Radio Frequency Exposure

RF Safety and NIER Analysis Report

12/01/2022

Site: PHO WHITE WING D

PARADISE VALLEY, AZ

Prepared for: Verizon

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1 Certification

This report, prepared by Pramira, Inc. for **Verizon**, is intended to document compliance and evaluate power density levels as outlined in the report. The computations, analysis, and resulting report and conclusions were based on applicable FCC guidelines and regulations for maximum permissible exposure to humans consistent with FCC OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01.

Additionally, Pramira, Inc. certifies that the assumptions are valid and that the data used within Pramira control are accurate, including information collected as part of Pramira field surveys. Pramira, Inc. does not however certify the accuracy or correctness of any data provided to Pramira, Inc. for this analysis and report by Verizon or other third parties working on behalf of Verizon.

I certify that the attached RF exposure analysis and report is correct to the best of my knowledge, and all calculations, assumptions and conclusions are based on generally acceptable engineering practices:

EXPIRES: 30 JUN 2024

Tim Alexander, PE

Digitally signed by Tim Alexander, PE
DN: cn=Tim Alexander, PE, o, ou, email=proteuspower@outlook.com, c=US
Date: 2022.12.01 16:06:18 -07'00'

Tim Alexander, P.E.

Report Prepared by: Abdelsalam Masoud, 12/01/2022
Report Reviewed by: Mike Arnold, 12/01/2022

2 Executive Summary

This report provides the results of an RF power density analysis performed for **Verizon** at site **PHO WHITE WING D** in accordance with the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) rules and regulations for RF emissions described in OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01.

This report addresses RF safety for two classified groups defined by OET Bulletin 65: Occupational/ Controlled and General Population/ Uncontrolled. Based on the analysis, this site will be **Compliant** with FCC rules and regulations and Verizon's Signage and Barrier Policy if the mitigation details provided in Table 1 are implemented.

Final Compliant Configuration							
	GUIDELINES	**NOTICE**	**CAUTION**	**WARNING**	**NOC INFO**	**BARRIER/MARKER**	
Access Point(s)	☒ [2] *	☐ [ ]	☐ [ ]	☐ [ ]	☒ [2] *	☐	
Alpha	☐ [ ]	☐ [ ]	☒ [6] **	☐ [ ]	☐ [ ]	☒	24'x 18' Barrier 25'x 5' Marker
Beta	☐ [ ]	☐ [ ]	☒ [2] **	☐ [ ]	☐ [ ]	☒	22' Barrier
Gamma	☐ [ ]	☐ [ ]	☐ [ ]	☐ [ ]	☐ [ ]	☐	

NOTE: The table represents either the signage/barriers installed / removed OR items required by the market (if mitigation is not installed by consultant/vendor).

** These RF signs should be posted at the base of the two Access Ladders to the Main Roof and Upper Roof 2. (See drawing in Section 5.2)*

*** These RF signs should be posted on the Barrier and on the Marker. (See drawing in Section 5.2)*

Specialty Sign Detail

Location	**N/A**
Access Point	**N/A**
Alpha	**N/A**
Beta	**N/A**
Gamma	**N/A**

NOTE: The tables above represent EXISTING compliance items implemented at this location.

Notes/ Additional Compliance Requirements(s):
Mitigation is required per the Signage/ Barrier Diagram. RF Safety Plan Coordinate with co-locator to bring the site into Compliance.

Table 1: Mitigation Requirements for Compliance

2.1 Conclusion and Recommendations

- The results of the analysis indicate that the power density levels in the generally accessible areas on the **Main Roof** Level will exceed the FCC's MPE limit for General Population and Occupational.
- The results of the analysis indicate that the power density levels in the generally accessible areas on the **Adjacent Roof 2** and **Upper Roof 1** Levels will not exceed the FCC's MPE limit for General Population.
- The results of the analysis indicate that the power density levels in the generally accessible areas on the **Adjacent Roof 1** Level will not exceed the FCC's MPE limit for General Population.
- The results of the analysis indicate that the power density levels in the generally accessible areas on the **Upper Roof 2** Level will exceed the FCC's MPE limit for General Population and Occupational.
- The results of the analysis indicate that the power density levels in the generally accessible areas on the **Lower Roof 1** Level will not exceed the FCC's MPE limit for General Population.
- The results of the analysis indicate that the power density levels in the generally accessible areas on the **Lower Roof 2** Level will not exceed the FCC's MPE limit for General Population. Notice that the **Lower Roof 2** is considered generally inaccessible. However, this area might be accessible in case of maintenance. Therefore, Safety Plan Area is required.
- The results of the analysis indicate that the power density levels in the generally accessible areas on the **Adjacent Roof 3** and **Ground-C** Levels will not exceed the FCC's MPE limit for General Population.
- The results of the analysis indicate that the power density levels in the generally accessible areas on the **Ground-B** Level will not exceed the FCC's MPE limit for General Population.
- The maximum theoretical % MPE is **1684.43%** directly in front of the antenna beams at the **Adjacent Roof 1** Level. Notice that the power density levels will exceed the FCC's MPE limit for General Population, Occupational, and 10x the Occupational MPE limit in front of the antennas which it is not generally accessible area.
- The Verizon sectors contributes more than 5% to the areas in front of Co-Locator antennas. Hence, Verizon shares responsibility with Co-Locator to bring this area to be in compliance.
- NOC and Guidelines signs need to be posted at the base of the two Access Ladders to the Main Roof and Upper Roof 2.

  Note: Modifications to the site; and/or increases in channel counts or power levels exceeding those listed in this report will require additional evaluation to determine compliance.

3 Introduction

The purpose of this analysis and report is to evaluate the cumulative power density levels of all non-excluded antennas located on the site and identify any areas of concern that require mitigation. This report also assesses the site's compliance with FCC OET Bulletin 65; "Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio-frequency Electromagnetic Fields".

The power density simulation performed for this site utilized RoofMaster® analysis software. All antennas were assigned an operating frequency and transmit power and were deemed to be operating at 100% of their rated output power.

3.1 Site Description:

- **Site Name:** PHO WHITE WING D
- **Street Address:** 5402 East Lincoln
  Paradise Valley, AZ 85253
- **Latitude:** 33° 31' 58.79" N
- **Longitude:** 111° 57' 50.7" W
- **Structure Type**: Rooftop
- **Structure Height**: ± 32.7' AGL
- **BTS Equipment Location**: The VZW equipment is located on the Upper Roof 2.

3.2 Site Configuration Being Modeled

- This is a Rooftop application where Verizon antennas are side mounted at pipes which attached to the Building Wall behind RF Screen for all sectors.
- This is a Three-sectors site supporting LTE at 700, 850, 1900, 2100 MHz, 5GNR at 850MHz, CBRS at 3.6 GHz, and C-Band at 3700 MHz for all sectors. All LTE assumes 4x4 MIMO.
- The values of the antennas rad center of Alpha sector (34.17'), Beta sector (30.25'), Gamma sector (25.25'), Main Roof Height (31.8'), Upper Roof 1 Height (29.5'), Upper Roof 2 Height (20.8'), Lower Roof 1 Height (17.8'), Lower Roof 2 Height (13.5'), Adjacent Roof 1 Height (25.8'), Ground-A Height (-7'), Ground-B Height (0'), and Ground-C Height (7') are based on the CD. These values must be verified on the site audit for the post study.
- The Adjacent Roof 2 has the same height as Upper Roof 1.
- The Adjacent Roof 3 has the same height as Ground-C.
- All technologies were evaluated assuming the maximum number of channels and were running at maximum power 100% of the time.
- CD shows Co-locator antennas. Since no co-locator data was provided, a general antenna configuration was used modeling the Unknown carrier. However, until those details can be confirmed in the Post analysis, (Unknown) was used as an identifier in the report. C/Ls were estimated from the CDs.

