19 | 1 | 4 | 23 |  | 18:15 | 0 | 18 | 3 | 45 | 63 |  |
| 06:30 | 15 | 32 | 0 | 3 | 35 |  | 18:30 | 2 | 9 | 13 | 37 | 46 |  |
| 06:45 | 10 | 37 | 1 | 4 | 41 |  | 18:45 | 0 | 8 | 8 | 37 | 45 |  |
| 07:00 | 8 | 40 | 1 | 3 | 43 |  | 19:00 | 2 | 4 | 13 | 37 | 41 |  |
| 07:15 | 9 | 42 | 0 | 2 | 44 |  | 19:15 | 2 | 6 | 3 | 37 | 43 |  |
| 07:30 | 8 | 35 | 3 | 5 | 40 |  | 19:30 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 25 | 29 |  |
| 07:45 | 34 | 59 | 1 | 5 | 64 |  | 19:45 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 18 | 22 |  |
| 08:00 | 20 | 71 | 4 | 8 | 79 |  | 20:00 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 5 | 8 |  |
| 08:15 | 16 | 78 | 4 | 12 | 90 |  | 20:15 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 7 |  |
| 08:30 | 19 | 89 | 6 | 15 | 104 |  | 20:30 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 7 |  |
| 08:45 | 22 | 77 | 10 | 24 | 101 |  | 20:45 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 6 |  |
| 09:00 | 24 | 81 | 11 | 31 | 112 |  | 21:00 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 3 | 8 |  |
| 09:15 | 31 | 96 | 12 | 39 | 135 |  | 21:15 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 6 |  |
| 09:30 | 18 | 95 | 19 | 52 | 147 |  | 21:30 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 5 |  |
| 09:45 | 33 | 106 | 22 | 64 | 170 |  | 21:45 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 5 |  |
| 10:00 | 25 | 107 | 20 | 73 | 180 |  | 22:00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |  |
| 10:15 | 12 | 88 | 16 | 77 | 165 |  | 22:15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| 10:30 | 21 | 91 | 19 | 77 | 168 |  | 22:30 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |  |
| 10:45 | 21 | 79 | 13 | 68 | 147 |  | 22:45 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |  |
| 11:00 | 12 | 66 | 24 | 72 | 138 |  | 23:00 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |  |
| 11:15 | 15 | 69 | 13 | 69 | 138 |  | 23:15 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |  |
| 11:30 | 20 | 68 | 18 | 68 | 136 |  | 23:30 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |  |
| 11:45 | 18 | 65 | 18 | 73 | 138 |  | 23:45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Total Vol. |  | 438 | 241 | 241 | 180 | 679 |  | 320 | 320 | 533 | 533 | 158 | 853 |
| GPS Coordinates: |  | : 33.516527, -111.927528 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Daily Totals |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Out |  | In |  | Combined |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 758 |  | 774 |  | 1532 |
|  |  | AM |  |  |  |  |  |  | PM |  |  |  |  |
| Split \% |  | 64.5\% |  | 35.5\% |  | 44.3\% |  |  | 37.5\% |  | 62.5\% |  | 55.7\% |
| Peak Hour |  | 09:15 |  | 11:30 | 09:45 | 09:45 |  |  | 14:15 |  | 16:30 | 16:45 | 16:45 |
| Volume |  | 107 |  | 88 | 683 | 851 |  |  | 72 |  | 121 | 585 | 736 |
| P.H.F. |  | 0.81 |  | 0.81 | 0.95 | 0.95 |  |  | 0.62 |  | 0.78 | 0.93 | 0.95 |



Select Analysis Year (2020, 2030, 2040,2050)




Scottsdale Road \& Access B


Scottsdale Road \& Vista Drive

## LEGEND

4TV(448)(5VOA)AM(PM)[Daily] Trip Distribution Percentages XX(XX)[XXX] - AM(PM)[Daily] Traffic Volumes

Attachment 4: Site Trip Distribution and Assignment


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Over the course of the day, since the facilities are not open 24 hours, it could be expected that every trip entering has a corresponding trip exiting. The machines used to record the driveway trips and the internal roadway trips yielded similar, but not exactly equal, entering and existing trips. The references to trips over the course of a day will double the higher count recorded, inbound or outbound, to be conservative.

