



#### **TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA**

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Mr. Michael Collins *Mayor* 

Mr. David Sherf Vice Mayor

#### Councilmembers

Mr. Jerry Bien-Willner Mr. Paul Dembow

Mrs. Mary Hamway Mr. Mark Stanton

Mrs. Maria Syms

Mr. Kevin Burke Town Manager

Prepared by: Finance Department

Dawn Marie Buckland, Director of Administration and Government Affairs Christine Covell-Granberg, CFE, CPA, Senior Financial/Management Analyst Carl Muntz, Accounting Specialist Catherine McGovern, Accounting Specialist



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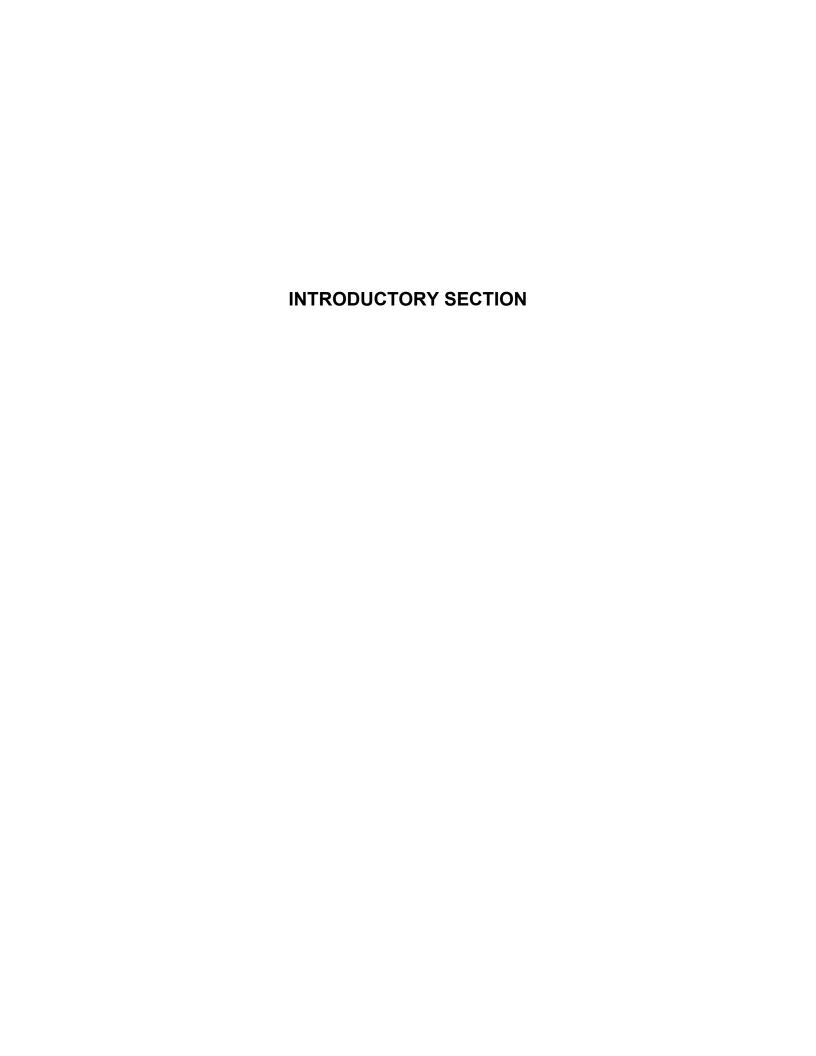
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December 5, 2016

The Honorable Mayor, Members of the Town Council, and Citizens of the Town of Paradise Valley, Arizona:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Town of Paradise Valley, Arizona (the "Town") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 is hereby submitted in accordance with State law (Arizona Revised Statutes 9-481). Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all information presented in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls designed both to protect the Town's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Town's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the Town of Paradise Valley, Arizona's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2016. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Town of Paradise Valley's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### **PROFILE**

Paradise Valley was incorporated in May 1961. The Town is centrally located in Maricopa County and is surrounded by the cities of Phoenix and Scottsdale. It has land area of approximately 17 square miles.

Paradise Valley is an Arizona municipal corporation, acting as a general law town as prescribed in the Arizona Revised Statutes. The Town government operates under the Council-Manager form of government. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in the Town Council, which consists of seven Council members. The Mayor is elected by voters to a two-year term and the six Council members are elected to staggered four-year terms.

The Town Council is responsible for, but not limited to, the adoption of local ordinances, the Town budget, the development of citizen advisory committees, and the appointment of the Town Manager and Town Attorney. The Town Manager is responsible for implementation of the policies of the Town Council and administering Town operations. The Town Manager appoints all positions except the Town Attorney and Municipal Judges.

The Town provides a limited range of services, including police protection, construction and maintenance of streets, and planning and building services. Fire protection services are provided through an intergovernmental agreement with the City of Phoenix. The City of Scottsdale provides wastewater treatment services through an intergovernmental agreement for approximately 60% of the geographic area of the Town. The City of Phoenix owns the sewer lines and provides sewer service to the remaining 40% of the geographic area of the Town. Water services are provided by the City of Phoenix and two private water companies. Solid waste services are provided by private companies. Ambulance service is provided by a private company.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Town's financial planning and control. The Town Council formally adopts the budget and legally appropriates available monies to the Town's various funds. Therefore, these funds have appropriated budgets, and budget to actual information is presented. Prior to the third Monday in July, the Town Manager presents the preliminary budget to the Town Council. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The preliminary budget sets the limit for expenditures during the fiscal year. A public hearing is held prior to the budget's final adoption.

The expenditure appropriations in the adopted budget are by department in the General Fund and by fund for all other funds. The maximum legal expenditure permitted for the fiscal year is the total budget as adopted. Departmental appropriations may be amended during the year. The Town Manager is responsible for developing and administering procedures to amend the budget. Management control of budgets is further maintained at a line item level within each department.

#### **FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION**

The information presented in the basic financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the Town operates.

#### Local Economy

The Town's resorts continue to re-invest in themselves to remain a desirable destination. Mountain Shadows and Cottonwoods resort hotel sites, are under redevelopment. The former Cottonwood site will reemerge in the late fall as the ANdAZ, Hyatt's highest-end product. Mountain Shadows is expected to open in the spring of 2017. Paradise Valley's newest resort, the Ritz-Carlton, broke ground and is expected to open in late 2018.

The construction industry impacts two revenue sources – construction sales tax and permit revenues. Fiscal year 2015-16 construction sales taxes of about \$3.2 million were slightly higher than the prior year.

Overall, we expect our most significant increases in revenues and expenditures alike to be driven by the new resorts, with an underlying slow, yet steady, economic recovery, which will result in increased consumer spending, sales tax revenues and construction activity.

#### **Operating Reserves**

The Town's Financial Policies are intended to help ensure the financial resiliency of the Town. Specifically, the operating budget contains two contingency provisions. The first is an operating contingency of about \$200,000 that was established when the FY 2015-16 budget was adopted. Per policy, this amount is established between 1% and 3% of the annual operating expenses and is funded from current revenues.

#### Major Initiatives

Fiscal Year 2015-16 was focused on the development of three major resorts, as well as coordinating supporting capital improvements. The Town also emphasized long term financial responsibility with efforts to minimize long term pension liabilities and a ten year needs assessment for the state-imposed expenditure limitation.

#### **NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET**

The fiscal year 2016-17 budget allocates resources toward several notable capital projects, including a public safety interoperable radio tower, and the design of Lincoln and Mockingbird Road improvements associated with the development of the Ritz Carlton project. The budget also allocates an additional \$1 million to pay down the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) unfunded liability, reducing the basis for a mandatory 8% assessment and ultimately saving tax payer dollars.

#### AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Paradise Valley for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This was the seventh year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department, particularly Christine Covell-Granberg, and through the competent service of our independent auditors. We also wish to express our sincere appreciation to the Town Council and the Town Manager for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial affairs of the Town in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully Submitted,

Sawn Marie Buckland

Dawn Marie Buckland

Director of Administration and Governmental Affairs



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

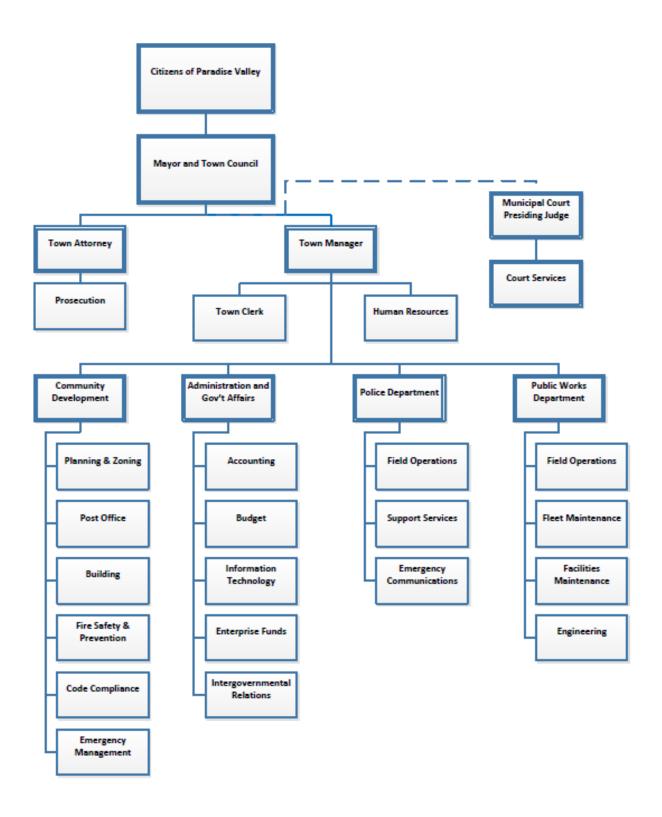
## Town of Paradise Valley Arizona

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

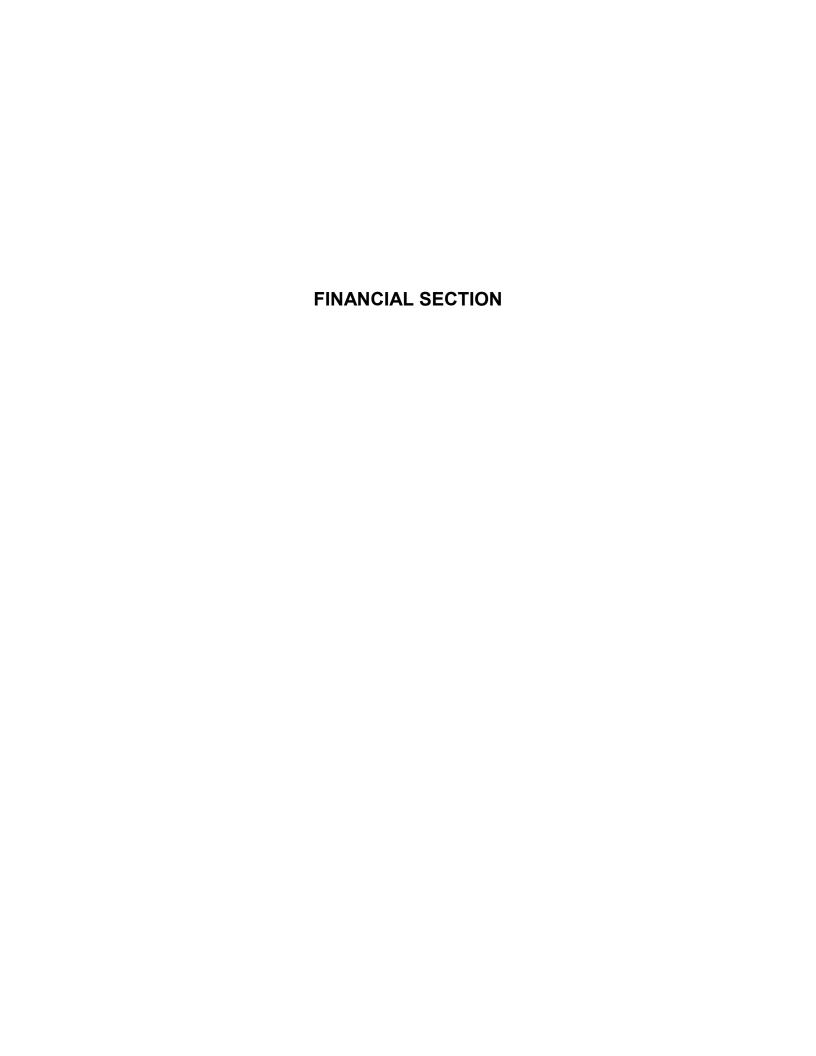
June 30, 2015

Executive Director/CEO

#### TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA ORGANIZATIONAL CHART JUNE 30, 2016











#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

The Honorable Mayor and Town Council Town of Paradise Valley, Arizona Paradise Valley, Arizona

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Paradise Valley, Arizona (the Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Paradise Valley, Arizona as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison schedules of the General Fund, HURF Fund and the Court Enhancement Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, pension schedules, and OPEB schedules on pages 9-18, 68-71, and 72-73, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Honorable Mayor and Town Council Town of Paradise Valley, Arizona

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Phoenix, Arizona December 5, 2016



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



This section of the Town of Paradise Valley's (the Town) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal and the basic financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal years 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year 2016 and 2015 by \$117.0 million and \$110.7 million (net position), respectively. Of these amounts, \$11.5 million and \$4.3 million (unrestricted net position), respectively, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- ◆ Total net position increased by \$6.2 million during fiscal year 2016 and increased \$4.5 million during fiscal year 2015.
- ♦ As of June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$41.0 million and \$29.8 million, respectively, which were comprised of nonspendable, restricted, assigned, and unassigned fund balances.
- ♦ At the close of fiscal year 2016, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$29.7 million, or 178% of actual operating expenditures. At the close of the fiscal year 2015, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$25.4 million, or 178% of operating expenditures.
- ◆ During fiscal year 2016, the Town's total bonded debt increased by \$6.6 million due to issuance of \$7,880,000 in new debt which was offset by scheduled debt payments.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to basic financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets, deferred outflows of resource, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported at the time the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as revenues pertaining to uncollected court fines and expenses pertaining to earned but unused vacation and sick leave.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town include basic services such as general government, public safety, and streets. The business-type activities of the Town include sewer, fire service, and alarm operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the Town itself (known as the primary government), but also two legally separate nonprofit entities: the Mummy Mountain Preserve Trust and the Paradise Valley Municipal Property Corporation (MPC). Although legally separate from the Town, these component units are blended with the primary government because of their governance or financial relationship to the Town.

The government-wide financial statements can be found beginning on page 19 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the Town's funds can be divided into the following two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in determining what financial resources are available in the near future to fund the Town's programs.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains several individual governmental funds organized according to their type (general fund, special revenue, debt service, and capital projects). Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Highway User Revenue Fund, Court Enhancement Fund, and Capital Projects Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a separate section of this report. The basic governmental fund financial statements begin on page 21 of this report.

*Proprietary Funds* – Proprietary funds are generally used to account for services for which the Town charges customers. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as shown in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The Town maintains only one type of proprietary fund – enterprise funds.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for the sewer, fire service, and alarm operations of the Town.

The proprietary fund financial statements begin on page 28 of this report.

#### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

The notes to basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to obtain a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements and should be read with the financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements begin on page 32 of this report.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Town's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. This information can be found beginning on page 68 of this report.