4 Predictive Analysis Details

For purposes of this analysis, RoofMaster® was configured to provide an output based on the appropriate MPE limit(s) published in the FCC's guidelines. The antenna information was loaded into RoofMaster®, an MPE predictive analysis tool by Waterford Consultants, LLC.

4.1 Analysis Locations:

Number of Elevations Analyzed: 8

- Main Roof Level.
- Adjacent Roof 2 Level.
- Adjacent Roof 1 Level.
- Upper Roof 2 Level.
- Lower Roof 1 Level.
- Lower Roof 2 Level.
- Ground-C Level.
- Ground-B Level.
- A study at the Ground-A level was not required as the study at the Ground-B level shows that the MPE limit is below the General Population MPE limit on the Ground-A Level.

4.2 Antenna Inventory

The following table contains the technical data used to simulate the power density that may be encountered with all antennas simultaneously operating at full rated power with the exception of any excluded antennas cited in this document. If co-locator's antennas exist and specific antenna details could not be secured, generic antennas, frequencies, and transmit powers were used for modeling. The assumptions used are based on past experience with communications carriers.

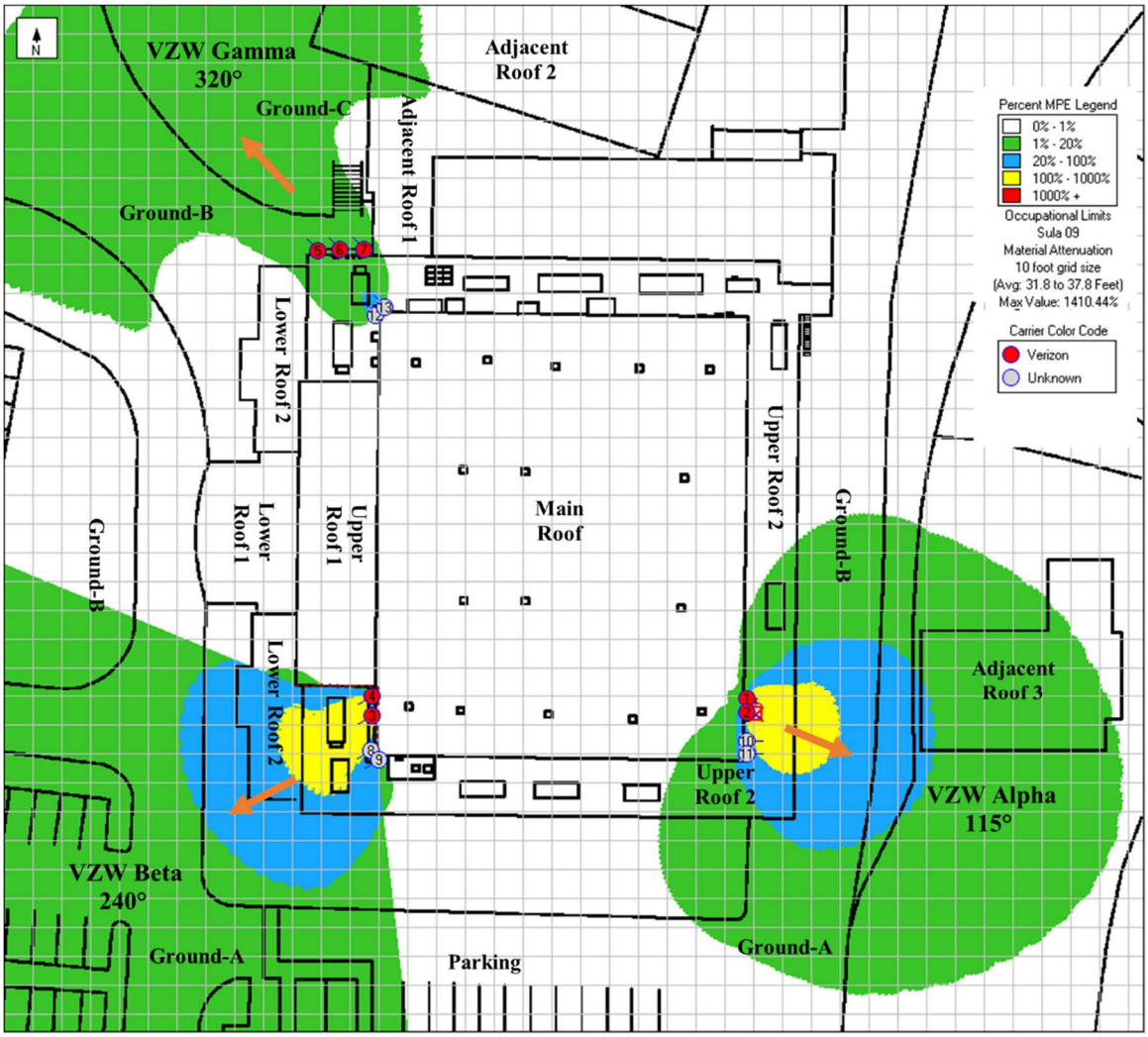
ID	Name	(MHz) Freq	Trans Power	Trans Count	Other Loss	Calc Power	Tilt (Deg.)	Mfg	Model	M. R. Z (ft)	Adj. R. 2 Z (ft)	Adj. R. 1 Z (ft)	U. R. 2 Z (ft)	L. R. 1 Z (ft)	L. R. 2 Z (ft)	Gr. C Z (ft)	Gr. B Z (ft)	Type	(ft) Aper	dBd Gain	BWdth	Orientation
VZ Alpha_Ant1	C-Band	3700	2.75	64	0.0	176.0	0	Ericsson	AIR6449	2.4	4.7	8.4	13.4	16.4	20.7	27.2	34.2	Panel	2.8	23.55	11	115
VZ Alpha_Ant2	L700	730	40.0	4	0.5	142.6	0	JMA	MX16FIT465-03	2.4	4.7	8.4	13.4	16.4	20.7	27.2	34.2	Panel	4.9	10.85	52	115
VZ Alpha_Ant2	L850	880	40.0	4	0.5	142.6	0	JMA	MX16FIT465-03	2.4	4.7	8.4	13.4	16.4	20.7	27.2	34.2	Panel	4.9	11.55	46	115
VZ Alpha_Ant2	L1900	1900	20.0	4	0.5	71.3	0	JMA	MX16FIT465-03	2.4	4.7	8.4	13.4	16.4	20.7	27.2	34.2	Panel	4.9	15.05	60	115
VZ Alpha_Ant2	L2100	2110	50.0	4	0.5	178.3	0	JMA	MX16FIT465-03	2.4	4.7	8.4	13.4	16.4	20.7	27.2	34.2	Panel	4.9	15.45	50	115
VZ Alpha_Ant2	L2100_3	2170	10.0	4	0.5	35.7	0	JMA	MX16FIT465-03	2.4	4.7	8.4	13.4	16.4	20.7	27.2	34.2	Panel	4.9	15.45	50	115
VZ Alpha_Ant2	CBRS	3600	5.0	4	0.0	20.0	0	JMA	MX16FIT465-03	2.4	4.7	8.4	13.4	16.4	20.7	27.2	34.2	Panel	4.9	11.55	53	115
VZ Beta-Ant1	C-Band	3700	3.75	64	0.0	240.0	0	Ericsson	AIR6449	-1.6	0.8	4.5	9.5	12.5	16.8	23.3	30.3	Panel	2.8	23.55	11	240