#### **Combining Statements**

The combining statements referred to earlier, in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

#### **Net Position**

While this document contains information about the funds used by the Town to provide services to our citizens, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities serve to provide an answer to the question of how the Town, as a whole, did financially throughout the year. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by the private sector. The basis for this accounting takes into account all of the current year revenues and expenses regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town's net position and the changes in net position. The change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether the financial position of the Town as a whole has improved or diminished. However, in evaluating the overall net position of the Town, non-financial information such as changes in the Town's tax base and the condition of the Town's capital assets will also need to be evaluated.

Net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Net position was \$117.0 million and \$110.7 million at the close of the fiscal year 2016 and 2015 respectively.

Table A-1
The Town's Net Position

	Governmental Activities					Business-Ty	ctivities	Total				
	2016		2015			2016	2015			2016		2015
ASSETS												
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 44,676,	696	\$	32,989,154	\$	2,465,074	\$	2,206,456	\$	47,141,770	\$	35,195,610
Non-Depreciable	43,234,	293		46,279,159		17,203,392		17,203,392		60,437,685		63,482,551
Depreciable (Net)	37,726,			34,025,811		10,735,082		11,193,436		48,461,646		45,219,247
Total Assets	125,637,	553	1	13,294,124	-	30,403,548		30,603,284		156,041,101		143,897,408
Deferred Outflows												
of Resources	5,895	523		5,267,918		-		-		5,895,523		5,267,918
LIABILITIES												
Other Liabilities Non-Current Liabilities:	2,733	931		2,429,748		1,430,235		1,206,852		4,164,166		3,636,600
Due Within One Year Due in More Than	1,594	484		1,799,666		437,429		916,325		2,031,913		2,715,991
One Year	37,405,	217		29,726,381		596,632		1,034,061		38,001,849		30,760,442
Total Liabilities	41,733,	632	- ;	33,955,795		2,464,296		3,157,238		44,197,928		37,113,033
Deferred Inflows												
of Resources	756,	726		1,318,629		_		_		756,726		1,318,629
Net Position Net Investment in												
Capital Assets	78,383,	694		79,895,872		26,904,413		26,446,442		105,288,107		106,342,314
Restricted	224,	308		53,739		-		-		224,308		53,739
Unrestricted	10,434,	716		3,338,007		1,034,839		999,604		11,469,555		4,337,611
Total Net Position	\$ 89,042,	718	\$	83,287,618	\$	27,939,252	\$	27,446,046	\$	116,981,970	\$	110,733,664

The largest portion of the Town's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure) less depreciation and any related debt used to acquire those assets, of \$105.3 million (90%) and \$106.3 million (96%) for the fiscal years 2016 and 2015, respectively. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for appropriation. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be liquidated for these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Town's net position, \$0.2 million (less than 1%) for fiscal year 2016 and \$54,000 (less than 1%) for fiscal year 2015, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position for fiscal years 2016 and 2015, \$11.5 million (10%) and \$4.3 million (4%) respectively, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of both the current and previous fiscal years, the Town was able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position for the government as a whole, as well as for the business-type activities.

#### **Changes in Net Position**

The Town's net position increased by \$6.2 million and \$4.5 million during the fiscal years 2016 and 2015, respectively. These changes are explained in the government and business-type activities discussion below.

Table A-2 Changes in Net Position

		Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities					Total			
	2016			2015		2016		2015		2016		2015	
REVENUES													
Program Revenues:													
Fees, Fines and Charges													
for Services	\$	6,927,949	\$	4,327,903	\$	5,551,992	\$	5,816,354	\$	12,479,941	\$	10,144,257	
Operating Grants and													
Contributions		1,121,420		874,773		-		-		1,121,420		874,773	
Capital Grants and													
Contributions		-		234,000		76,875		80,000		76,875		314,000	
General Revenues:													
Local Taxes		15,699,670		15,602,093		-		-		15,699,670		15,602,093	
State Shared Revenues		3,291,235		3,213,750		-		-		3,291,235		3,213,750	
Investment Income		274,390		91,159		22,032		6,349		296,422		97,508	
Total Revenues		27,314,664		24,343,678		5,650,899		5,902,703		32,965,563		30,246,381	
EXPENSES													
General Government		8,605,414		7,776,745		-		-		8,605,414		7,776,745	
Public Safety		9,054,408		8,745,404		-		-		9,054,408		8,745,404	
Highways and Streets		3,568,394		3,669,224		-		-		3,568,394		3,669,224	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		281,348		147,314		-		-		281,348		147,314	
Sewer System		-		-		2,185,714		2,324,369		2,185,714		2,324,369	
Fire Service		-		-		2,921,260		3,045,071		2,921,260		3,045,071	
Alarm Monitor System		-		-		100,719		59,277		100,719		59,277	
Total Expenses	_	21,509,564		20,338,687		5,207,693		5,428,717		26,717,257		25,767,404	
CHANGES IN NET POSITION													
BEFORE TRANSFERS		5,805,100		4,004,991		443,206		473,986		6,248,306		4,478,977	
Transfers		(50,000)		(48,076)		50,000		48,076		-			
OHANGES IN NET BOOKS		F 7FF 400		0.050.045		100.000		500.000		0.040.000		4 470 077	
CHANGES IN NET POSITION		5,755,100		3,956,915		493,206		522,062		6,248,306		4,478,977	
Net Position - Beginning of Year		83,287,618		79,330,703		27,446,046		26,923,984		110,733,664		106,254,687	
END OF YEAR	\$	89,042,718	\$	83,287,618	\$	27,939,252	\$	27,446,046	\$	116,981,970	\$	110,733,664	
	_		_						_		_		

Governmental Activities – In fiscal year 2016, governmental activities increased the net position of the Town by \$5.8 million. Total revenues increased \$3.0 million (12%) from fiscal year 2015. Local taxes increased by \$0.1 million (1%) primarily due to an improved economy which included increased consumer spending. Fines, fees, and charges for services increased \$2.6 million (60%) due to the implementation of traffic cameras that have increased the number of citations for the Town, further there was an increase of about \$0.2 million for operating grants and contributions as the Town received further grant funding related to the flood damages and other various items. A transfer from the governmental activities to the business-type activities was similar to prior year as there was no need to further transfer funds for debt purposes.

State shared revenues increased approximately \$77,485 (2%) compared to fiscal year 2015. The increase was largely due to an increase in urban revenue sharing funding and state sales tax funding.

Capital grants and contributions decreased \$0.2 million due to \$234,000 received for the Court Enhancement Fund not occurring again for the current fiscal year.

Expenses increased \$1.2 million, or 6%. Public Safety spending increased by \$0.3 million primarily due to an increase in photo enforcement fee charges as the Town has had a significant increase in the number of citations, which increases the cost of the photo radar services. The General Government increase was largely due to undergrounding expenses, not considered capital, in the amount of \$0.8 million. Decrease in Highway and Streets (\$0.1 million) was due to less street maintenance projects being funded from the HURF resources.

Business-Type Activities – Business-type activities increased the Town's net position by \$0.5 million in fiscal year 2016. Income from operations decreased \$0.3 million and expenses decreased by a similar amount of \$0.2 million. Overall decrease was due to less customers within the sewer and fire services.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – Funds are created and segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. Activity not required to be reported in a separate fund is included in the General Fund.

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of resources that are available for spending. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The major governmental funds reported by the Town include the General Fund, Highway User Revenue Fund (HURF), Court Enhancement Fund, and Capital Projects Fund.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$41.0 million, an increase of \$11.2 million, or a 38% increase in comparison with the prior year. The combined ending fund balances for fiscal year 2015 were \$29.8 million.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At June 30, 2016, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$29.7 million, or 72% of the combined governmental fund balance. The unassigned fund balance of the General Fund at June 30, 2015 was \$25.4 million, or 85% of the combined governmental fund balance. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare General Fund unassigned fund balance to General Fund expenditures. The General Fund unassigned balance of \$29.7 million represents 178% of General Fund expenditures.

The General Fund fund balance increase of \$4.1 million from fiscal year 2015 is the result of increased revenues in sales taxes, state shared revenues, and fines and forfeitures. Sales tax revenue increased \$0.1 million due to an increase in economic conditions and consumer spending. Fines and Forfeitures increased \$1.5 million due to an increase in court cases filed. Licenses and Permits increased \$0.6 million due to the Town experiencing more construction that requires permits and fees. Additionally, expenditures increased from the prior year by \$2.4 million. That increase was mostly due to merit pay increases as well as a prepayment of the 2017 required contribution to the public safety personnel retirement system in fiscal year 2016, in addition to the increase in processing fees for new citations that have occurred from the additional traffic cameras. The excess of revenues over expenditures was offset by transfers totaling \$4.8 million in order to pay for related HURF expenditures and capital projects.

The Highway User Revenue Fund (HURF) is used to account for the state shared revenues restricted for street and highway purposes. The fund balance at June 30, 2016 was \$0.2 million and was all assigned due to unspent transfers from the General Fund. The HURF Fund received a transfer of \$2.1 million from the General Fund to supplement the cost of street improvement projects.

The Court Enhancement Fund increased \$0.4 million as due to the Town's implementation of additional traffic cameras resulting in an increase in citations. The ending fund balance of \$0.2 million, was reported as restricted as it is for court enhancement purposes. In the prior year the fund balance was negative however due to an increase in fine and forfeitures allocated the fund the deficit has been recovered.

The Capital Projects Fund increased \$7.5 million as there were numerous capital projects occurring at the Town that had been previously planned. Overall, capital outlay expenditures totaled \$2.7 million during the year, which was partially offset by a transfer of \$2.7 million from the General Fund. However all the proceeds from the newly issued debt were also recorded under this fund for \$7.9 million as well as issuance costs of \$0.1 million and principal payments of \$0.2 million to pay off the outstanding note.

The nonmajor governmental funds reported a decrease in fund balance of \$1.0 million. This change was a result of the Debt Service Fund being included as non-major for the current year and related debt payments decreasing the overall fund balance for this classification.

*Proprietary Funds* – The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

At the end of the fiscal year, the unrestricted net position was a negative \$1.4 million for the Sewer System, \$1.8 million for the Fire Services and \$0.7 million for the Alarm Monitor System.

The total change in net position for the enterprise funds was a positive \$0.5 million for fiscal year 2016. The increase was primarily due to an increase in development fee revenue and a decrease in operating expenses.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The Town's annual budget is the legally adopted expenditure control document of the Town. The Town closely monitors its revenues, particularly local sales taxes, licenses and permits, state shared revenues and investment earnings, for any potential shortfall. Actual revenues of \$25.6 million exceeded the \$22.8 million final budget amount by \$2.8 million, or 12%. The \$2.8 million variance was mainly comprised of sales tax revenue, fines and forfeitures and licenses and permits exceeding budget. Sales tax revenue had a \$0.6 million positive variance with the budget due to changes in the economy that lead to greater than expected sales tax revenue. Fines and forfeitures had a positive variance with the final budget of \$0.6 million largely due to an increase in court cases filed and traffic light violations. Licenses and permits had a positive variance with the final budget of \$0.6 million due to an increase in filings for licenses and various permits. In addition to this other income exceed final budget by \$0.5 million due to the Town receiving funding from additional sources that were not expected during the budgeting process.

The \$16.7 million of actual expenditures were 94% of the final budget. All departments were under the final budget by a total of about \$1.0 million. Reasons for being under budget included salary savings from vacant positions.

Actual revenues exceeded expenditures by \$9.0 million which was better than the \$5.1 million excess reflected in the final revised budget. Again, the improved performance is the result of sales tax revenues explained previously.

Budgeted revenues increased \$0.4 million between the original and final budget due to an increase in sales tax revenue based on an increase in economic conditions. Budgeted expenditures increased \$44,000, however there were various shift in lines items between general government and public safety which netted this effect. Overall general government decreased \$0.6 million while public safety increased by \$0.6 million due to shifts in spending in needs for the year.

### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

The Town's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 amount to \$108.9 million and \$108.7 million, respectively (net of accumulated depreciation). The net increase in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) was \$0.2 million, due primarily to an increase in infrastructure from completed construction in progress which was offset by depreciation expense for the fiscal year. Capital assets include land and improvements, building and improvements, sewer systems, sewer capacity rights, vehicles, machinery and equipment, furniture and fixtures, and construction in progress.

For government-wide financial statement presentation, all depreciable capital assets were depreciated from acquisition date to the end of the current fiscal year. Fund financial statements record capital asset purchases as expenditures. See Note 3.A.4 to the Financial Statements for further information regarding capital assets. Table A-3 provides a summary of 2016 and 2015 assets, net of depreciation.

Table A-3
Capital Assets (Net)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total				
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015			
Land and Improvements	\$ 42,252,512	\$ 42,319,870	\$ 2,853,626	\$ 2,853,626	\$ 45,106,138	\$ 45,173,496			
Infrastructure	29,561,971	25,519,781	-	-	29,561,971	25,519,781			
Buildings and Improvements	4,049,803	4,333,794	3,818,709	3,997,114	7,868,512	8,330,908			
Sewer Capacity Rights	-	-	14,349,766	14,349,766	14,349,766	14,349,766			
Sewer System	-	-	6,800,469	6,974,296	6,800,469	6,974,296			
Machinery, Furniture and									
Fixtures, Equipment									
and Vehicles	3,435,740	3,425,828	115,904	222,026	3,551,644	3,647,854			
Construction In Progress	1,660,831	4,705,697			1,660,831	4,705,697			
Total Capital Assets	\$ 80,960,857	\$ 80,304,970	\$ 27,938,474	\$ 28,396,828	\$ 108,899,331	\$ 108,701,798			

The most significant capital asset acquisitions during the fiscal year were the completion of various assets in construction in progress such as 56<sup>th</sup> Street Improvements, Traffic Signal Upgrades, and Fixed License Plate Readers. Additionally, there are still many capital projects at various stages of construction at June 30, 2016. These projects include public safety tower, watershed studies, and further card reader projects.

#### **Debt Administration**

At the end of the fiscal years 2016 and 2015, the Town had total long-term obligations outstanding of \$12.4 million and \$6.6 million respectively. Of these amounts, \$11.2 million and \$4.7 million respectively are for the 2009 Municipal Property Corporation Excise Tax Refunding Bonds and 2016 Excise Tax Revenue Bond. The Town refunded its 1998 Municipal Property Corporation bonds and capital leases in fiscal year 2009 to take advantage of favorable interest rates. In fiscal year 2016, the Town issued new Excise Tax Revenue Bonds which totaled \$7,880,000 in order to fund the operations in the Capital Projects Fund. Additional information on the Town's long-term obligations can be found in Note 3.F. Long-term Obligations to the Financial Statements.

Table A-4
Outstanding Debt

	Governmen	tal A	Activities	Business-Ty	/pe /	Activities	Total				
	2016	2015		16 2015		2016		2015	2016		2015
Revenue Bonds	\$ 10,052,196	\$	3,086,443	\$ 987,804	\$	1,403,557	\$ 11,040,000	\$	4,490,000		
Bond Premium	101,718		135,625	46,257		61,676	147,975		197,301		
Note Payable	=		150,000	-		485,153	=		635,153		
Capital Lease	167,789		259,098	=		=	167,789		259,098		
Compensated Absences	1,070,033		974,586	_		_	1,070,033		974,586		
Total Outstanding Debt	\$ 11,391,736	\$	4,605,752	\$ 1,034,061	\$	1,950,386	\$ 12,425,797	\$	6,556,138		

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET**

The Town continues to maintain strong unassigned fund balances for unforeseen emergencies or opportunities. The Town's reserves, in combination with our consistent adherence to adopted financial policies and management practices, were a factor in the Town's Aaa issuer credit rating awarded by Moody's Investor Services. The Town has significant cash reserves in the fiscal year 2016-17 operating budget.