VZ Beta-Ant2	L700	730	40.0	4	0.5	142.6	0	JMA	MX16FIT465-03	-1.6	0.8	4.5	9.5	12.5	16.8	23.3	30.3	Panel	4.9	10.85	52	240
VZ Beta-Ant2	L850	880	40.0	4	0.5	142.6	0	JMA	MX16FIT465-03	-1.6	0.8	4.5	9.5	12.5	16.8	23.3	30.3	Panel	4.9	11.55	46	240
VZ Beta-Ant2	L1900	1900	20.0	4	0.5	71.3	0	JMA	MX16FIT465-03	-1.6	0.8	4.5	9.5	12.5	16.8	23.3	30.3	Panel	4.9	15.05	60	240
VZ Beta-Ant2	L2100	2110	50.0	4	0.5	178.3	0	JMA	MX16FIT465-03	-1.6	0.8	4.5	9.5	12.5	16.8	23.3	30.3	Panel	4.9	15.45	50	240
VZ Beta-Ant2	L2100_3	2170	10.0	4	0.5	35.7	0	JMA	MX16FIT465-03	-1.6	0.8	4.5	9.5	12.5	16.8	23.3	30.3	Panel	4.9	15.45	50	240
VZ Beta-Ant2	CBRS	3600	5.0	4	0.0	20.0	0	JMA	MX16FIT465-03	-1.6	0.8	4.5	9.5	12.5	16.8	23.3	30.3	Panel	4.9	11.55	53	240
VZ Gamma-Ant1	C-Band	3700	1.0	64	0.0	64.0	0	Ericsson	AIR6449	-6.6	-4.3	-0.6	4.5	7.5	11.8	18.3	25.3	Panel	2.8	23.55	11	320
VZ Gamma-Ant2	L700	730	40.0	2	0.5	71.3	0	JMA	MX10FIT465-03	-6.6	-4.3	-0.6	4.5	7.5	11.8	18.3	25.3	Panel	4.3	10.85	52	320
VZ Gamma-Ant2	L850	880	40.0	2	0.5	71.3	0	JMA	MX10FIT465-03	-6.6	-4.3	-0.6	4.5	7.5	11.8	18.3	25.3	Panel	4.3	11.55	46	320
VZ Gamma-Ant2	L1900	1900	20.0	4	0.5	71.3	0	JMA	MX10FIT465-03	-6.6	-4.3	-0.6	4.5	7.5	11.8	18.3	25.3	Panel	4.3	15.05	60	320
VZ Gamma-Ant3	L700	730	40.0	2	0.5	71.3	0	JMA	MX10FIT465-03	-6.6	-4.3	-0.6	4.5	7.5	11.8	18.3	25.3	Panel	4.3	10.85	52	320
VZ Gamma-Ant3	L850	880	40.0	2	0.5	71.3	0	JMA	MX10FIT465-03	-6.6	-4.3	-0.6	4.5	7.5	11.8	18.3	25.3	Panel	4.3	11.55	46	320
VZ Gamma-Ant3	L2100	2110	50.0	4	0.5	178.3	0	JMA	MX10FIT465-03	-6.6	-4.3	-0.6	4.5	7.5	11.8	18.3	25.3	Panel	4.3	15.45	50	320
VZ Gamma-Ant3	L2100_3	2170	10.0	4	0.5	35.7	0	JMA	MX10FIT465-03	-6.6	-4.3	-0.6	4.5	7.5	11.8	18.3	25.3	Panel	4.3	15.45	50	320
VZ Gamma-Ant3	CBRS	3600	5.0	4	0.0	20.0	0	JMA	MX10FIT465-03	-6.6	-4.3	-0.6	4.5	7.5	11.8	18.3	25.3	Panel	4.3	11.55	53	320
Unknown-Ant1	L1900	1900	40.0	4	0.5	142.6	0	Unknown	Unknown	-1.8	0.5	4.2	9.2	12.2	16.5	23.0	30.0	Panel	8.0	14.95	61	240
Unknown-Ant2	L1900	1900	40.0	4	0.5	142.6	0	Unknown	Unknown	-1.8	0.5	4.2	9.2	12.2	16.5	23.0	30.0	Panel	8.0	14.95	61	240
Unknown-Ant3	L1900	1900	40.0	4	0.5	142.6	0	Unknown	Unknown	-1.8	0.5	4.2	9.2	12.2	16.5	23.0	30.0	Panel	8.0	14.95	61	90
Unknown-Ant4	L1900	1900	40.0	4	0.5	142.6	0	Unknown	Unknown	-1.8	0.5	4.2	9.2	12.2	16.5	23.0	30.0	Panel	8.0	14.95	61	90
Unknown-Ant5	L1900	1900	40.0	4	0.5	142.6	0	Unknown	Unknown	-1.8	0.5	4.2	9.2	12.2	16.5	23.0	30.0	Panel	8.0	14.95	61	320
Unknown-Ant6	L1900	1900	40.0	4	0.5	142.6	0	Unknown	Unknown	-1.8	0.5	4.2	9.2	12.2	16.5	23.0	30.0	Panel	8.0	14.95	61	320

The antenna Z-heights listed above are referenced to the Main Roof, Adjacent Roof 2, Adjacent Roof 1, Upper Roof 2, Lower Roof 1, Lower Roof 2, Ground-C, and Ground-B levels.

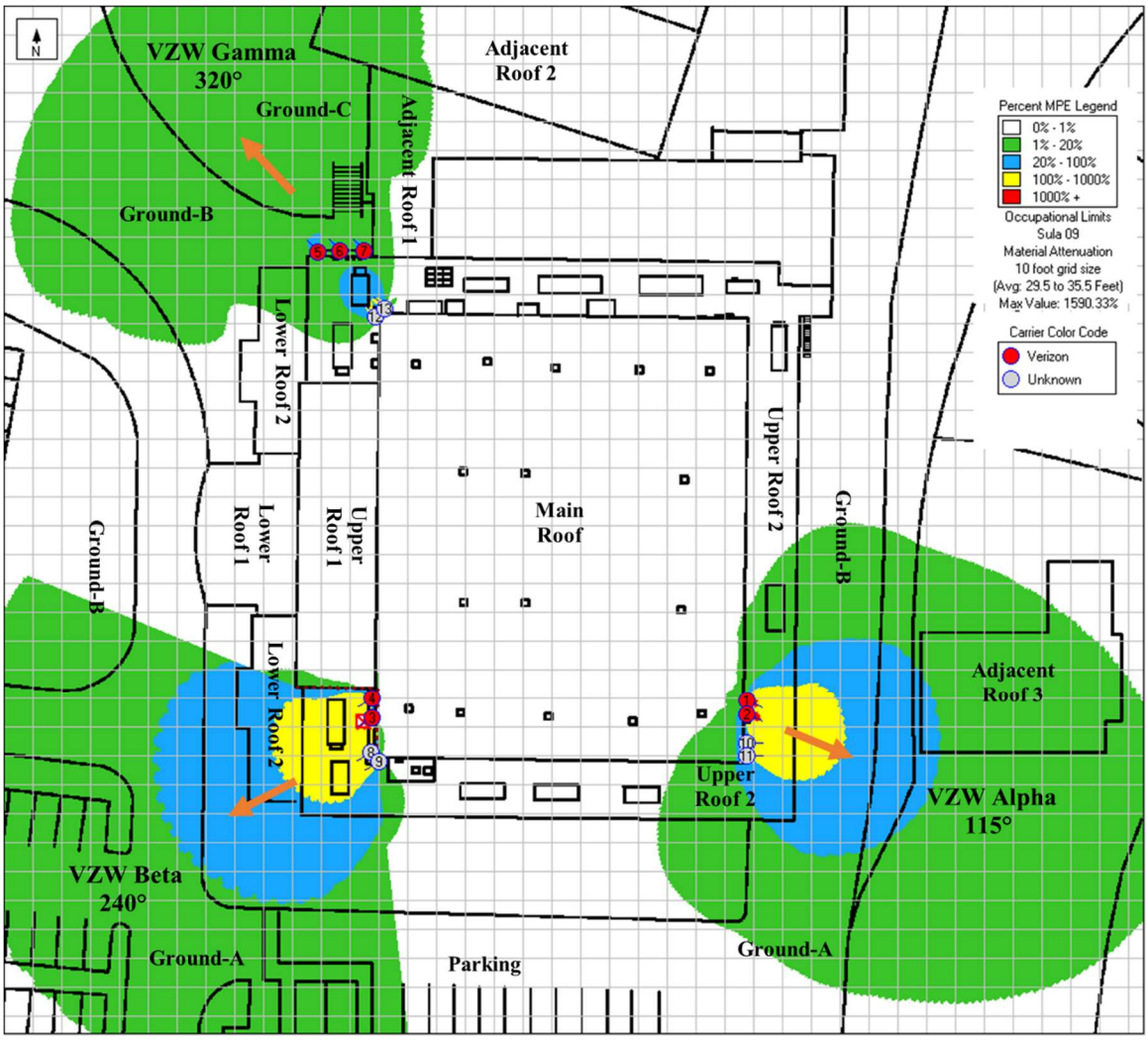
4.3 RF Emissions Diagram(s) - All Transmitters

The following Diagram(s) represent the theoretical spatially averaged Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) percentages that are expected for each study's elevation. An additional 1% Occupational MPE Limit (5% General Population MPE limit) is included to demonstrate where Verizon is a significant contributor to the accessible areas where multiple carriers' transmitters may be present.

Reference Plane: Main Roof Level



Reference Plane: Adjacent Roof 2 and Upper Roof 1 Levels



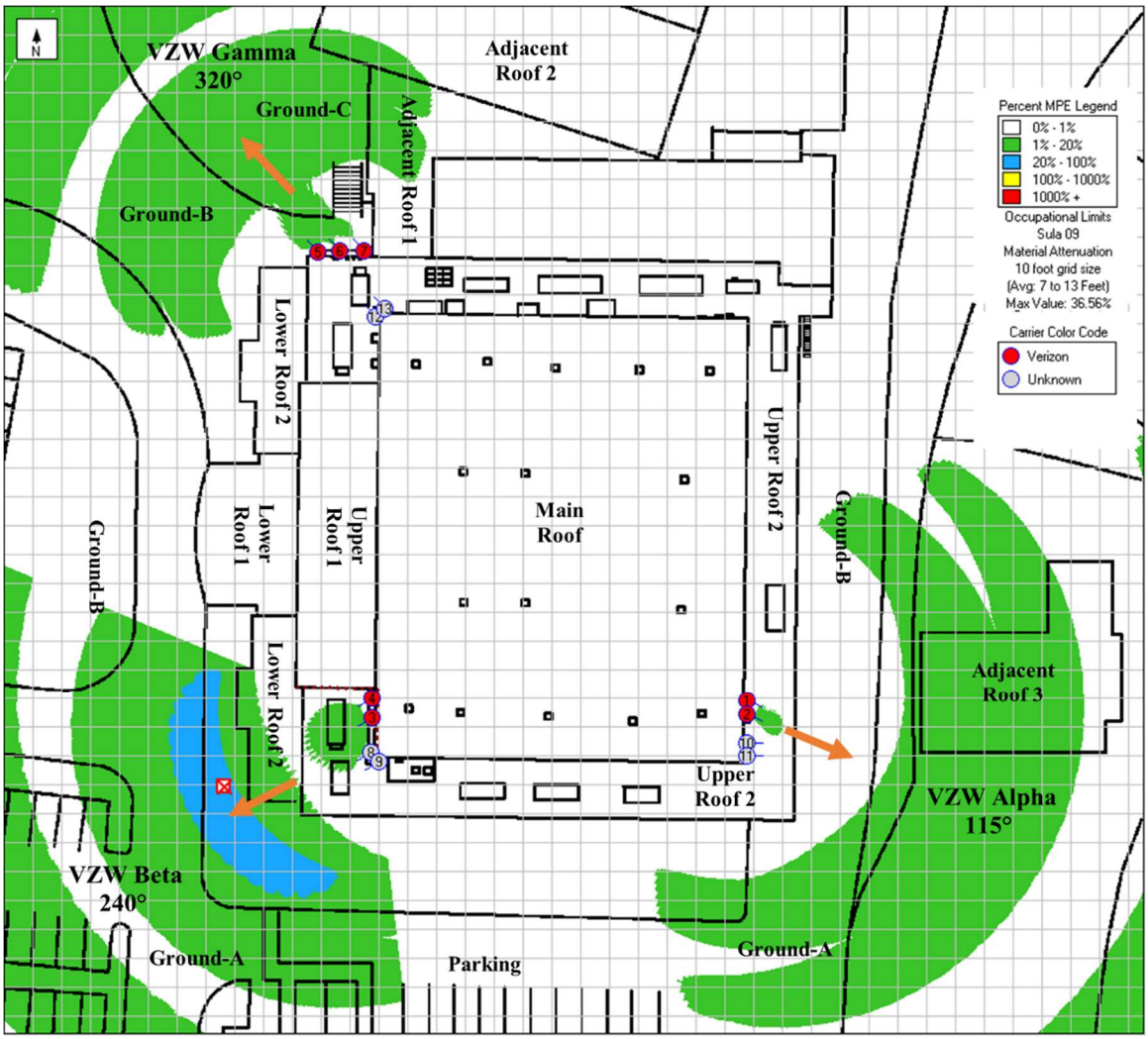
Reference Plane: Adjacent Roof 1 Level

Reference Plane: Upper Roof 2 Level

Reference Plane: Lower Roof 1 Level

Reference Plane: Lower Roof 2 Level

Reference Plane: Adjacent Roof 3 and Ground-C Levels



Reference Plane: Ground-B Level

4.4 RF Emissions Diagram(s) - Verizon Transmitters *Only*

The following Diagram(s) represent the theoretical spatially averaged Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) percentages that are expected for each study's elevation. An additional 1% Occupational MPE Limit (5% General Population MPE limit) is included to demonstrate where Verizon is a significant contributor to the accessible areas where multiple carriers' transmitters may be present.