The FY 2016-17 budget forecast assumes the economy will continue its improvement. Budgeted operating revenues total \$25.8 million.

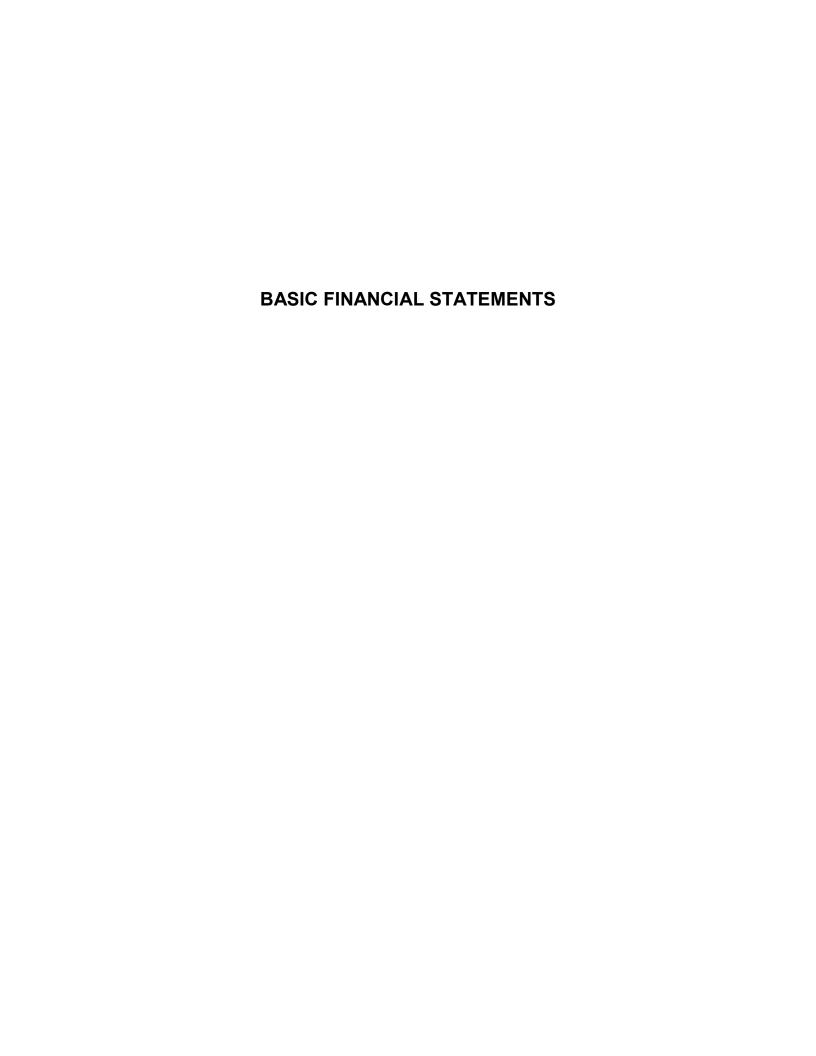
A FY 2016-17 budget operating expense total \$21.0 million (excluding contingencies). A transfer of \$3.0 million will be made to the Capital Improvements Fund to pay for an aggressive capital improvement program.

#### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Director at:

Town of Paradise Valley 6401 E. Lincoln Drive Paradise Valley, AZ 85253 480-348-3555

Or visit our website at: http://www.paradisevalleyaz.gov/townhall





## TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	Primary Government						
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total				
ASSETS							
Cash and Investments	\$ 34,254,343	\$ 3,012,914	\$ 37,267,257				
Receivables, Net:							
Accounts Receivable	2,784,483	114,247	2,898,730				
Note Receivable	18,346	-	18,346				
Interest Receivable	56,120	-	56,120				
Prepaid Items	17,736	-	17,736				
Internal Activity	1,088,652	(1,088,652)	-				
Restricted Cash and Investments	6,457,016	426,565	6,883,581				
Capital Assets:							
Non-Depreciable	43,234,293	17,203,392	60,437,685				
Depreciable (Net)	37,726,564	10,735,082	48,461,646				
Total Assets	125,637,553	30,403,548	156,041,101				
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES							
Deferred Outflow Related to Pension Liability	5,895,523	-	5,895,523				
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	1,425,747	312,320	1,738,067				
Accrued Wages and Benefits	263,229	-	263,229				
Interest Payable	97,074	21,603	118,677				
Intergovernmental Payable	1,226	-	1,226				
Customer Deposits Payable	889,582	60,459	950,041				
Unearned Revenue	57,073	1,035,853	1,092,926				
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Net Pension Liability	27,607,965	-	27,607,965				
Due Within One Year	1,594,484	437,429	2,031,913				
Due in More Than One Year	9,797,252	596,632	10,393,884				
Total Liabilities	41,733,632	2,464,296	44,197,928				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred Inflow Related to Pension Liability	756,726		756,726				
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	78,383,694	26,904,413	105,288,107				
Restricted for:							
Court Enhancement	161,585	-	161,585				
Special Projects	62,723	-	62,723				
Unrestricted	10,434,716	1,034,839	11,469,555				
Total Net Position	\$ 89,042,718	\$ 27,939,252	\$ 116,981,970				

#### TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Program Revenues					Ne	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
								Primary Government					
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Fees, Fines and Charges for Services	G	Operating trants and entributions	•	al Grants and ributions	(	Governmental Activities		iness-Type Activities		Total	
Primary Government:													
Governmental Activities:													
General Government	\$ 8,605,414	\$ 6,845,255	\$	105,379	\$	-	\$	(1,654,780)			\$	(1,654,780)	
Public Safety	9,054,408	82,694		187,183		-		(8,784,531)				(8,784,531)	
Highways and Streets	3,568,394	-		828,858		-		(2,739,536)				(2,739,536)	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	281,348			- 1 101 100				(281,348)				(281,348)	
Total Governmental Activities	21,509,564	6,927,949		1,121,420		-		(13,460,195)				(13,460,195)	
Business-Type Activities: Sewer System	2,185,714	2,250,608				76,875			\$	141,769		141,769	
Alarm Monitor System	100,719	199,750		<u>-</u>		70,073			Φ	99,031		99,031	
Fire Service	2,921,260	3,101,634		_		_				180,374		180,374	
Total Business-Type Activities	5,207,693	5,551,992		<u>_</u>		76,875				421,174		421,174	
Totals	\$ 26,717,257	\$ 12,479,941	\$	1,121,420	\$	76,875	_	(13,460,195)		421,174	_	(13,039,021)	
Totals	Ψ 20,717,237	Ψ 12,479,941	Ψ	1,121,420	Ψ	10,013		(13,400,193)		421,174		(13,039,021)	
		General Revenue											
		Taxes:											
		Sales Taxes						14,553,528		_		14,553,528	
		Franchise Ta	ixes					1,146,142		_		1,146,142	
		State Revenue		ng				1,543,526		-		1,543,526	
		State Sales Tax						1,217,296		-		1,217,296	
		Auto Lieu Tax I	Reven	ue Sharing				530,413		-		530,413	
		Investment Inc	ome					274,390		22,032		296,422	
		Transfers						(50,000)		50,000			
		Total Genera			ansfers			19,215,295		72,032		19,287,327	
		Change in Net Po						5,755,100		493,206		6,248,306	
		Net Position - Be		g				83,287,618		27,446,046		110,733,664	
		Net Position - En	ding				\$	89,042,718	\$ 2	27,939,252	\$ 1	116,981,970	

#### TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

400570	General Fund		Highway er Revenue Fund	Enl	Court nancement Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
ASSETS	A 07 050 050	•	570 447	•	044.000	<b>#</b> 0 000 000	<b>6.0057.404</b>	<b>0.4.054.040</b>
Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Receivables, Net:	\$ 27,650,858 889,316	\$	572,447 -	\$	844,608 -	\$ 2,829,026 5,470,626	\$ 2,357,404 97,074	\$ 34,254,343 6,457,016
Accounts Receivable	2,698,737		76,569		1,661	-	7,516	2,784,483
Note Receivable	18,346		_		-	-	-	18,346
Interest Receivable	56,120		-		-	-	-	56,120
Due from Other Funds	1,049,618		-		-	39,034	-	1,088,652
Advances to Other Funds	680,000		-		-	-	-	680,000
Prepaid Items	11,208		6,528		_	-	-	17,736
Total Assets	\$ 33,054,203	\$	655,544	\$	846,269	\$8,338,686	\$ 2,461,994	\$ 45,356,696
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$ 721,205	\$	451,609	\$	4,684	\$ 248,249	\$ -	\$ 1,425,747
Accrued Wages and Benefits	236,745	,	26,484	•	-	-	-	263,229
Interest Payable	, -		-		-	-	97,074	97,074
Intergovernmental Payable	-		-		-	1,226	-	1,226
Unearned Revenue	40,570		-		-	, -	16,503	57,073
Advances from Other Funds	-		-		680,000	-	-	680,000
Customer Deposits Payable	775,088		-		-	114,494	-	889,582
Total Liabilities	1,773,608		478,093		684,684	363,969	113,577	3,413,931
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable Revenues	904,608		_		_	-	<u>-</u>	904,608
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Fund Balances: Nonspendable:								
Prepaid Items Advances to Other Funds Note Receivable	11,208 680,000 18,346		6,528 -		-	-	-	17,736 680,000 18,346
Restricted	10,340		-		161,585	5,470,626	62,723	5,694,934
	=		170,923		101,365	2,504,091	2,285,694	4,960,708
Assigned Unassigned	29,666,433		170,923		-	2,304,091	2,205,094	29,666,433
<u> </u>			477.454		101 505	7.074.747	0.040.447	
Total Fund Balances	30,375,987		177,451		161,585	7,974,717	2,348,417	41,038,157
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources								
and Fund Balances	\$ 33,054,203	\$	655,544	\$	846,269	\$8,338,686	\$ 2,461,994	\$ 45,356,696

#### TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ 41,038,157

Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:

Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:

Land	\$ 41,573,462
Construction in Progress	1,660,831
Land Improvements	2,037,352
Infrastructure	37,408,384
Buildings and Improvements	9,526,653
Machinery, Equipment, and Vehicles	 8,551,647
Total Capital Assets	 100,758,329
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 (19,797,472)

80,960,857

Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts, that were not available to finance current financial resources.

904,608

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Deferred	outflows of resources related to pensions	
Deferred	inflows of resources related to pensions	

5,895,523 (756,726)

Long-term liabilities that pertain to governmental funds, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported in the statement of net position.

Revenue Bonds	(10,052,196)
Bond Premium	(101,718)
Net Pension Liability	(27,607,965)
Capital Leases	(167,789)
Compensated Absences	(1,070,033)

(38,999,701)

Total Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 89,042,718

## TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	General Fund	Highway User Revenue Fund	Court Enhancement Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Sales Taxes	\$ 14,553,528	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,553,528
Franchise Taxes	1,146,142	-	-	-	-	1,146,142
Intergovernmental Revenue	3,511,001	828,858	-	-	53,948	4,393,807
Fines and Forfeitures	3,113,031	-	584,230	-	-	3,697,261
Licenses and Permits	2,071,846	-	-	-	-	2,071,846
Charges for Services	261,829	-	-	-	-	261,829
Rents and Royalties	159,360	-	=	-	=	159,360
Contributions and Donations	-	_	-	-	18,848	18,848
Investment Income	265,832	-	6,176	2,371	11	274,390
Other	560,621	-	-	-	-	560,621
Total Revenues	25,643,190	828,858	590,406	2,371	72,807	27,137,632
Expenditures: Current:						
General Government	7,622,446	-	127,184	-	44,665	7,794,295
Public Safety	8,953,435	-	-	-	19,158	8,972,593
Highways and Streets	-	2,786,005	=	=	· =	2,786,005
Debt Service:		,,				,,
Principal Retirement	91,309	_	_	150,000	914,247	1,155,556
Interest on Long-Term Debt	8,014	-	18,688	-	162,856	189,558
Issuance Costs	_	_	-	125,697	-	125,697
Capital Outlay	_	_	_	2,737,601	_	2,737,601
Total Expenditures	16,675,204	2,786,005	145,872	3,013,298	1,140,926	23,761,305
Excess (Deficiency) of						
Revenues Over Expenditures	8,967,986	(1,957,147)	444,534	(3,010,927)	(1,068,119)	3,376,327
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers In	-	2,100,000	=	2,681,485	49,570	4,831,055
Transfers Out	(4,831,485)	_	-	(49,570)	-	(4,881,055)
Issuance of Long-Term Debt	-	-	-	7,880,000	-	7,880,000
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)	(4,831,485)	2,100,000		10,511,915	49,570	7,830,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	4,136,501	142,853	444,534	7,500,988	(1,018,549)	11,206,327
Fund Balance:	00 000 400	04.500	(000.040)	470 700	2 202 222	20.024.022
Beginning of Year	26,239,486	34,598	(282,949)	473,729	3,366,966	29,831,830
End of Year	\$ 30,375,987	\$ 177,451	\$ 161,585	\$ 7,974,717	\$ 2,348,417	\$ 41,038,157

## TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Net Change in Fund Balances-Total Governmental Funds 11,206,327 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. **Expenditures for Capital Assets** 2,604,936 Depreciation Expense (1,949,049)655,887 Accounts receivables, net of allowance, recorded as revenue in the government-wide statement of net position, but not yet available. Accounts Receivables - June 30, 2015 727,576 Accounts Receivables - June 30, 2016 904,608 177,032 Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures when made. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the cost of benefits earned, adjusted for member contributions, the recognition of changes in deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions, and the investment experience. Pension Contributions 3.507.627 Pension Expense (3,005,789)501,838 The governmental funds report bond proceeds as financing sources, while repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities and repayment of principal reduces the liability. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows: Note Payable 150,000 Capital Lease 91,309 **Bond Premium** 33,907 **Bonds Pavable** 914,247 Proceeds from Bond Issuance (7.880.000)(6,690,537)In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). During fiscal year 2016, compensated absence payable changed. (95,447)Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities 5,755,100

# TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 14,650,000	\$ 15,050,000	\$ 15,699,670	\$ 649,670
Intergovernmental Revenue	3,293,200	3,293,200	3,511,001	217,801
Fines and Forfeitures	2,498,400	2,498,400	3,113,031	614,631
Licenses and Permits	1,454,000	1,454,000	2,071,846	617,846
Charges for Services	265,600	265,600	261,829	(3,771)
Rents and Royalties	132,000	132,000	159,360	27,360
Investment Income	75,000	75,000	265,832	190,832
Other	80,000	80,000	560,621	480,621
Total Revenues	22,448,200	22,848,200	25,643,190	2,794,990
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General Government				
Mayor and Council	145,510	157,010	153,757	3,253
Tourism and Promotion	1,230,626	1,205,426	1,205,426	-
Town Manager	812,638	777,194	772,240	4,954
Town Attorney	592,374	641,697	628,711	12,986
Municipal Court	620,191	628,272	623,589	4,683
Public Works	1,477,447	1,440,683	1,284,701	155,982
Community Development	1,254,755	1,207,034	1,202,981	4,053
Finance	2,094,432	2,027,993	1,751,041	276,952
Contingency	530,000	74,124	-	74,124
Total General Government	8,757,973	8,159,433	7,622,446	536,987
Public Safety				
Police	8,892,679	9,446,897	8,953,435	493,462
Debt Service				
Principal Retirement	85,060	85,060	91,309	(6,249)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	14,262	14,262	8,014	6,248
Total Expenditures	17,749,974	17,705,652	16,675,204	1,030,448
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over Expenditures	4,698,226	5,142,548	8,967,986	3,825,438
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out		(5,650,000)	(4,831,485)	818,515
Net Change in Fund Balance	4,698,226	(507,452)	4,136,501	4,643,953
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of Year	_	_	26,239,486	26,239,486
End of Year	\$ 4,698,226	\$ (507,452)	\$ 30,375,987	\$ 30,883,439
LING OF TOOL	Ψ +,030,220	ψ (301,432)	Ψ 50,515,501	Ψ 50,000,408

# TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL HIGHWAY USER REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	800,000	\$	800,000	\$	828,858	\$	28,858
Expenditures: Current: Highways and Streets		2,870,275		2,889,399		2,786,005		103,394
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(2,070,275)		(2,089,399)		(1,957,147)		132,252
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In				2,100,000		2,100,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,070,275)		10,601		142,853		132,252
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year End of Year	\$	(2,070,275)	\$	- 10,601	\$	34,598 177,451	\$	34,598 166,850

# TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL COURT ENHANCEMENT FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		ginal and	Variance with			
	Fin:	al Budget	Actual	Final Budget		
Revenues:						
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	391,500	\$ 584,230	\$	192,730	
Investment Income		-	6,176		6,176	
Total Revenues		391,500	590,406		198,906	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government		132,500	127,184		5,316	
Debt Service:						
Principal Payment		90,000	_		90,000	
Interest on Long-Term Debt		18,688	18,688		_	
Total Expenditures		241,188	145,872	95,316		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
Expenditures		150,312	444,534		294,222	
Fund Balance						
Beginning of Year		_	(282,949)		(282,949)	
End of Year	\$	150,312	\$ 161,585	\$	11,273	

#### TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Business-Type Activities								
	Sewer	Fi	re Service	N	lonmajor iness-Type Alarm		Totals		
Assets	Jewei		ie oeivice		Alaitii		Totals		
Current Assets									
Cash and Investments	\$ -	\$	2,319,604	\$	693,310	\$	3,012,914		
Restricted Cash and Investments	426,565	*	_,0 .0,00 .	*	-	*	426,565		
Receivables, Net	-,						.,		
Accounts Receivable	64,351		49,027		869		114,247		
Total Current Assets	490,916	•	2,368,631	•	694,179		3,553,726		
Noncurrent Assets									
Capital Assets									
Non-Depreciable	14,349,766		2,853,626		-		17,203,392		
Depreciable (Net)	6,800,451		3,934,631		-		10,735,082		
<b>Total Noncurrent Assets</b>	21,150,217		6,788,257		-		27,938,474		
Total Assets	21,641,133		9,156,888		694,179		31,492,200		
Liabilities									
Current Liabilities									
Accounts Payable	297,830		14,490		-		312,320		
Interest Payable	21,603		, -		-		21,603		
Due to Other Funds	1,088,652		_		-		1,088,652		
Unearned Revenue	395,976		635,570		4,307		1,035,853		
Customer Deposits Payable	60,459		_		-		60,459		
Bonds Payable	437,429		-		-		437,429		
Total Current Liabilities	2,301,949		650,060		4,307		2,956,316		
Noncurrent Liabilities									
Bonds Payable	596,632						596,632		
Total Liabilities	2,898,581		650,060		4,307		3,552,948		
Net Position									
Net Investment in Capital Assets	20,116,156		6,788,257		-		26,904,413		
Unrestricted	(1,373,604)		1,718,571		689,872		1,034,839		
Total Net Position	\$ 18,742,552	\$	8,506,828	\$	689,872	\$	27,939,252		

## TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Business-Type Activities							
	Nonmajor							_
					Business-Type			
	Sewer		Fire Service		Alarm			Totals
Operating Revenues								
Charges for Services	\$	2,120,654	\$	3,101,634	\$	199,750	\$	5,422,038
Operating Expenses								
Cost of Sales and Services		1,755,962		2,486,751		11,919		4,254,632
Administrative Charges		130,000		150,000		88,800		368,800
Depreciation		250,720		284,509				535,229
Total Operating Expenses		2,136,682		2,921,260		100,719		5,158,661
Operating Income (Loss)		(16,028)		180,374		99,031		263,377
Nonoperating Revenues (Expense)								
Development Fees		129,954		_		_		129,954
Investment Earnings		, <u>-</u>		16,962		5,070		22,032
Interest Expense		(49,032)		, -		, -		(49,032)
Total Nonoperating Revenues		, , ,						, ,
(Expenses)		80,922		16,962		5,070		102,954
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		64,894		197,336		104,101		366,331
Capital Contributions		76,875		_		_		76,875
Transfers In				50,000				50,000
Changes in Net Position		141,769		247,336		104,101		493,206
Total Net Position, Beginning of Year		18,600,783		8,259,492		585,771		27,446,046
Total Net Position, End of Year	\$	18,742,552	\$	8,506,828	\$	689,872	\$	27,939,252

#### TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
		Nonmajor					
			Business-Type				
	Sewer	Fire Service	Alarm	Totals			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Receipts from Customers	\$ 2,167,095	\$ 3,136,607	\$ 200,012	\$ 5,503,714			
Payments to Suppliers	(1,598,156)	(2,491,798)	(12,019)	(4,101,973)			
Administrative Charges	(130,000)	(150,000)	(88,800)	(368,800)			
Customer Deposits	3,699			3,699			
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	442,638	494,809	99,193	1,036,640			
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING							
ACTIVITIES							
Cash Received from Interfund Borrowing	438,991	-	-	438,991			
Transfers In	-	50,000	-	50,000			
Development Fees	129,954	-	-	129,954			
Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	568,945	50,000	-	618,945			
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED							
FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Principal Paid on Capital Debt	(900,906)	-	-	(900,906)			
Interest Paid on Capital Debt	(72,765)	-	-	(72,765)			
Net Cash Flows from Capital and Related							
Financing Activities	(973,671)	-	-	(973,671)			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Investment Income		16,962	5,070	22,032			
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS	37,912	561,771	104,263	703,946			
Cash and Investments - Beginning of Year	388,653	1,757,833	589,047	2,735,533			
CASH AND INVESTMENTS - END OF YEAR (Including							
\$426,565 of Restricted Cash in the Sewer Fund)	\$ 426,565	\$ 2,319,604	\$ 693,310	\$ 3,439,479			

#### TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund							
	Nonmajor							
						iness-Type		
		Sewer	Fir	re Service		Alarm		Totals
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(16,028)	\$	180,374	\$	99,031	\$	263,377
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to								
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:								
Depreciation		250,720		284,509		-		535,229
Change in Assets and Liabilities:								
Receivables, Net		2,680		3,036		621		6,337
Accounts Payable		157,806		(5,047)		(100)		152,659
Unearned Revenue		43,761		31,937		(359)		75,339
Customer Deposits Payable		3,699		-		-		3,699
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	442,638	\$	494,809	\$	99,193	\$	1,036,640

#### NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The Town amortized \$15,419 of bond premiums in the Sewer Fund during the fiscal year.

The Town received \$76,875 in capital contributions related to the Sewer Fund



#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Town of Paradise Valley, Arizona (Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). A summary of the Town's more significant accounting policies follows.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application; GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68; and GASB Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. GASB Statement No. 72 establishes standards for measuring fair value and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. GASB Statements No. 73 and 82 amended GASB Statement No. 68 requirements related to note disclosures for pension related required supplementary information and payables to defined benefit pension plans. GASB Statement No. 76 establishes the hierarchy of sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Town is a municipal government that is governed by a separately elected governing body. It is legally separate from and fiscally independent of other state and local governments. The accompanying financial statements present the Town and its component units, entities for which the Town is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the Town's operations.

Included within the reporting entity:

MPC Debt Service Fund. The MPC Debt Service Fund consists of the Paradise Valley Municipal Property Corporation (PVMPC) of which the board of directors consists of seven members who are appointed by the Town Council. The PVMPC, which is a nonprofit corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Arizona, was formed for the sole purpose of assisting the Town in obtaining financing for various projects of the Town. The Town has an obligation for the repayment of the Paradise Valley Municipal Property Corporation's bonds.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

The Mummy Mountain Preserve Trust. The Mummy Mountain Preserve Trust (MMPT) board of trustees consists of five members who are appointed by the Town Council. The MMPT was created for charitable purposes as defined in the Internal Revenue Code section 501(c)(3). The Town established and created beneficial interest in the MMPT to acquire, maintain, preserve and protect in perpetuity undeveloped real property and developed real property that can be returned to its natural state, and interests therein, including scenic and conservation easements, on and around the Mummy Mountain Preserve in the Town of Paradise Valley. The Town Council authorized the Town Manager and appropriate officers of the Town to have operational responsibility over MMPT by executing an agreement between the Town and MMPT to provide in-kind and direct expenditures for support services to the MMPT, including but not limited to the accounting, legal, clerical, property maintenance and management, insurance, real estate transaction expense, promotional, donor and trust estate costs. The Mummy Mountain Preserve Trust cannot be part of another financial reporting entity.

Separate financial statements are not issued for the component units.

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements except for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the consolidation. *Governmental activities* are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial* resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting, except expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recorded only when payment is due. However, since debt service resources are provided during the current year for payment of general long-term principal and interest due early in the following year, the expenditures and related liabilities have been recognized in the Debt Service Fund.

Intergovernmental grants and aid, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund - The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Highway User Revenue Fund - The Highway User Revenue Special Revenue Fund accounts for the Town's share of restricted motor fuel tax revenues and lottery proceeds.

Court Enhancement Fund - The Court Enhancement Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for court funds received to improve the Town court.

Capital Projects Fund – The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

Sewer System Fund - The Sewer System Fund accounts for the costs to operate, construct and finance the Town's sewer system.

Fire Service Fund - The Fire Service Fund accounts for the costs to operate fire services for the Town.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, for governmental activities the Town uses restricted resources first, when appropriate, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

## D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Equity

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash and investments held by the State Treasurer, and highly liquid investments with maturities of three years or less from the date of acquisition.

Cash and investments are pooled except for funds required to be held by fiscal agents or restricted under provisions of bond indentures. State statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, certificates of deposit in eligible depositories, repurchase agreements, obligations of the State of Arizona or any of its counties or incorporated cities, towns or duly organized school districts, improvement districts in this state and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool.

#### 2. Receivables

All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible.

#### 3. Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, individual funds within the Town's pooled cash accounts may borrow money from the other funds within the pool on a short-term basis. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet of the fund financial statements and are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

The Town also reports advances to and advances from other funds on the balance sheet of the fund financial statements for long-term interfund borrowings between funds (more than a year).

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Equity

#### 4. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Town recognizes the expense/expenditure in the government-wide and fund financial statements at the time the benefit is received and not at the time of the outlay.

#### 5. Restricted Cash and Investments

The Town reports restricted cash in the Debt Service Fund and Sewer Fund for cash held with a paying agent. The Town also reports restricted cash and investments in the General Fund and Sewer Fund for customer deposits and unspent sewer development fees, respectively.

#### 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets (including property, plant, and equipment) are reported in the governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The Town defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are recorded at fair value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance is expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements

Land Improvements

Sewer Lines

Infrastructure

Machinery, Furniture, Equipment and Vehicles

25 Years

50 Years

30-50 Years

5 to 20 Years

#### 7. Deferred Outflows of Resources

The Town recognizes the consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period as deferred outflows of resources. Reported amounts are related to the requirements of accounting and financial reporting for pensions.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Equity (Continued)

#### 8. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements consist of unpaid, accumulated leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

#### 9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary type statement of net position. Bond premiums are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the bond premium. Bond issuance costs are expensed.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 10. Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS) and Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) and additions to/deductions from ASRS/PSPRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by ASRS/PSPRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Equity (Continued)

#### 11. Deferred Inflows of Resources

The deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental fund financial statements represent resources that are not available to the Town as of June 30, 2016 or within 60 days of fiscal year end. The deferred inflows of resources represent a reconciling item between the governmental fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements.

The Town also recognizes the acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period as deferred inflows of resources. Reported amounts are related to the requirements of accounting and financial reporting for pensions

#### 12. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is reported in three categories: Net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The net investment in capital assets is separately reported because these assets are not available for future spending. Restricted net position account for the portion of net position restricted by parties outside the Town. Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position not included in the previous two categories.

#### 13. Fund Balance Classifications

Fund balances of the governmental funds are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on the use of those resources. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

The nonspendable fund balance classification include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form such as inventories, advances to other funds, other long-term notes receivable, and prepaid items, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balances are those that have externally imposed restrictions on its usage by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations.

Committed fund balances are self-imposed limitations approved by the Town Council through ordinance, which is the highest level of decision-making authority within the Town. Only the Town Council can remove or change the constraints placed on committed fund balances through formal resolution. Fund balances must be committed before the end of the fiscal year.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Equity (Continued)

#### 13. Fund Balance Classifications (Continued)

Assigned fund balances are resources constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Town Council has authorized the Town Manager or his designee to make assignments of resources for specific purposes.

The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all amounts not reported in the other classifications. Also, deficits in fund balances of the other governmental funds are reported as unassigned. It is the Town's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then committed, assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts. The Town has also established a fund balance policy whereas the unassigned fund balance in the operating budget be equal to at least 90%, and not more than 110% of expenditures.

#### NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Budgetary Information

The Town Council follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- In accordance with Arizona Revised Statutes, the Town Manager submits a
  proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1 to the Town
  Council. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of
  financing them for the upcoming year.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comment.
- 3. State law requires that, prior to April 1, the Economic Estimates commission provides the Town with a final expenditure limit for the coming fiscal year. To ensure compliance with the expenditure limitation, a uniform expenditure report must be filed with the State each year. This report, issued under a separate cover, reconciles total Town expenditures from the audited financial statements to total expenditures for reporting in accordance with the State's uniform expenditure reporting system (A.R.S. §41-1279.07).
- 4. By Arizona Constitution, expenditures may not legally exceed the expenditure limitation described below for all fund types as a whole. For management purposes, the Town adopts a budget by department for the General Fund and in total by fund for other funds (except for the Mummy Mountain Preserve Trust Fund).

#### NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

#### A. Budgetary Information (Continued)

5. Legal budgets are adopted for all funds on essentially the same modified accrual basis of accounting used to record actual revenues and expenditures with the exception of the Mummy Mountain Trust and Debt Service Nonmajor Governmental Funds in which an adopted budget is not prepared.

The Town is subject to the State of Arizona's Spending Limitation Law for Towns and Cities. This law does not permit the Town to spend more than budgeted revenues plus the carryover unrestricted cash balance from the prior fiscal year. The limitation is applied to the total of the combined funds. The Town complied with this law during the year.

#### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Assets

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments at June 30, 2016 consist of the following:

Deposits:	
Cash on Hand	\$ 9,097
Cash in Bank	11,923,087
Investments:	
U.S. Treasury Bonds	10,483,503
Federal Agency Bonds	12,140,405
Money Market Funds	5,609,698
State Treasurer's Investment	3,985,048
Total Cash and Investment	44,150,838
Less: Restricted Cash and Investments	(6,883,581)
Total Cash and Equivalents	\$ 37,267,257

#### **Deposits**

The Town's deposits at June 30, 2016 had a carrying balance of \$11,923,087 and a bank balance of \$10,900,778. Of the bank balance, \$289,398 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$10,611,380 was covered by collateral held by the Town's custodial bank in the Town's name. Therefore, the Town's deposits were not exposed to any custodial credit risk.

#### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### A. Assets (Continued)

#### 1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

#### <u>Investments</u>

The State Investment Board provides oversight for the State Treasurer's pools, and the Local Government Investment Pool Advisory Committee provides consultation and advice to the Treasurer. The fair value of a participant's position in the pool approximates the value of that participant's pool shares. The shares are not identified with specific investments and are not subject to custodial credit risk. All other investments of the Town are uninsured and unregistered with the securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the Town's name.

At year end, the Town's investments consisted of the following:

	Fair Value Measurements Using						
		Quoted Prices	Significant				
		in Active	Other	Significant			
		Markets for	Observable	Observable			
		Identical Assets	Inputs	Inputs			
	6/30/2016	(Level I)	(Level II)	(Level III)			
Investments by fair value level							
Debt Securities							
U.S. Treasury Bonds	\$ 10,483,503	\$ 10,483,503	\$ -	\$ -			
Federal Agency Bonds	12,140,405		12,140,405				
Total Investments by fair value level	22,623,908	\$ 10,483,503	\$ 12,140,405	\$ -			
Investments measured at fair value							
State Treasurer's Investment	3,985,048						
Total investments measured at fair value	26,608,956	_					
Investments measured at		_					
amortized cost							
Money Market Funds	5,609,698	_					
Total Investments:	\$ 32,218,654	- =					

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. In accordance with the Town's investment policy, the Town manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting its investments to U.S. government securities with maturities of less than three years. The table on the following page summarizes the Town's interest rate risk, based on maturity dates of various instruments:

#### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### A. Assets (Continued)

#### 1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

		Less than	Less than					
Investment Type		0-6 Months		6-12 Months		12+ Months		Total
U.S. Treasury Bonds	\$	-	\$	3,184,992	\$	7,298,511	\$	10,483,503
Federal Agency Bonds		-		-		12,140,405		12,140,405
Money Market Funds		5,609,698		-		-		5,609,698
State Treasurer's Investment		3,985,048		_				3,985,048
Total Investments	\$	9,594,746	\$	3,184,992	\$	19,438,916	\$	32,218,654

Credit Risk – The Town limits its investments to the State Treasurer's Investment Pool and Federal Agency Securities. The investment in the money market is on hand at the end of the fiscal year in order to make the required principal and interest payments on outstanding bonds. The funds are on deposit with a trustee for less than one month and do not pose a credit risk to the Town. The Town's investments consist of only the State Treasurer's Investment Pool, US Treasury Bonds and Federal Agency Securities. The Town's investment rating based on investment type is shown below:

Investment Type	Rating	Agency	Amount
U.S. Treasury Bonds	AA+/Aaa	S&P/Moody's	\$ 10,483,503
Federal Agency Bonds	AA+/Aaa	S&P/Moody's	12,140,405
Money Market Funds	AAAm/NR	S&P/Moody's	5,609,698
State Treasurer's Investment	AAA	Moody's	3,985,048
			\$ 32,218,654

Concentration of Credit Risk - The Stadium District places no limit on the amount the Town may invest in any one investment type. See table summarizing the Town's investment percentages:

		Percent of Town
Investment Type	Amount	Investments
U.S. Treasury Bonds	\$ 10,483,503	32.54%
Federal Agency Bonds	12,140,405	37.68%
Money Market Funds	5,609,698	17.41%
State Treasurer's Investment	3,985,048	12.37%
	\$ 32,218,654	100.00%

#### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### A. Assets (Continued)

#### 2. Restricted Cash and Investments

Restricted cash and investments at June 30, 2016 consist of the following:

	Go	overnmental	Business-Type			
		Activities		Activities		Total
Cash with Paying Agent	\$	97,074	\$	21,603	\$	118,677
Sewer Impact Fees		-		344,503		344,503
Unspent Bond Proceeds		5,470,626		-		5,470,626
Customer Deposits		889,316		60,459		949,775
Total	\$	6,457,016	\$	426,565	\$	6,883,581
Sewer Impact Fees Unspent Bond Proceeds Customer Deposits	\$	5,470,626 889,316		344,503 - 60,459		344,503 5,470,620 949,775

#### 3. Receivables

Court fines of the General Fund are recorded net of uncollectible amounts. The allowance for uncollectible accounts at June 30, 2016 included the court receivable (\$343,923) and sales tax (\$99,780), all other receivables are deemed to be collectible.

Receivables consist of the following:

				Court			
			En	hancement		Nonmajor	
	General	HURF		Fund	G	overnmental	Total
Office of the State Treasurer:							
Highway User Revenue	\$ -	\$ 76,569	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 76,569
State Sales Tax	104,064	-		-		-	104,064
Town Sales Tax	1,478,100	-		-		-	1,478,100
County Treasurer:							
Auto Lieu Tax	26,427	-		-		-	26,427
Franchise Fees:							
Arizona Pubic Service	152,470	-		-		-	152,470
Cox Cable	61,519	-		-		-	61,519
Southwest Gas	26,431	-		-		-	26,431
Court Receivable	781,642	-		1,661		-	783,303
Grant Receivable	-	-		-		7,516	7,516
Sales Tax Audit	468,450	-		-		-	468,450
Miscellaneous	43,337	-		-		-	43,337
Less: Allowance for							
Uncollectibles	(443,703)	-		-		-	(443,703)
Total	\$ 2,698,737	\$ 76,569	\$	1,661	\$	7,516	\$ 2,784,483
Note Receivable	\$ 18,346	\$ -	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 18,346
Interest	\$ 56,120	\$ -	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 56,120

#### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### A. Assets (Continued)

#### 3. Receivables (Continued)

The Sewer System, Fire Service Fee, and Alarm Monitor System Enterprise Funds reported accounts receivable, net of the allowance for uncollectible (\$31,035 in the Sewer Fund, \$12,139 in the Fire Service Fund, and \$625 in Alarm Fund) of \$64,351, \$49,027 and \$869 due from residents, respectively.

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred inflows of resources and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Ur	navailable	Unearned		
General Fund		_			
Court Fines Receivable	\$	437,719	\$	-	
Sales Tax Receivable		368,670		-	
Grants Receivable		98,219		-	
Miscellaneous Unearned		-		40,570	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds					
Grants Receivable				16,503	
	\$	904,608	\$	57,073	

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#### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### A. Assets (Continued)

#### 4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:	Balarice	Increases	Decreases	Balarice
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 41,573,462	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 41,573,462
Construction in Progress	4,705,697	1,955,105	(4,999,971)	1,660,831
Total Capital Assets, Net				
Being Depreciated	46,279,159	1,955,105	(4,999,971)	43,234,293
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	2,023,760	13,592	-	2,037,352
Infrastructure	32,602,244	4,806,140	-	37,408,384
Buildings and Improvements	9,503,545	23,108	-	9,526,653
Machinery, Equipment, and Vehicles	8,155,014	806,962	(410,329)	8,551,647
Total Capital Assets, Being				
Depreciated	52,284,563	5,649,802	(410,329)	57,524,036
Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Land Improvements	(1,277,352)	(80,950)	=	(1,358,302)
Infrastructure	(7,082,463)	(763,950)	-	(7,846,413)
Buildings and Improvements	(5,169,751)	(307,099)	=	(5,476,850)
Machinery, Equipment, and Vehicles	(4,729,186)	(797,050)	410,329	(5,115,907)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(18,258,752)	(1,949,049)	410,329	(19,797,472)
Total Capital Assets, Being				
Depreciated, Net	34,025,811	3,700,753		37,726,564
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 80,304,970	\$ 5,655,858	\$ (4,999,971)	\$ 80,960,857

#### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### A. Assets (Continued)

#### 4. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,853,626	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,853,626
Sewer Capacity Rights	14,349,766			14,349,766
Total Capital Assets, Not				
Being Depreciated	17,203,392			17,203,392
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Sewer System	12,492,796	76,875	-	12,569,671
Buildings and Improvements	4,460,117	-	-	4,460,117
Machinery and Equipment	1,185,443	-	-	1,185,443
Furniture and Fixtures	35,081			35,081
Total Capital Assets,				
Being Depreciated	18,173,437	76,875	-	18,250,312
Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Sewer System	(5,518,500)	(250,702)	-	(5,769,202)
Buildings and Improvements	(463,003)	(178,405)	-	(641,408)
Machinery and Equipment	(980,300)	(101,183)	-	(1,081,483)
Furniture and Fixtures	(18,198)	(4,939)		(23,137)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(6,980,001)	(535,229)		(7,515,230)
Total Capital Assets, Being				
Depreciated, Net	11,193,436	(458,354)		10,735,082
Business-Type Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 28,396,828	\$ (458,354)	\$ -	\$ 27,938,474

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental	Activities:
0 10	

General Government	\$ 615,594
Public Safety	574,582
Highways and Streets	758,873
Total Depreciation Expense,	
Governmental Activities	\$ 1,949,049
Business-Type Activities:	
Sewer Fund	\$ 250,720
Fire Service Fund	284,509
Total Depreciation Expense,	
Business-Type Activities	\$ 535,229

#### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### **B.** Construction Commitments

At June 30, 2016, the Town has the following active construction commitments:

	Governmental						
Project	Remaining Spent-to-Date Commitme						
Public Safety Tower	\$	1,177,665	\$	1,506,675			
Watershed Studies		211,187		208,951			
Lincoln / Tatum Marquee		17,904		181,776			
Card Readers		176,737		1,871			
Bike Study		11,028		132,667			
Sewer Assessment		39,034		1,130,966			
52nd Street Improvements		26,904	4 8,083				
Total	\$	1,660,459					

#### C. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

	Transfers Out							
	Capital							
	General Projects							
Transfers In	Fund	Fund	Total					
HURF Fund	\$ 2,100,000	\$ -	\$ 2,100,000					
Capital Projects Fund	2,681,485	-	2,681,485					
Fire Service Fund	50,000	-	50,000					
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	-	49,570	49,570					
Total	\$ 4,831,485	\$ 49,570	\$ 4,881,055					

The transfer of \$2,100,000 from the General Fund to the HURF Fund was recorded to fund street projects. The transfer of \$2681,485 from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund was recorded to fund various capital projects being constructed by the Town. The transfer of \$50,000 from the General Fund to the Fire Service Fund was recorded to supplement the Fire Service Fund operations. The Capital Projects Fund transferred \$49,750 to the Nonmajor Governmental Funds to make the interest payment on the newly issued bonds.

#### D. Interfund Receivables/Payables

Short-term borrowings between funds are reported as due to/due from other funds and long-term borrowings between funds are reported as advances to and advances from other funds.

#### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### D. Interfund Receivables/Payables (Continued)

At June 30, 2016, the Town reported the following due to/due from other funds:

		Due From	
		Sewer	
Due To	Fund		
General Fund	\$	1,049,618	
Capital Projects Fund		39,034	
Total	\$	1,088,652	

The \$1,049,618 due from the Sewer Fund to the General Fund was for short-term borrowings to cover deficit cash in the Sewer Fund. The \$39,024 due from the Sewer Fund to the Capital Projects Fund was to fund the Sewer Assessment project.

Interfund advances for the year ended June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

	Adv	ance From		
		Court		
	Enhancement			
Advance To		Fund		
General Fund	\$	680,000		

The advance from the General Fund to the Court Enhancement Fund was recorded to advance the Court Enhancement Fund monies for the construction of a new court building. The advance will be repaid over a ten year period beginning July 1, 2013. The first principal payment was recorded during fiscal year 2014 and the current year principal payment was \$90,000. The interest rate is 2.50%. The Court Enhancement Fund paid a total of \$18,688 in interest on the advance during the current fiscal year.

#### E. Obligations Under Leases

#### **Capital Leases**

The Town has acquired various equipment and vehicles under the provision of long-term lease agreements classified as capital leases. The principal amount of the assets totaling \$853,230 is capitalized in the Governmental Activities, if it meets the Town's capitalization policy of \$5,000. The leases provide for bargain purchase options. The amortization of these assets is included in depreciation expense reported in the Government-wide financial statements in the Governmental Activities.

Covernmental

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	 Activities
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:	
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	\$ 853,230
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 (682,584)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 170,646

#### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### E. Obligations Under Leases (Continued)

The future minimum lease payments under the capital leases, together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2016, were as follows:

		Governmental Activities		
Year Ended June 30.				
2017	\$	99,323		
2018		74,492		
Total Minimum Lease Payments		173,815		
Less: Amount Representing Interest		(6,026)		
Present Value of Minimum Lease Amounts	\$	167,789		

#### F. Long-Term Obligations

The Town has long-term bonds payable issued to refund previous bonds used to provide funds for the acquisition of sewer capacity and to retire a capital lease used for the acquisition and construction of fire stations. Compensated absences are paid by the applicable fund where each employee is regularly paid, primarily the General Fund.

Bonds payable at June 30, 2016 consisted of the Municipal Property Corporation (MPC) Excise Tax Revenue Refunding bonds, Series 2009 and Excise Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2016. On February 27, 2016, the Town issued \$7,880,000 of Excise Tax Revenue Bonds at 1.69%. The Bonds have a maturity of January 1, 2024. The bonds are not subject to call. Interest is payable semiannually.

The Town has pledged future excise tax revenues, which include sales tax, franchise tax, General Fund intergovernmental revenues and business licenses, to repay \$11,055,000 in excise tax revenue refunding bonds and \$7,880,000 in excise tax revenue bonds issued during the fiscal year. The remaining principal balance is \$11,040,000. Proceeds from the MPC Excise Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2009 were used 32% to refund prior bonds in the Sewer Fund and 68% for refunding prior bonds and retiring debt on a capital lease in the governmental activities. The MPC bonds are payable from excise tax revenues transferred to the MPC Debt Service Fund in the governmental funds and developer fee revenues in the Sewer Fund through 2019. The newly issued bond proceeds were used to fund projects in the Capital Project Funds and the total proceeds were deposited to the associated fund. All payments however will be made through the Debt Service Fund. Total principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 10% of pledged revenues. Total remaining principal and interest required on the bonds is \$11,777,294, payable through 2024. In the current year, total principal and interest paid were \$1,557,307.

#### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### F. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

The Town had a long-term non-interest bearing note payable due to the City of Phoenix recorded in the governmental activities for the construction of a round-a-bout on McDonald Drive. The Town was to repay \$450,000 in three equal payments of \$150,000 through July 2015. The first payment was made in July 2013. The Town did not impute an interest rate as the effect would not materially affect the financial statements. As of June 30, 2016, the balances on the notes payable were paid off in full.

The Town had a long-term note payable recorded in the Sewer Enterprise Fund to fund the Sewer Capacity Rights purchased from the City of Scottsdale in fiscal year 2007. The Town secured the note by pledging the Town Hall as collateral, to repay \$4,049,066 in principal at 4.14% per annum. As of June 30, 2016, the note payable was paid in full.

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2016 are as follows:

		Beginning of Year	Additions			Retirements		End of Year	_	Due within One Year
Governmental Activities:										
Revenue Bonds	\$	3,086,443	\$	7,880,000	\$	(914,247)	\$	10,052,196	\$	927,995
Bond Premium		135,625		-		(33,907)		101,718		33,907
Note Payable		150,000		-		(150,000)		-		-
Capital Leases		259,098		-		(91,309)		167,789		94,603
Compensated Absences		974,586		723,541		(628,094)		1,070,033		537,979
Total Governmental				•						1
Activities	\$	4,605,752	\$	8,603,541	\$	(1,817,557)	\$	11,391,736	\$	1,594,484
Business-Type Activities:										
Revenue Bonds	\$	1,403,557	\$	-	\$	(415,753)	\$	987,804	\$	422,010
Bond Premium		61,676		-		(15,419)		46,257		15,419
Note Payable		485,153		-		(485,153)		-		-
Total Business-Type										
Activities	\$	1,950,386	\$		\$	(916,325)	\$	1,034,061	\$	437,429

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities
Years	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2017	\$ 927,995	\$ 204,980	\$ 422,005	\$ 32,655
2018	935,203	163,556	354,797	15,009
2019	1,123,998	74,368	211,002	3,956
2020	1,365,000	96,330	-	-
2021	1,390,000	72,840	-	-
2022-24	4,310,000	73,600		
Totals	\$ 10,052,196	\$ 685,674	\$ 987,804	\$ 51,620

#### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. Fund Balance

The following represents the classifications of the Town's fund balance for fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

		General Fund	Highway User Revenue Fund		Court Enhancement Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds		Totals
Nonspendable:											
Prepaids	\$	11,208	\$ 6,528	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,736
Advances to Other Funds		680,000	-		-		-		-		680,000
Notes Receivable		18,346	-		-		-		-		18,346
Restricted:											
Unspent Bond Proceeds		_	-		_		5,470,626		_		5,470,626
Contributions and							, ,				, ,
Donations		_	-		_		_		22,491		22,491
Court Enhancement		-	-		161,585		_		-		161,585
Mummy Mountain Trust		-	-		· -		_		40,232		40,232
Assigned											
Highways and Streets		-	170,923		-		_		-		170,923
Debt Service		-	-		-		_		2,285,694		2,285,694
Capital Projects		_	-		_		2,504,091		_		2,504,091
Unassigned		29,666,433	-		-		· · · · ·		-		29,666,433
Total Fund Balance	\$	30,375,987	\$ 177,451	\$	161,585	\$	7,974,717	\$	2,348,417	\$	41,038,157
	_		 			_		_		_	

#### **B.** Risk Management

The Town of Paradise Valley, Arizona, is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Town's insurance protection is provided by the Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool, of which the Town is a participating member. The limit for basic coverage is for \$2,000,000 per occurrence on a claims made basis. The aggregate excess coverage is for an additional \$18,000,000, excluding land use liability claims, on a follow form, claims made basis. The excess land use liability aggregate is \$5,000,000. No settlements exceeded insurance coverage during any of the past three fiscal years.

The Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool is structured such that member premiums are based on an actuarial review that will provide adequate reserves to allow the Pool to meet its expected financial obligations. The Pool has the authority to assess its members' additional premiums should reserves and annual premiums be insufficient to meet the Pool's obligations. The Town is also insured by Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool for potential worker related accidents.

#### C. Commitments and Contingencies

**Contingencies** – The Town is a defendant in various lawsuits. In the opinion of the Town's legal counsel, the status of the lawsuits are either not presently determinable or in the event of an unfavorable decision, would not significantly impact the Town.

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### C. Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

**Commitments –** The Town has entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA) with the City of Phoenix Fire Department that enables the City of Phoenix to provide Fire Service personnel, communication and dispatch services to the Town. In return, the Town pays service fees equal to 50% of the operating cost to the City of Phoenix based on the IGA. Payments are due on a quarterly basis to City of Phoenix. The agreement continues until terminated by either party. Termination requires 365 days written notice unless there is a failure to meet responsibilities by either party. If there is a failure to meet responsibilities the agreement can be terminated in 90 days. The payments to the City of Phoenix related to this IGA were \$2.3 million for the year ended June 30, 2016.

### D. Retirement Plans

### **Defined Contribution Pension Plan**

Prior to July 1, 2013, all Town employees who worked more than 30 hours per week were eligible to participate in a defined contribution pension plan administered by the ICMA Retirement Corporation as a 401(a) plan. The payroll for the Town employees covered by this plan for the year ended June 30, 2016 was \$3,668,457. The Town's total payroll was \$6,868,955. Effective July 1, 2013, the Town discontinued employer contribution to the plan, but employee contributions continued. New employees hired after July 1, 2013 were not eligible to participate in the plan. The Town is discontinuing the 401(a) plan effective June 30, 2018.

A 401(a) plan is a defined contribution plan pursuant to Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. This means that the employee's retirement benefit is based upon the total contributions made by the participating employee and employer plus investment earnings on those contributions. The employer decides on the method of the participant's contribution. The most common method is mandatory participant contributions made on a pre-tax basis, which is how the Town's 401(a) has been designed. Because the contributions are mandatory and made on a pre-tax basis, the employee cannot change the amount being contributed nor may the employee discontinue making contributions as long as he/she is eligible under the plan. Further, eligible employees had a one-time decision to enroll in the plan. These are rules under the Internal Revenue Code.

Employees that leave employment of the Town are entitled to their contributions and the vested portion of the prior Town's contributions, plus investment earnings. During fiscal year 2015-2016, the Town did not contribute to the 401 (a) plan. The employees' contributions totaled \$76,438.

The ICMA Retirement Corporation held no securities of the Town or other related parties during the fiscal year 2015-2016 or as of the close of the fiscal year.

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### D. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### **Cost-Sharing and Agent Multiple Employer Pension Plans**

The Town contributes to the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS) and the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) for police officers. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona.

At June 30, 2016, the Town reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions for all plans to which it contributes:

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities	G	Governmental Activities	
Ctatoment of Atouvilles		710111100	
Net Pension Liability	\$	27,607,965	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		5,915,614	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		756,726	
Pension Expense		3,005,789	

The Town reported accrued payroll and employee benefits of \$-0- for outstanding pension contribution amounts payable to all pension plans for the year ended June 30, 2016. Also, the Town reported \$3,507,627 of pension expenditures in the governmental funds related to all pension plans to which it contributes.

### **Arizona State Retirement System**

Plan Description – Town employees not covered by the other pension plans described on the following pages participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB); and a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its Web site at www.azasrs.gov.

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### D. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### **Arizona State Retirement System (Continued)**

**Benefits Provided** – The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Retirement				
	Initial Membership Date				
	Before	On or After			
	July 1, 2011	July 1, 2011			
Years of Service	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years age 55			
and Age Required	10 years age 62	25 years age 60			
to Receive Benefit	5 year age 50*	10 years age 62			
	any years age 65	5 years age 50*			
		any years age 65			
Final Average	Highest 36 Consecutive	Highest 60 Consecutive			
Salary is Based on:	Months of Last 120 Months	Months of Last 120 Months			
Benefit Percentage per Year of Service	2.1% to 2.3 %	2.1% to 2.3 %			

<sup>\*</sup> With Actuarially Reduced Benefits

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earnings. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the survivor benefit is determined by the retirement benefit option chosen. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

**Contributions** – In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2016, active ASRS members were required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.47% (11.35% for retirement and 0.12% for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and the Town was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.47% (10.85% for retirement, 0.50% for the health insurance premium benefit, and 0.12% for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll.

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### D. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### **Arizona State Retirement System (Continued)**

In addition, the Town was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 9.36% (9.30% for retirement and 0.06% for long-term disability) of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the Town in positions that would typically be filled by an employee who contributes to the ASRS. The Town's contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2016, was \$465,354. The Town's contributions for the current and two preceding years for OPEB, all of which were equal to the required contributions, were as follows:

	Health Benefit Supplement Fund		ng-Term bility Fund
Year Ended June 30,		_	
2016	\$	20,286	\$ 4,869
2015		21,959	4,466
2014		21,193	8,477

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the Town paid for ASRS pension and OPEB contributions as follows: 86% from the General Fund and 14% from the HURF Fund.

**Pension Liability** – At June 30, 2016, the Town reported a liability of \$6,294,396 for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total pension liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

The Town's reported liability at June 30, 2016, increased by \$504,435 from the Town's prior year liability of \$5,789,961 because of changes in the ASRS' net pension liability and the Town's proportionate share of that liability. The ASRS' publicly available financial report provides details on the change in the net pension liability.

The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Town's FY 2015 contributions. The Town's proportion measured as of June 30, 2015, was 0.040410%, which was an increase of 0.00128 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### D. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### **Arizona State Retirement System (Continued)**

**Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources –** For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town recognized pension expense for ASRS of \$411,519. At June 30, 2016, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferr	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of F	of Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	171,760	\$	329,833	
on pension plan investments		-		201,721	
Changes in proportion and differences between Town contributions and proportionate share of contributions		179,742		-	
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		465,354		-	
Total	\$	816,856	\$	531,554	

The \$465,354 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ASRS pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2017	\$ (41,203)
2018	(151,958)
2019	(132,509)
2020	145,618

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### D. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### **Arizona State Retirement System (Continued)**

**Actuarial Assumptions –** The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	June 30, 2014
Actuarial Roll Forward Date	June 30, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	8%
Projected Salary Increases	3 - 6.75%
Inflation	3%
Permanent Benefit Increase	Included
Mortality Rates	1994 GAM Scale BB

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS pension plan investments was determined to be 8.79% using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Long-Term
	Target	Real Return	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Arithmetic Basis	Rate of Return
Equity	58%	6.79%	3.94%
Fixed Income	25%	3.70%	0.93%
Commodities	2%	3.93%	0.08%
Real Estate	10%	4.25%	0.42%
Multi-Asset Class	5%	3.41%	0.17%
Total	100%		5.54%
Inflation			3.25%
Expected arithmetic nominal return			8.79%

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### D. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### **Arizona State Retirement System (Continued)**

**Discount Rate** – The discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension liability was 8%, which is less than the long-term expected rate of return of 8.79%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statutes. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the ASRS Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7%) or 1 percentage point higher (9%) than the current rate.

	Current Discount				
	19	% Decrease		Rate	1% Increase
		(7%)		(8%)	(9%)
Town's Proportionate Share of the					
Net Pension Liability	\$	8,247,810	\$	6,294,396	\$ 4,955,668

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position –** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

### Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS)

**Plan Description** – Town police employees who are regularly assigned hazardous duty participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS). The PSPRS administers an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and an agent multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan (agent plans). A seven-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.

The PSPRS issue publicly available financial reports that include their financial statements and required supplementary information. The reports are available on the PSPRS Web site at <a href="https://www.psprs.com">www.psprs.com</a>.

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### D. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) (Continued)

**Benefits Provided –** The PSPRS provide retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

PSPRS	Initial Membership Date			
	Before On or After			
Retirement and Disability	January 1, 2012	January 1, 2012		
Years of Service and Age Required to Receive Benefit	20 years any age 15 years age 62	25 years and age 52.5		
Final Average Salary is Based on	Highest 36 Consecutive Months of last 20 years	Highest 60 Consecutive Months of last 20 years		
•	Months of last 20 years	Months of last 20 years		
Benefit Percentage Normal Retirement	50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years OR plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited service over 20 years, not to exceed 80%	2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%		
Accidental Disability Retirement	50% or normal retireme	ent, whichever is greater		
Catastrophic Disability Retirement Ordinary Disability Retirement	90% for the first 60 months the normal retirement, v			
	Normal retirement calculated with or 20 years of credited service, w years of credited service (not to	hichever is greater, multiplied by		
Survivor Benefit				
Retired Members	80-100% of retired me	mber's pension benefit		
Active Members	80-100% of accidental disability average monthly compensation received of			

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### D. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) (Continued)

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50% of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

**Employees Covered by Benefit Terms –** At June 30, 2016, the following employees were covered by the agent pension plans' benefit terms:

	PSPRS Police
Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	37
Inactive Employees Entitled to but Not Yet Receiving Benefits	4
Active Employees	28
Total	69

**Contributions and Annual OPEB Cost** – State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions rates for the year ended June 30, 2016, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

	PSPRS
	Police
Active Members - Pension	11.66%
City	
Pension	64.23%
Health Insurance Premium Benefit	0.66%

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### D. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) (Continued)

For the agent plans, the Town's contributions to the pension plan and annual OPEB cost and contributions for the health insurance premium benefit for the year ended June 30, 2016, were:

	PSPRS Police
Pension Contributions Made	\$ 3,042,273
Health Insurance Premium Benefit	
Annual OPEB Cost	15,706
Contributions Made	31,261

During the fiscal year 2016, the Town paid for PSPRS and OPEB contributions 100% from the General Fund.

**Pension Liability –** At June 30, 2016, the Town reported the following net pension liability:

	ı	Net Pension
		Liability
PSPRS Police	\$	21.313.569

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2015, reflects the following changes of benefit terms and actuarial assumptions.

- In February 2014, the Arizona Supreme Court affirmed a Superior Court ruling that a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases was unconstitutional. As a result, CORP plans changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases.
- The wage growth actuarial assumption was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0%.

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Mortality Rates

### D. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) (Continued)

**Pension Actuarial Assumptions –** The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date

Actuarial Cost Method

Discount Rate

Projected Salary Increases

Inflation

Permanent Benefit Increase

June 30, 2015

Individual Entry Age Normal

7.85%

4.5% - 8.5%

3.0% - 4.0%

No explicit assumed permanent benefit increases assumed

RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for both males and females)

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS pension plan investments was determined to be 7.85% using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	16%	6.23%
Non-U.S. Equity	14%	8.25%
Credit Opportunities	13%	7.08%
Private Equity	11%	9.50%
Real Estate	10%	4.48%
GTAA	10%	4.38%
Real Assets	8%	4.77%
Fixed Income	7%	2.92%
Absolute Return	5%	4.11%
Risk Parity	4%	5.13%
Short-Term Investments	2%	0.75%
Total	100%	

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### D. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) (Continued)

**Pension Discount Rates –** The following discount rates were used to measure the total pension liabilities:

	PSPRS
	Police
Discount Rates	7.85%

The projection of cash flows used to determine the PSPRS discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

**Changes in the Agent Plans Net Pension Liability –** The following tables present changes in the Town's net pension liability for the PSPRS – Police pension plans as follows:

	Total Pension Liability (a)	an Fiduciary let Position (b)	1	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$ 28,203,076	\$ 7,072,742	\$	21,130,334
Changes for the Year:				
Service Cost	413,268	-		413,268
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	2,160,197	=		2,160,197
Differences Between Expected and				
Actual Experience in the Measurement				
of the Pension Liability	24,766	=		24,766
Contributions - Employer	=	1,708,529		(1,708,529)
Contributions - Employee	-	411,948		(411,948)
Net Investment Income	-	307,573		(307,573)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of				
Employee Contributions	(1,782,549)	(1,782,549)		-
Administrative Expenses	=	(7,885)		7,885
Other Changes	 	 (5,169)		5,169
Net Changes	815,682	632,447		183,235
Balances as of June 30, 2016	\$ 29,018,758	\$ 7,705,189	\$	21,313,569

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### D. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Town's Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the Town's net pension liability calculated using the discount rates noted above, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current Discount				
	1	% Decrease		Rate	 1% Increase
PSPRS Police					
Rate		6.85%		7.85%	8.85%
Net Pension Liability	\$	24,423,972	\$	21,313,569	\$ 18,688,959

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position –** Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial reports.