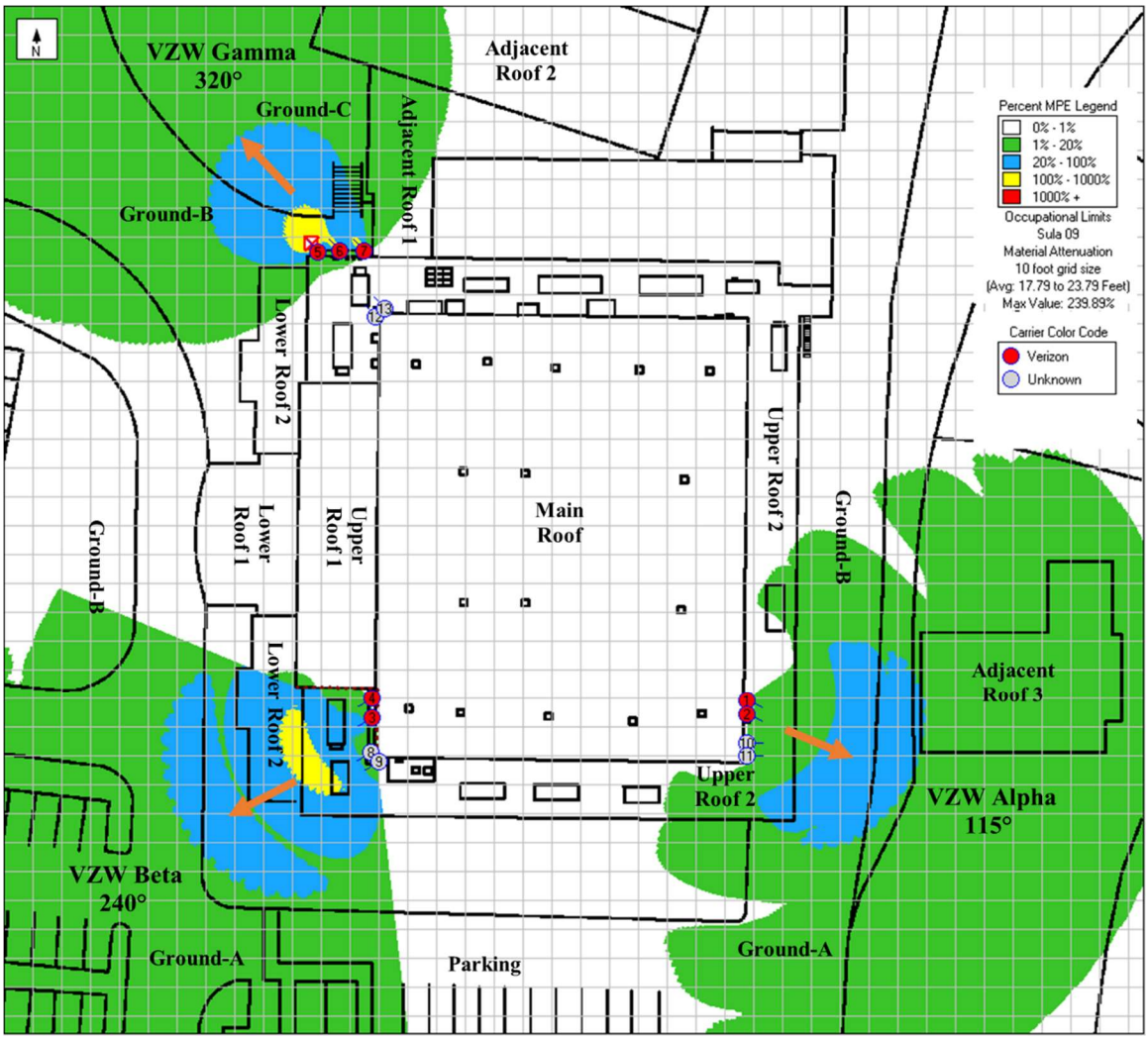
Reference Plane: Main Roof Level

Reference Plane: Adjacent Roof 2 and Upper Roof 1 Levels

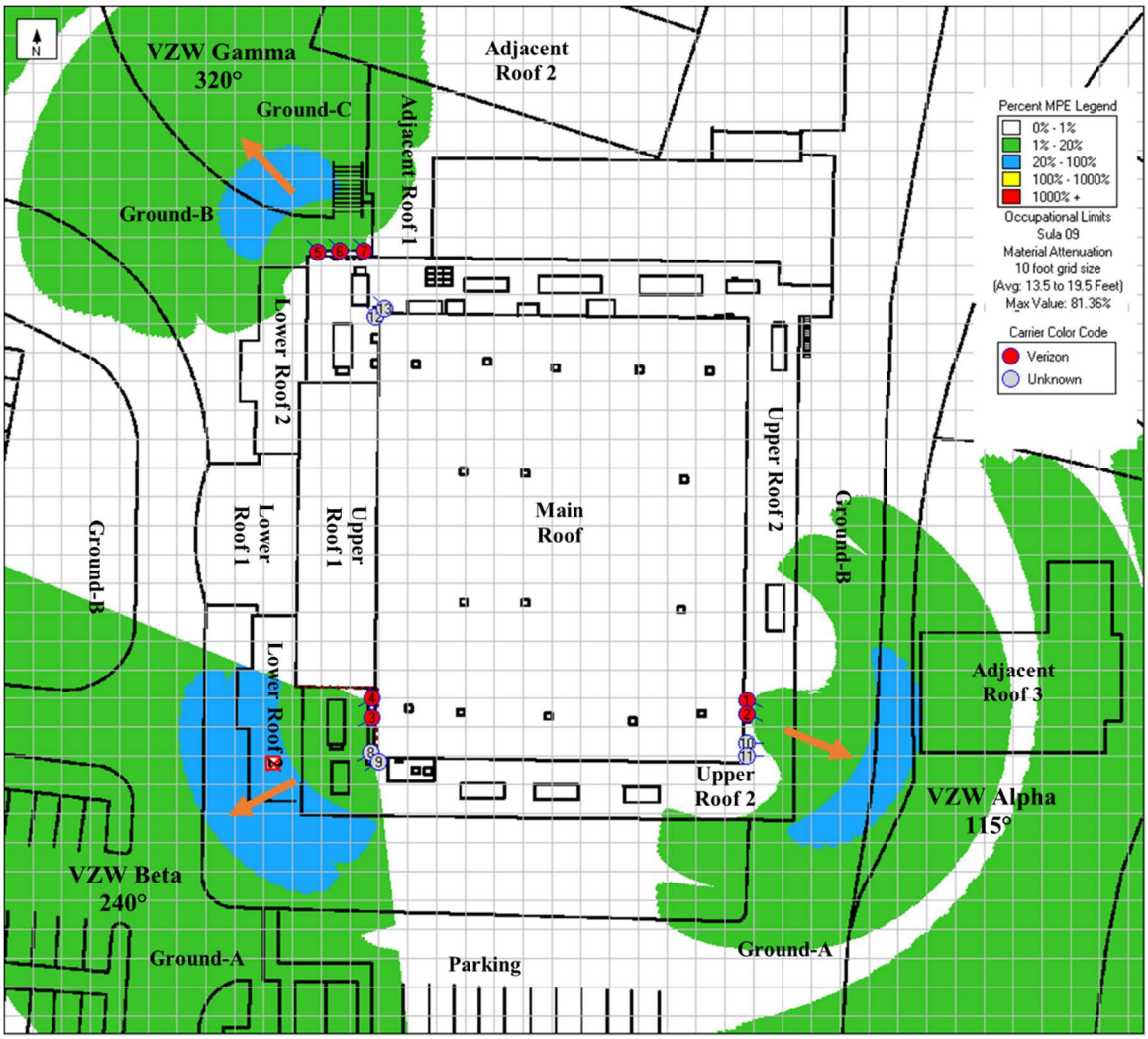
Reference Plane: Adjacent Roof 1 Level

Reference Plane: Upper Roof 2 Level

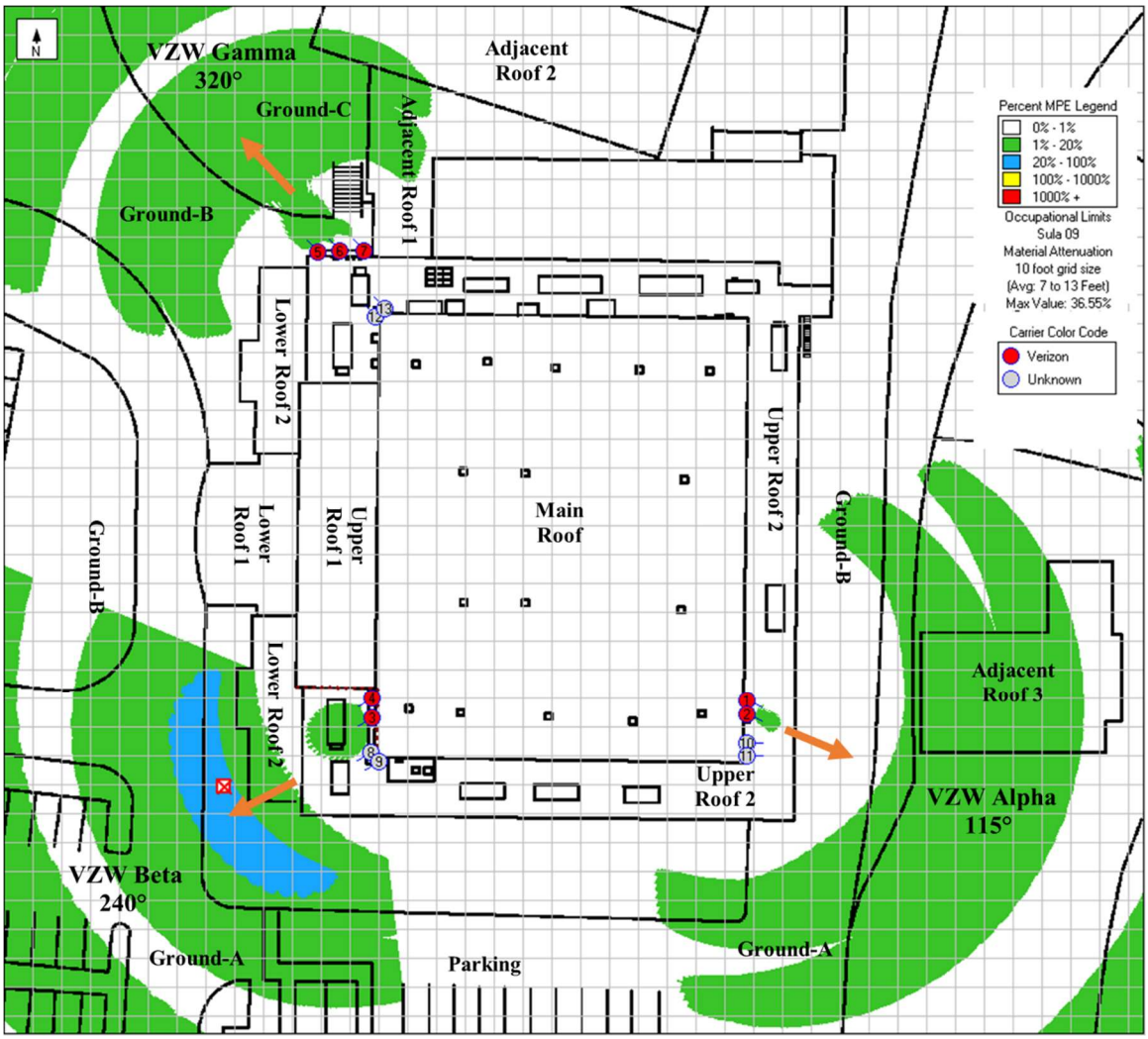
Reference Plane: Lower Roof 1 Level



Reference Plane: Lower Roof 2 Level



Reference Plane: Adjacent Roof 3 and Ground-C Levels



Reference Plane: Ground-B Level

5 Signage/ Mitigation

5.1 Signage/ Barrier Detail

Final Compliant Configuration							
	GUIDELINES	NOTICE	CAUTION	WARNING	NOC INFO	BARRIER/MARKER	
Access Point(s)	☒ [2] *	☐ [ ]	☐ [ ]	☐ [ ]	☒ [2] *	☐	
Alpha	☐ [ ]	☐ [ ]	☒ [6] **	☐ [ ]	☐ [ ]	☒	24'x 18' Barrier 25'x 5' Marker
Beta	☐ [ ]	☐ [ ]	☒ [2] **	☐ [ ]	☐ [ ]	☒	22' Barrier
Gamma	☐ [ ]	☐ [ ]	☐ [ ]	☐ [ ]	☐ [ ]	☐	

NOTE: The table represents either the signage/barriers installed / removed OR items required by the market (if mitigation is not installed by consultant/vendor).

** These RF signs should be posted at the base of the two Access Ladders to the Main Roof and Upper Roof 2. (See drawing in Section 5.2)*

*** These RF signs should be posted on the Barrier and on the Marker. (See drawing in Section 5.2)*

Specialty Sign Detail

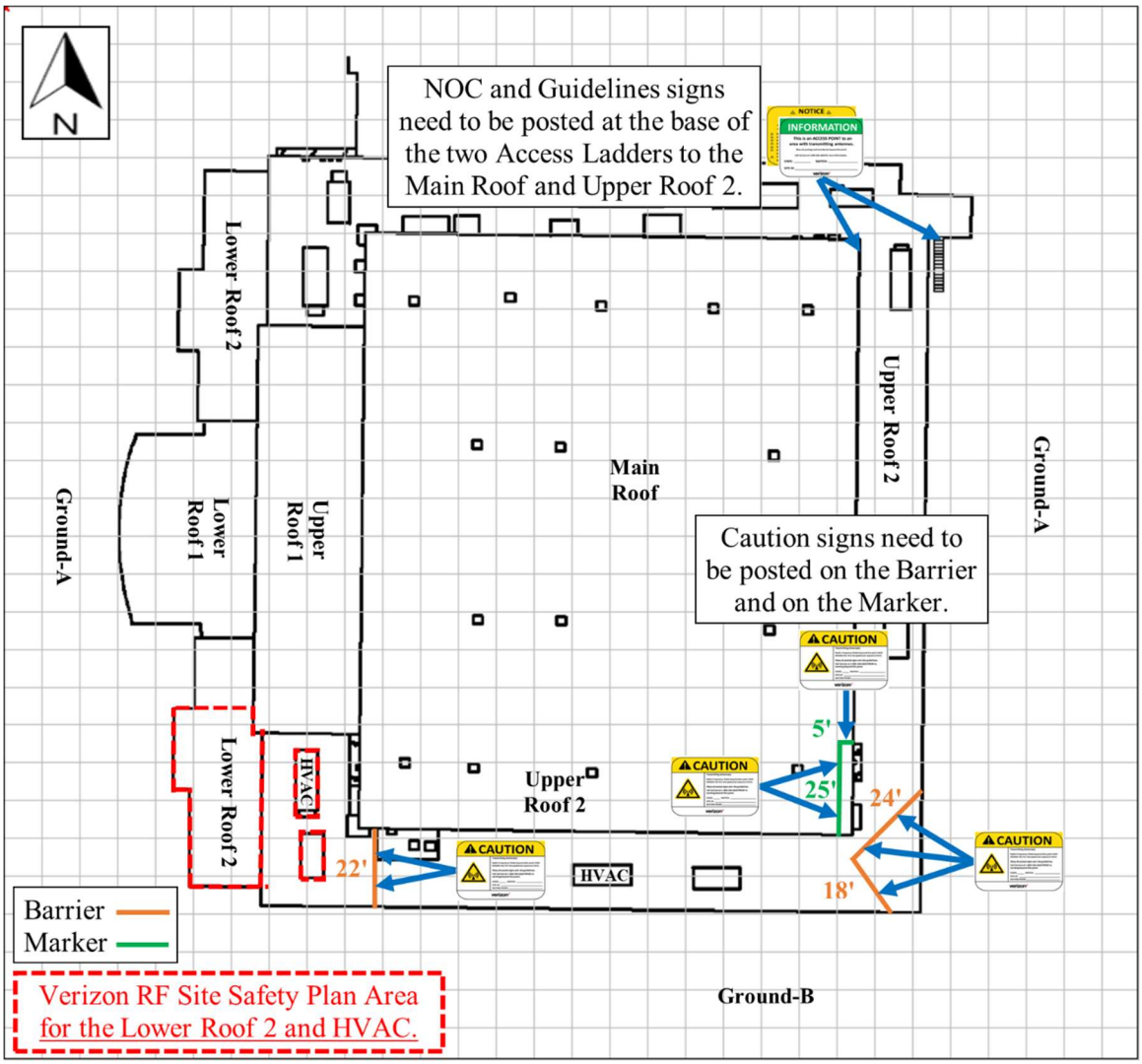
Location	N/A
Access Point	N/A
Alpha	N/A
Beta	N/A
Gamma	N/A

NOTE: The tables above represent EXISTING compliance items implemented at this location.

Notes/ Additional Compliance Requirements(s):
Mitigation is required per the Signage/ Barrier Diagram. RF Safety Plan Coordinate with co-locator to bring the site into Compliance.

Table 2: Mitigation Requirements for Compliance

5.2 Signage/ Barrier Diagram



6 Conclusions and Recommendations

- The results of the analysis indicate that the power density levels in the generally accessible areas on the **Main Roof** Level will exceed the FCC's MPE limit for General Population and Occupational.
- The results of the analysis indicate that the power density levels in the generally accessible areas on the **Adjacent Roof 2** and **Upper Roof 1** Levels will not exceed the FCC's MPE limit for General Population.
- The results of the analysis indicate that the power density levels in the generally accessible areas on the **Adjacent Roof 1** Level will not exceed the FCC's MPE limit for General Population.
- The results of the analysis indicate that the power density levels in the generally accessible areas on the **Upper Roof 2** Level will exceed the FCC's MPE limit for General Population and Occupational.
- The results of the analysis indicate that the power density levels in the generally accessible areas on the **Lower Roof 1** Level will not exceed the FCC's MPE limit for General Population.
- The results of the analysis indicate that the power density levels in the generally accessible areas on the **Lower Roof 2** Level will not exceed the FCC's MPE limit for General Population. Notice that the **Lower Roof 2** is considered generally inaccessible. However, this area might be accessible in case of maintenance. Therefore, Safety Plan Area is required.
- The results of the analysis indicate that the power density levels in the generally accessible areas on the **Adjacent Roof 3** and **Ground-C** Levels will not exceed the FCC's MPE limit for General Population.
- The results of the analysis indicate that the power density levels in the generally accessible areas on the **Ground-B** Level will not exceed the FCC's MPE limit for General Population.
- The maximum theoretical % MPE is **1684.43%** directly in front of the antenna beams at the **Adjacent Roof 1** Level. Notice that the power density levels will exceed the FCC's MPE limit for General Population, Occupational, and 10x the Occupational MPE limit in front of the antennas which it is not generally accessible area.
- The Verizon sectors contributes more than 5% to the areas in front of Co-Locator antennas. Hence, Verizon shares responsibility with Co-Locator to bring this area to be in compliance.
- NOC and Guidelines signs need to be posted at the base of the two Access Ladders to the Main Roof and Upper Roof 2.

  Note: Modifications to the site; and/or increases in channel counts or power levels exceeding those listed in this report will require additional evaluation to determine compliance.

7 Appendix A: FCC Compliance and RF Safety Policies

In August of 1997, the FCC published OET Bulletin 65 Edition 97-01 to regulate methods for evaluating compliance with FCC guidelines for human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) electromagnetic fields. The FCC guidelines for human exposure to RF electromagnetic fields incorporate two categories of limits; namely "Controlled" (a.k.a. Occupational) and "Uncontrolled" (a.k.a. General Public). The guidelines offer suggested methods for evaluating fixed RF transmitters to ensure that the controlled and uncontrolled limits deemed safe by the FC for human exposure are not exceeded.

OET Bulletin 65 recommended guidelines are intended to allow an applicant to "make a reasonably quick determination as to whether a proposed facility is in compliance with the limits." In addition, the guidelines offer alternate supplementary considerations and procedures such as field measurements and more detailed analysis that should be used for multiple emitter situations.

These guidelines define RF as emissions in the frequency range of 300 kHz to 100 GHz. The FCC define Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) limits within this frequency range based on limits recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurement, the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE), and by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI).

The specific MPE limits defined by the FCC are as follows:

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure				
Frequency Range [MHz]	**Electric Field Strength (E) [V/m]**	**Magnetic Field Strength (H) [A/m]**	**Power Density (S) [mW/Cm^2]**	**Averaging Time |E|^2, |H|^2 or S [minutes]**
0.3 - 3.0	614	1.63	100*	6
3.0 - 30	1842/f	4.89/f	900/f^2*	6
30 - 300	61.4	0.163	1	6
300 - 1,500	-	-	f/300	6
1,500 - 100,000	-	-	5	6

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
Frequency Range [MHz]	**Electric Field Strength (E) [V/m]**	**Magnetic Field Strength (H) [A/m]**	**Power Density (S) [mW/Cm^2]**	**Averaging Time |E|^2, |H|^2 or S [minutes]**
0.3 - 3.0	614	1.63	100*	30
3.0 - 30	842/f	2.19/f	180/f^2*	30
30 - 300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300 - 1,500	-	-	f/1500	30
1,500 - 100,000	-	-	1	30

f = frequency *Plane-wave equivalent power density

The FCC states that "Occupational/ Controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for Occupational/ Controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where Occupational/ Controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure."

For General Population/ Uncontrolled limits, the FCC states that "General Population/ Uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not fully be aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure."

For purposes of this analysis, all limits are evaluated against the Power Density limits.

Typical guidelines for determining whether Occupational/ Controlled limits can be applied include ensuring the environment (such as a rooftop) as limited/controlled access via locked doors or physical barrier that are preferably controlled by a landlord that is aware of the situation and can inform anyone going through the locked door of the existence of the RF emissions. Such notification/awareness is typically accomplished by means of signage on the door, or other access to the area of concern, as well as signage on or near the antennas. Examples of such signs include the following:

GUIDELINES	NOTICE	CAUTION	WARNING
This sign will inform anyone of the basic precautions to follow when entering an area with transmitting radiofrequency equipment.	This sign indicates that RF emissions may exceed the FCC General Population MPE limit.	This sign indicates that RF emissions may exceed the FCC Occupational MPE limit.	This sign indicates that RF emissions may exceed at least 10x the FCC Occupational MPE limit.
			

NOC INFORMATION	
Information signs are used as a means to provide contact information for any questions or concerns. They will include specific cell site identification information and the Verizon Wireless Network Operations Center phone number.	

Standards for when to use each of the above signs for Occupational situations are as follows:

No sign required: <20% of Occupational MPE
Blue Sign, Notice: 20% to <100% of MPE
Yellow Sign, Caution: 100% to <1000% of MPE
Red Sign, Warning: ≥1000% of MPE

All MPE references are to the FCC Occupational limits.

8 Appendix B: Overview of RoofMaster® Functions and Assumptions

RoofMaster® is a RF Compliance software package designed to enable the analysis, assessment and mitigation of communications sites with respect to human exposure to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields.

RoofMaster® was developed in 2008 by Waterford Consultants to support compliance assessments performed at single and multi-operator wireless locations throughout North America and has been in service since 2008. Real-world experience in evaluating thousands of base station installations is reflected in the RoofMaster® design approach. This document provides a guide for creating simulations of RF hazard conditions through the characterization of antenna systems and site features and through FCC-specified computational analysis.

On any structure, one may encounter antennas installed by wireless service providers, public safety and other FCC-licensed and unlicensed operators. Siting constraints have resulted in diverse and complex environments accessible to people performing a variety of activities around these antennas. RoofMaster® supports the characterization of these locations to convey important information regarding RF sources and accessible areas necessary to evaluate the potential for human exposure to hazardous levels of RF energy.

RoofMaster® supports the depiction of communications sites through the display of construction drawing or aerial photography image files as well as providing line drawing tools. These representations are scalable to enable the modeling of any location.

RoofMaster® utilizes a three-dimensional spatial framework consisting of a 1000 x 1000 grid with unlimited vertical dimensions necessary for the positioning of antennas and modeling of RF conditions at each grid point throughout the space. Predictive analysis is performed on a study plane at a specified elevation. The subsequent sections of this guide provide the steps necessary to create a site representation and conduct these studies.

RoofMaster® employs several power density prediction models based on the computational approaches set forth in the Federal Communications Commission's Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields, OET Bulletin 65. This guideline utilizes several antenna and operational parameters in calculating the power density contributions from each emitter at specified points throughout the study space. RoofMaster® enables antennas to be fully defined in site specific aspects as well as through the use of a library of manufacturer data. The parameters include:

§ Antenna model
§ Radiation patterns
§ Aperture length
§ Gain
§ Beamwidth
§ Antenna radiation center
§ Azimuth
§ Mechanical downtilt
§ Location
§ Frequency
§ Power into antenna

In OET-65, the Cylindrical Model is presented as an approach to determine the spatially averaged power density in the near field directly in front of an antenna. In order to implement this model in all directions, RoofMaster® utilizes the antenna manufacturer horizontal pattern data. Additionally, RoofMaster® incorporates factors that reduce the power density by the inverse square of horizontal and vertical distance beyond the near field region.

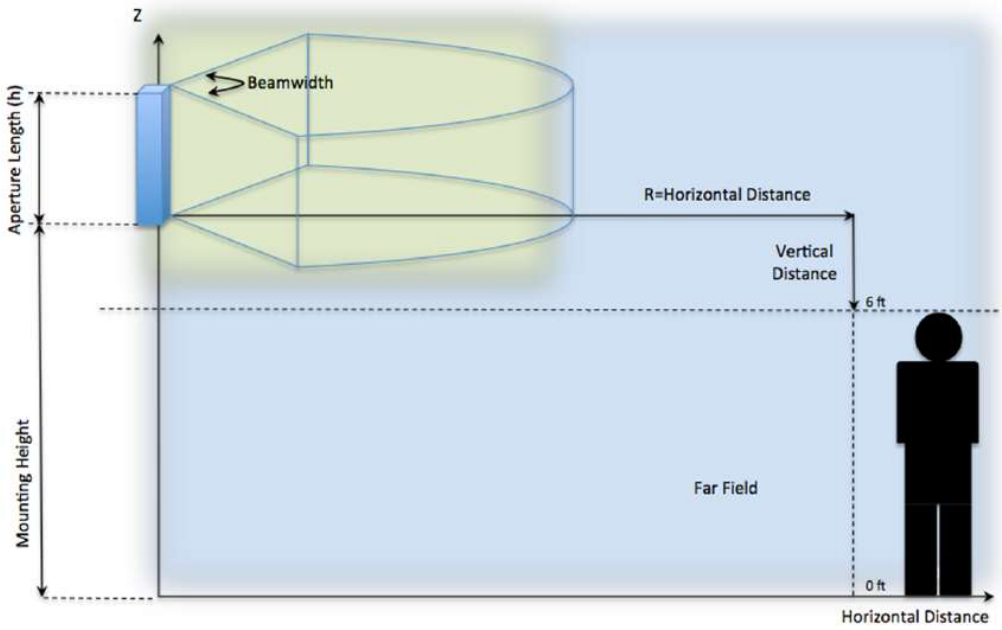
Power density is calculated as follows:

$$S = \left(\left(\frac{360}{Beamwidth} \right) \frac{P_{in} G_H H_r V_r}{2\pi Rh} \right) \frac{\mu W}{cm^2}$$

- S is the spatially averaged power density value
- R is the horizontal distance meters to the study point
- h is the aperture length in meters
- P_{in} is power into the antenna input port in Watts

RoofMaster® Implementation:

- G_H is gain offset to study point as specified in manufacturer horizontal pattern
- P_{in} is adjusted by the portion of the antenna aperture in the 0-6 ft. vertical study zone
- H_r accounts for $1/R^2$ Far Field roll off which starts at 2*h
- V_r accounts for 1/ (vertical distance)^2 roll off from antenna bottom to the top of the 0-6 ft. study zone (or antenna top to bottom of 0-6 ft. study zone)


Z
Beamwidth
Aperture Length (h)
R=Horizontal Distance
Vertical Distance
6 ft
Mounting Height
Far Field
0 ft
Horizontal Distance

9 References

FCC (1997). "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields"; Federal Communications Commission; Office of Engineering and Technology, OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01, August.

Waterford Consultants, LLC (2008). RoofMaster® User Guide, Waterford Consultants, LLC.

10 Limited Warranty

Pramira, Inc. warrants that this analysis was performed in good faith using the methodologies and assumptions covered in this report and that data used for the analysis and report were obtained by Pramira, Inc. employees or representatives via site surveys or research of Verizon's available information. In the event that specific third-party details were not available, best efforts were made to use assumptions that are based on industry experience of various carriers' standards without violating any confidential information obtained under non-disclosure terms.

Pramira, Inc. also warrants that this analysis was performed in accordance with industry acceptable standards and methods.

There are no other warranties, express or implied, including but not limited to, the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, relating to this agreement or to the services rendered by Pramira hereunder. In no event shall Pramira be held liable to Verizon, or to any third party, for any indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages, including but not limited to loss of profits, loss of data, loss of good will, and increased expenses. In no event shall Pramira be liable to Verizon for damages, whether based in contract, tort, negligence, strict liability, or otherwise, exceeding the amount payable hereunder for the services giving rise to such liability.