**Pension Expense –** For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town recognized the following pension expense:

		Pension
		Expense
PSPRS Police	\$	2.594.270

**Pension Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources –** At June 30, 2016, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

PSPRS - Police	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 262,134	\$		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	1,565,949		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments	208,311		225,172	
City contributions subsequent to the measurement				
date	 3,042,273		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$ 5,078,667	\$	225,172	
	 _			

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### D. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) (Continued)

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (or an increase in the net pension asset) in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	PSPRS
Year Ending June 30,	 Police
2017	\$ 987,661
2018	788,923
2019	(17,439)
2020	52,077

**Agent Plan OPEB Actuarial Assumptions –** The health insurance premium benefit contribution requirements for the year ended June 30, 2016, were established by the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuations, and those actuarial valuations were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the reported amounts' value and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plans and the annual required contributions are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made. The required schedule of funding progress for the health insurance premium benefit presented as required supplementary information provides multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of the plans' assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Projections of benefits are based on (1) the plans as understood by the Town and plans' members and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date, and (2) the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the Town and plans' members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The significant actuarial methods and assumptions used are the same for all PSPRS and related benefits (unless noted), and the actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the fiscal year 2016 contribution requirements, are as follows:

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### D. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) (Continued)

### **PSPRS - OPEB Contribution Requirements**

Actuarial Valuation Date June 30, 2014

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level percent closed for underfunded actuarial accrued

liability, open for excess

Remaining Amortization Period 23 years for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, 20 years

for excess

Asset Valuation Method 7-year smoothed market value; 20% corridor

**Actuarial Assumptions:** 

Investment Rate of Return 7.85%
Projected Salary Increases 4.5% - 8.0%
Wage Growth 4.5%

**Agent Plan OPEB Trend Information –** The table below presents the annual OPEB cost information for the health insurance premium benefit for the current and 2 preceding years:

Year Ended June 30	Anr	nual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2016	\$	15,706	199%	\$ -
2015		39,959	139%	-
2014		39,055	100%	-

**Agent Plan OPEB Funded Status –** The funded status of the health insurance premium benefit plans as of the most recent valuation date, June 30, 2015 is as follows:

Agent OPEB Plan Funded Status	OPEB Plan Funded Status PS	
Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	\$	454,063
Actuarial Accrued Liability (b)		552,438
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability		
(Funding Excess) (b) - (a)		98,375
Funded Ratio (a) / (b)		82.20%
Annual Covered Payroll (c)		2,290,190
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability		
(Funding Excess) as a Percentage		
of Covered Payroll (b) - (a) / (c)		4.30%

### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### D. Retirement Plans (Continued)

### Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) (Continued)

The funded status of the all the PSPRS health insurance premium benefit plans in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

### **PSPRS - OPEB Funded Status**

Actuarial Valuation Date June 30, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level percent closed for underfunded actuarial accrued

liability, open for excess

Remaining Amortization Period 21 years for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, 20 years

for excess

Asset Valuation Method 7-year smoothed market value; 20% corridor

**Actuarial Assumptions:** 

Investment Rate of Return 7.85%
Projected Salary Increases 4.0% - 8.0%
Wage Growth 4.0%

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# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



### TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY COST SHARING PENSION PLANS JUNE 30, 2016 AND ONE YEAR PRIOR

	Reporting Fiscal Year		Year	
		(Measurement Date)		ate)
		2016		2015
		(2015)		(2014)
Town's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.040410%		0.039130%
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	6,294,396	\$	5,789,961
Town's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	3,699,764	\$	3,983,759
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a				
Percentage of its Covered -Employee Payroll		170.13%		145.34%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total				
Pension Liability		68.35%		69.49%

# TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AGANT PENSION PLANS JUNE 30, 2016

Agent	Pension	<b>Plans</b>
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PSPRS Police		Reporting F (Measuren			
		2016		2015	
		(2015)	(2014)		
Total Pension Liability	•	440.000	•	050 540	
Service Cost	\$	413,268	\$	359,518	
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		2,160,197		1,795,059	
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		710,651	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience in the Measurement of the Pension Liability		24,766		514,325	
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs		24,700		3,303,865	
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(1,782,549)		(2,335,144)	
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		815,682		4,348,274	
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		28,203,076		23,854,802	
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	-	29,018,758		28,203,076	
Total Follow Elability Enamy (a)		20,010,700		20,200,070	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - Employer		1,708,529		1,045,144	
Contributions - Employee		411,948		303,349	
Net Investment Income		307,573		917,883	
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(1,782,549)		(2,335,144)	
Administrative Expenses		(7,885)		(7,393)	
Other Changes		(5,169)		34,308	
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		632,447		(41,853)	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		7,072,742		7,114,595	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)		7,705,189		7,072,742	
Town's Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	21,313,569	\$	21,130,334	
		_		_	
PSPRS Police		Reporting F	Fiscal	Year	
1 01 10 10 100		(Measuren			
		2016		2015	
		(2015)		(2014)	
		,		` '	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		26.55%		33.47%	
Covered-employee Payroll	\$	2,290,190	\$	2,200,151	
Town's Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll		930.65%		749.18%	

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

### TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) SCHEDULE OF TOWN PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS JUNE 30, 2016

### **Schedule of Pension Contributions**

Arizona State Retirement System	Reporting Fiscal Year									
		2016		2014						
Statutorily Required Contribution	\$	465,354	\$	405,309	\$	377,424				
Town's Contribution in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution		465,354		405,309		377,424				
Town's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
Town's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	3,811,031	\$	3,699,764	\$	3,983,759				
Town's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll		12.21%		10.95%		9.47%				
PSPRS Police			Repor	ting Fiscal Year						
		2016		2015		2014				
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	1,780,529	\$	1,220,161	\$	1,126,297				
Town's Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution		3,042,273		1,708,529		1,126,297				
Town's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	(1,261,744)	\$	(488,368)	\$					
Town's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	2,530,657	\$	2,290,190	\$	2,200,151				
Town's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll		120.22%		74.60%		51.19%				

### TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) NOTES TO PENSION SCHEDULES JUNE 30, 2016

### NOTE 1 ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION RATES

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS and CORP are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Level Level percent closed for unfunded actuarial accrued

liability, open for excess

Remaining Amortization Period

as of the 2013 Actuarial Valuation

Asset Valuation Method Actuarial Assumptions

23 years for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, 20

years for excess

7-year smoothed market value; 20% corridor

In the 2013 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of

return was decreased from 8.0% to 7.85%

Projected Salary Increases In the 2013 actuarial valuation, projected salary

increases were from 5.0%-9.0% to 4.5%-8.5%

Wage Growth In the 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth was

decreased from 5.0% to 4.5%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the

type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period

July 1, 2006-June 30, 2011

Mortality RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for both

males and females

### NOTE 2 INFORMATION PRIOR TO MEASUREMENT DATE

Information prior to the measurement date (June 30, 2014) was not available.

### NOTE 3 PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

The Town prepaid June 30, 2016 required contributions, resulting in pension contributions exceeding the required contributions.

### TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) SCHEDULE OF AGENT OPEB PLANS' FUNDING PROGRESS JUNE 30, 2016

Other Post Employment Benefit (Health Insurance Subsidy)

Valuation Date June 30,	Actua Value Asse	arial Act e of Ac		Entry Age Actuarial Accrued Percent Liability (AAL) Funded		Over (Under) Funded AAL		Annual Covered Payroll	Over (Under) Funded AAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
2012	\$	_	\$	552,772	0.0%	\$	(552,772)	\$ 2,035,841	-27.2%	
2013		-		531,952	0.0%		(531,952)	1,848,061	-28.8%	
2014	41	5,682		566,330	73.4%		(150,648)	2,200,151	-6.8%	
2015	45	4,063		552,438	82.2%		(98,375)	2,290,190	-4.3%	

### TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF AGENT OPEB PLANS' FUNDING PROGRESS JUNE 30, 2016

### NOTE 1 FACTORS THAT AFFECT THE IDENTIFICATION OF TRENDS

Beginning in Fiscal year 2014, PSPRS established separate funds for pension benefits and health insurance premium benefits. Previously, the plans recorded both pension and health insurance premium contributions in the same Pension Fund. During fiscal year 2014, the plans transferred prior-year health insurance premium benefit contributions that exceeded benefit payments from each plan's pension fund to the new health insurance fund.

### COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

Donations Fund - accounts for contributions and donations received by the Town.

Grants Fund - accounts for all grants received by the Town.

Mummy Mountain Preserve Trust Fund - accounts for the activity of the Mummy Mountain Preserve Trust including acquiring, maintaining, preserving and protecting undeveloped property on and around the Mummy Mountain Preserve.

### **DEBT SERVICE FUNDS**

Debt Service Fund - accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs for newly issued debt.

*MPC Debt Service Fund* - accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

### TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2016

		Sp						
	Mummy							
					M	lountain	Total Specia	
	D	onations		Grants	Р	reserve	R	evenue
		Fund		Fund	Trust Fund		I	Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$	22,491	\$	8,987	\$	40,232	\$	71,710
Restricted Cash and Investments		-		-		-		-
Receivables:								
Accounts Receivable		-		7,516		-		7,516
Total Assets	\$	22,491	\$	16,503	\$	40,232	\$	79,226
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Interest Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Unearned Revenue		-		16,503		-		16,503
Total Liabilities		=		16,503		=		16,503
Fund Balances:								
Restricted		22,491		-		40,232		62,723
Assigned						_		
Total Fund Balances		22,491				40,232		62,723
Total Liabilities and								
Fund Balances	\$	22,491	\$	16,503	\$	40,232	\$	79,226

Debt Service Funds							
	Debt MPC Debt Service Service Fund Fund		_	Total Debt Service Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
\$	- 49,570	\$	2,285,694 47,504	\$ 2,285,694 97,074		\$	2,357,404 97,074
							7,516
\$	49,570	\$	2,333,198	\$	2,382,768	\$	2,461,994
\$	49,570 -	\$	47,504 -	\$	97,074 -	\$	97,074 16,503
	49,570		47,504		97,074		113,577
	- - -		2,285,694 2,285,694		2,285,694 2,285,694		62,723 2,285,694 2,348,417
\$	49,570	\$	2,333,198	\$	2,382,768	\$	2,461,994

### TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING INCOME STATEMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Sp	ecial Revenue Fui	nds	
	Donations Fund	Grants Fund	Mummy Mountain Preserve Trust Fund	Total Special Revenue Funds
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ -	\$ 53,948	\$ -	\$ 53,948
Contribution and Donations Investment Income	18,848	-	- 11	18,848 11
Total Revenues	18,848	53,948	11	72,807
	,	22,212		,
EXPENDITURES				
Current:	2 224	0= 004		44.00=
General Government	8,801	35,864	-	44,665
Public Safety Debt Service:	1,074	18,084	-	19,158
Principal Retirement	_	-	-	_
Interest on Long-Term Debt	-	_	_	-
Total Expenditures	9,875	53,948		63,823
E (D.C.) (D.				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues  Over Expenditures	8,973		11	8,984
Over Experialities	0,973	-	11	0,904
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In				
N. ( O ) . F . I D .	0.070		4.4	0.004
Net Change in Fund Balances	8,973	-	11	8,984
FUND BALANCES				
Beginning of Year	13,518	-	40,221	53,739
End of Year	\$ 22,491	\$ -	\$ 40,232	\$ 62,723

Debt Serv	rice Funds				
Debt MPC Debt Service Service Fund Fund		Total Debt Service Funds			tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	53,948 18,848 11 72,807
- - - 49,570	- - 914,247 113,286		- - 914,247 162,856		44,665 19,158 914,247 162,856
49,570	1,027,533		1,077,103	_	1,140,926
(49,570)	(1,027,533)		(1,077,103)		(1,068,119)
49,570			49,570		49,570
-	(1,027,533)		(1,027,533)		(1,018,549)
\$ <u>-</u>	3,313,227 \$ 2,285,694	\$	3,313,227 2,285,694	\$	3,366,966 2,348,417

# TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES			
Investment Income	\$ -	\$ 2,371	\$ 2,371
EXPENDITURES			
Capital Outlay	9,680,200	2,737,601	5,056,673
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	150,000	150,000	-
Issuance Costs		125,697	(125,697)
Total Expenditures	9,830,200	3,013,298	4,930,976
F (D.C.) (D.			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over	(0.000.000)	(2.040.007)	4 000 047
Expenditures	(9,830,200)	(3,010,927)	4,933,347
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In	3,500,000	2,681,485	(818,515)
Transfers Out	-	(49,570)	(49,570)
Issuance of Long-Term Debt	_	7,880,000	7,880,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,500,000	10,511,915	7,011,915
<u> </u>			
Net Change in Fund Balance	(6,330,200)	7,500,988	11,945,262
FUND BALANCE			
Beginning of Year	- (0.000.555)	473,729	473,729
End of Year	\$ (6,330,200)	\$ 7,974,717	\$ 12,418,991

# TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL DONATIONS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original and Final Budget			Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES							
Contributions and Donations	\$	15,000	\$	18,848	\$	3,848	
EXPENDITURES Current:							
General Government		11,000		8,801		2,199	
Public Safety		4,000		1,074		2,926	
Total Expenditures		15,000		9,875		5,125	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
Expenditures		-		8,973		8,973	
FUND BALANCE							
Beginning of Year				13,518		13,518	
End of Year	\$		\$	22,491	\$	22,491	

# TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GRANTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$	237,000	\$	237,000	\$	53,948	\$	(183,052)	
EXPENDITURES Current:									
General Government Public Safety		237,000		262,200		35,864 18,084		226,336 (18,084)	
Total Expenditures		237,000		262,200		53,948		208,252	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		(25,200)		-		25,200	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In				5,393				5,393	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(19,807)		-		30,593	
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year End of Year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(19,807)	\$	<u>-</u> _	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> 25,200	
Life of real	Ψ		Ψ	(10,007)	Ψ		Ψ	20,200	

### TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL MPC DEBT SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original and Final Budget			Actual		riance with nal Budget
EXPENDITURES  Data Consider						
Debt Service: Miscellaneous	\$	400,000	\$	_	\$	400,000
Principal Retirement	•	914,242	•	914,247	·	(5)
Interest on Long-term Debt		113,292		113,286		6_
Total Expenditures		1,427,534		1,027,533		400,001
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,427,534)		(1,027,533)		400,001
FUND BALANCE				0.040.007		0.040.007
Beginning of Year End of Year	•	(1,427,534)	\$	3,313,227 2,285,694	\$	3,313,227 3,713,228
Liiu Oi 16ai	φ	(1,421,004)	Ψ	2,203,094	φ	3,7 13,220



### STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This section of the Town of Paradise Valley, Arizona's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

#### **Financial Trends**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

#### **Revenue Capacity**

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, sales tax.

#### **Debt Capacity**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

#### **Demographic and Economic Information**

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

### **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

See the table of contents for page numbers of the schedules that encompass the above sections.

# TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	
Governmental Activities:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 69,273,164	\$ 65,329,267	\$ 70,546,752	\$ 70,077,412	
Restricted	3,506,945	4,179,307	3,498,527	2,595,469	
Unrestricted	23,653,783	29,279,737	20,776,493	22,373,381	
Total Governmental Activities					
Net Position	\$ 96,433,892	\$ 98,788,311	\$ 94,821,772	\$ 95,046,262	
Business-Type Activities:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 14,058,457	\$ 14,937,435	\$ 15,875,113	\$ 16,176,951	
Restricted	3,374,755	3,639,972	3,393,316	2,746,466	
Unrestricted	3,548,306	3,876,571	3,556,209	3,855,763	
Total Business-Type Activities					
Net Position	\$ 20,981,518	\$ 22,453,978	\$ 22,824,638	\$ 22,779,180	
Primary Government:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 83,331,621	\$ 80,266,702	\$ 86,421,865	\$ 86,254,363	
Restricted	6,881,700	7,819,279	6,891,843	5,341,935	
Unrestricted	27,202,089	33,156,308	24,332,702	26,229,144	
Total Primary Government	<b>*</b> * * * <b>*</b> * * * * * * * * * * * * *	<b>*</b> 404 040 000	£ 447 C4C 440	£ 447.005.440	
Net Position	\$ 117,415,410	\$ 121,242,289	\$ 117,646,410	\$ 117,825,442	

Fiscal Year

		1 10001	1 0 01		
2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
\$ 69,676,668 1,786,639	\$ 69,407,881 1,221,024	\$ 68,209,762 608,907	\$ 73,318,948 102,778	\$ 79,895,872 53,739	\$ 78,383,694 224,308
22,487,936	23,627,937	20,852,943	5,908,977	3,338,007	10,434,716
\$ 93,951,243	\$ 94,256,842	\$ 89,671,612	\$ 79,330,703	\$ 83,287,618	\$ 89,042,718
\$ 16,757,765 2,075,256	\$ 17,292,596 1,362,476	\$ 25,706,810 567,431	\$ 26,022,037	\$ 26,446,442	\$ 26,904,413
4,194,195	4,736,253	5,402,355	901,947	999,604	1,034,839
\$ 23,027,216	\$ 23,391,325	\$ 31,676,596	\$ 26,923,984	\$ 27,446,046	\$ 27,939,252
\$ 86,434,433 3,861,895 26,682,131	\$ 86,700,477 2,583,500 28,364,190	\$ 93,916,572 1,176,338 26,255,298	\$ 99,340,985 102,778 6,810,924	\$ 106,342,314 53,739 4,337,611	\$ 105,288,107 224,308 11,469,555
==,00=,:0:	==,50:,:00	==;===;===	-,,,,,,,,,	1,501,011	, ,
\$ 116,978,459	\$ 117,648,167	\$ 121,348,208	\$ 106,254,687	\$ 110,733,664	\$ 116,981,970

## TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year					
	2007	2008	2009	2010		
EXPENSES						
Governmental Activities:						
General Government	\$ 7,582,685	\$ 7,504,799	\$ 9,318,797	\$ 5,857,493		
Public Safety	6,770,604	8,578,890	9,127,589	8,040,162		
Highways and Streets	3,535,814	3,698,363	6,150,305	2,151,001		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	139,448	190,310	424,849	301,622		
Total Governmental Activities						
Expenses	18,028,551	19,972,362	25,021,540	16,350,278		
Business-Type Activities:						
Sewer	2,052,990	2,141,828	2,327,149	2,207,903		
Fire Service	-	-	-	-		
Alarm Monitor System	135,019	135,774	129,335	125,529		
Total Business-Type Activities Total Primary Government	2,188,009	2,277,602	2,456,484	2,333,432		
Expenses	\$ 20,216,560	\$ 22,249,964	\$ 27,478,024	\$ 18,683,710		
PROGRAM REVENUES						
Governmental Activities:						
Charges for Services:						
General Government	\$ 5,008,586	\$ 3,956,275	\$ 3,185,130	\$ 2,564,613		
Public Safety	5,279	105,585	102,323	143,867		
Highways and Streets	-	16,036	-	53,349		
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,313,322	1,156,860	929,564	856,445		
Capital Grants and Contributions	3,807,860	400,000	502,684	152,699		
Total Governmental Activities	40.405.047	5 00 4 750	4 740 704	0.770.070		
Program Revenues	10,135,047	5,634,756	4,719,701	3,770,973		
Business-Type Activities:						
Charges for Services:						
Sewer System	2,517,864	2,827,143	2,469,706	2,066,141		
Fire Service	<u>-</u>	-	-	-		
Alarm Monitor System	210,932	218,940	216,459	245,390		
Capital Grants and Contributions	781,250	409,800	681,569	31,500		
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	3,510,046	3,455,883	3,367,734	2,343,031		
Total Primary Government						
Program Revenues	\$ 13,645,093	\$ 9,090,639	\$ 8,087,435	\$ 6,114,004		

Fiscal Year

					Fisca	I Ye	ar				
	2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016
_								_	_		
\$	6,826,239	\$	7,708,607	\$	7,289,224	\$	7,276,076	\$	7,776,745	\$	8,605,414
	7,787,743		7,628,580		7,055,389		6,286,763		8,745,404		9,054,408
	2,225,274		2,076,040		3,346,762		3,201,369		3,669,224		3,568,394
	267,022		239,802		282,387		182,224		147,314		281,348
	17,106,278		17,653,029		17,973,762		16,946,432		20,338,687		21,509,564
	2,144,491		2,111,254		2,264,536		2,351,590		2,324,369		2,185,714
	_		_		1,414,177		2,961,269		3,045,071		2,921,260
	117,568		108,520		85,698		103,975		59,277		100,719
	2,262,059		2,219,774		3,764,411		5,416,834		5,428,717		5,207,693
\$	19,368,337	\$	19,872,803	\$	21,738,173	\$	22,363,266	\$	25,767,404	\$	26,717,257
\$	2,748,788	\$	2,540,900	\$	4,111,615	\$	5,189,006	\$	4,290,508	\$	6,845,255
*	221,550	•	303,571	•	210,837	*	124,464	•	37,395	•	82,694
	844,615		746,903		763,844		807,404		874,773		1,121,420
			27,321		118,064		10,000		234,000		-
	3,814,953		3,618,695		5,204,360		6,130,874		5,436,676		8,049,369
	2,254,806		2,292,392		2,258,513		2,227,314		2,498,749		2,250,608
	-		-		1,538,314		3,112,850		3,099,652		3,101,634
	265,656		253,253		242,072		231,984		217,953		199,750
	92,500				198,000				80,000		76,875
	2,612,962		2,545,645		4,236,899		5,572,148		5,896,354		5,628,867
\$	6,427,915	\$	6,164,340	\$	9,441,259	\$	11,703,022	\$	11,333,030	\$	13,678,236
											(Continued)

## TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONCLUDED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

(Concluded)	2007	2008	2009	2010
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$ (7,893,504) 1,322,037	\$ (14,337,606) 1,178,281	\$ (20,301,839) 911,250	\$ (12,579,305) 9,599
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$ (6,571,467)	\$ (13,159,325)	\$ (19,390,589)	\$ (12,569,706)
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION Governmental Activities: Taxes:				
Sales Taxes Franchise Taxes State Shared Revenue Auto Lieu Tax Revenue Sharing Investment Income	\$ 10,374,728 915,326 2,891,589 574,175 1,332,700	\$ 10,499,929 1,003,231 3,225,005 557,250 1,406,610	\$ 9,386,335 1,001,103 3,180,361 504,145 1,569,907	\$ 8,051,632 999,785 2,807,201 465,343 358,326
Special Item - Capital Asset moved to Fire Fund	-	-	-	-
Transfers			693,449	121,508
Total Governmental Activities	16,088,518	16,692,025	16,335,300	12,803,795
Business-Type Activities: Investment Income Capital Contributions	325,638	294,179	152,859 -	66,451 -
Special Item - Capital Asset moved to Fire Fund	-	-	-	-
Transfers			(693,449)	(121,508)
Total Business-Type Activities Total Primary Government	325,638	294,179	(540,590)	(55,057)
Total Filliary Government	\$ 16,414,156	\$ 16,986,204	\$ 15,794,710	\$ 12,748,738
CHANGE IN NET POSITION Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$ 8,195,014 1,647,675	\$ 2,354,419 1,472,460	\$ (3,966,539) 370,660	\$ 224,490 (45,458)
Total Primary Government	\$ 9,842,689	\$ 3,826,879	\$ (3,595,879)	\$ 179,032

Fiscal Year

				FISCa	rea								
2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016			
\$ (13,291,32	•	(14,034,334)	\$	(12,769,402)	\$	(10,815,558)	\$	(14,902,011)	\$ (	(13,460,195)			
350,90	3	325,871		472,488		155,314		467,637		421,174			
\$ (12,940,422	2) \$	\$ (13,708,463)		\$ (13,708,463)		\$ (13,708,463) \$ (12,296,914)		\$	\$ (10,660,244)		\$ (14,434,374)		(13,039,021)
\$ 7,944,76	9 \$	10,627,184	\$	11,963,535	\$	13,136,325	\$	14,564,835	\$	14,553,528			
1,007,63		1,055,473	,	1,061,725	•	1,061,660	·	1,037,258	•	1,146,142			
2,402,96		2,083,775		2,358,876		2,544,840		2,723,544		2,760,822			
453,01		411,604		429,075		457,878		490,206		530,413			
231,09		161,897		174,833		94,521		91,159		274,390			
251,03	U	101,091		174,000		34,321		91,109		214,390			
	-	-		(7,803,872)		-		-		-			
156,84						4,915,177		(48,076)		(50,000)			
12,196,30	6	14,339,933		8,184,172		22,210,401		18,858,926		19,215,295			
50.05		22.222		2011		7.054		0.040					
53,97	3	38,238		8,911		7,251		6,349		22,032			
	-	-		198,000		-		-		-			
	_	_		7,803,872		_		_		_			
(156,840	))	_		-		(4,915,177)		48,076		50,000			
(102,867		38,238		8,010,783		(4,907,926)		54,425		72,032			
\$ 12,093,439	<u> </u>	14,378,171	\$	16,194,955	\$	17,302,475	\$	18,913,351	\$	19,287,327			
Ψ 12,000,400	<u> </u>	. 1,070,171	Ψ	10,101,000	Ψ_	11,002,110	Ψ	10,010,001	Ψ	.0,201,021			
\$ (1,095,019	9) \$	305,599	\$	(4,585,230)	\$	11,394,843	\$	3,956,915	\$	5,755,100			
248,03	,	364,109	*	8,908,064	7	(4,752,612)	7	522,062	*	493,206			
\$ (846,983			\$	4,322,834	\$	6,642,231	\$	4,478,977	\$	6,248,306			
			=										

# TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA PROGRAM REVENUES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year										
Function/Program	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011						
Governmental Activities:											
General Government	\$ 9,053,679	\$ 4,467,270	\$ 3,217,704	\$ 2,592,630	\$ 2,767,852						
Public Safety	20,976	134,211	150,885	149,236	255,768						
Highways and Streets	1,060,392	1,033,275	1,351,112	1,029,107	791,333						
Subtotal Governmental											
Activities	10,135,047	5,634,756	4,719,701	3,770,973	3,814,953						
Business-Type Activities:											
Sewer System	3,299,114	3,236,943	3,151,275	2,097,641	2,347,306						
Fire Service	-	-	-	-	-						
Alarm Monitor System	210,932	218,940	216,459	245,390	265,656						
Subtotal Business-Type											
Activities	3,510,046	3,455,883	3,367,734	2,343,031	2,612,962						
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	\$ 13,645,093	\$ 9,090,639	\$ 8,087,435	\$ 6,114,004	\$ 6,427,915						

	l Year

			10001 1001					
2012	2013		2014		2014		2015	2016
 _	 _		_		_			
\$ 2,671,657	\$ 4,288,121	\$	5,275,399	\$	4,600,325	\$ 6,950,634		
305,350	214,512		131,761		42,579	269,877		
641,688	701,727		723,714		793,772	828,858		
 3,618,695	 5,204,360		6,130,874		5,436,676	8,049,369		
_	_		_		_	_		
2,292,392	2,258,513		2,227,314		2,578,749	2,327,483		
-	1,538,314		3,112,850		3,099,652	3,101,634		
253,253	242,072		231,984		217,953	 199,750		
_	_		_		_	 		
2,545,645	4,038,899		5,572,148		5,896,354	5,628,867		
\$ 6,164,340	\$ 9,243,259	\$	11,703,022	\$	11,333,030	\$ 13,678,236		



## TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

		Fisca	l Ye	ar				
	2007	2008		2009		2010		
General Fund: Reserved Unreserved Total General Fund	- 24,368,110 24,368,110	\$ 26,023,277 26,023,277	\$	19,055,184 19,055,184	\$	14,865,748 14,865,748		
All Other Governmental Funds: Unreserved, Reported in: Special Revenue Funds Debt Service Funds Capital Projects Funds	\$ 3,524,830 512 -	\$ 4,199,455 232 4,069,161	\$	3,147,999 1,712,329 1,130,425	\$	2,444,644 6,314,592 1,864,879		
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 3,525,342	\$ 8,268,848	\$	5,990,753	\$	10,624,115		
				Fisca	l Ye	ar		
	2011	2012		2013		2014	2015	2016
General Fund: Nonspendable Restricted	\$ 6,972	\$ 143,415	\$	1,039,473	\$	1,157,133	\$ 818,308	\$ 709,554 -
Committed Assigned	-	-		-		-	-	-
Unassigned Total General Fund	13,995,539 14,002,511	\$ 14,393,182 14,536,597	\$	14,206,372 15,245,845	\$	23,391,719 24,548,852	\$ 25,421,178 26,239,486	\$ 29,666,433 30,375,987
All Other Governmental Funds: Nonspendable								
Prepaid Items Restricted	\$ - 1,786,639	\$ - 1,221,024	\$	16,025 592,882	\$	- 102,778	\$ - 53,739	\$ 6,528 5,694,934
Committed Assigned Unassigned	8,905,955 -	9,268,513 -		- 11,165,163 -		8,274,256 (619,309)	3,821,554 (282,949)	4,960,708 -
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 10,692,594	\$ 10,489,537	\$	11,774,070	\$	7,757,725	\$ 3,592,344	\$ 10,662,170

Source: The Town's Finance Department.

Note: During the fiscal year 2011, the Town implemented GASB Statement No 54. Therefore, starting in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, governmental fund balances will be presented based on the GASB Statement No. 54 hierarchy.

## TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year						
	2007	2008	2009	2010			
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 11,290,054	\$ 11,503,160	\$ 10,387,438	\$ 9,051,417			
Intergovernmental	4,656,254	4,921,207	4,835,686	4,272,612			
Fines and Forfeitures	1,505,931	1,630,753	1,351,919	1,133,627			
Licenses and Permits	3,238,562	2,197,361	1,159,347	982,740			
Charges for Services	=	-	-	490,095			
Indirect Charges	-	-	-	-			
Rents and Royalties	-	-	-	-			
Investment Income	1,332,700	1,406,610	1,569,914	358,326			
Other	366,621	302,014	769,388	9,076			
Total Revenues	22,390,122	21,961,105	20,073,692	16,297,893			
EXPENDITURES							
General Government	7,066,224	7,661,674	7,346,335	5,686,505			
Public Safety	6,673,289	8,836,058	8,968,496	7,864,339			
Highways and Streets	1,680,913	1,901,078	2,077,779	1,616,151			
Capital Outlay	7,531,375	3,946,895	11,155,915	128,752			
Debt Service		, ,	, ,	•			
Issuance Costs	_	_	130,596	_			
Principal Retirement	146,354	151,842	715,506	388,383			
Interest on Long-Term Debt	107,897	101,896	346,510	291,345			
Total Expenditures	23,206,052	22,599,443	30,741,137	15,975,475			
Excess of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	(815,930)	(638,338)	(10,667,445)	322,418			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In	8,028,562	4,455,825	10,985,963	6,289,267			
Transfers Out	(8,028,562)	(4,455,825)	(10,292,514)	(6,167,759)			
Issuance of Long-Term Debt	(0,020,302)	(4,433,023)	7,599,249	(0,107,739)			
Premium on Issuance of Long-Term Debt			339,067				
Payment of Escrow Agent			(2,032,486)				
Payment on Capital Leases	_	_	(5,770,711)	_			
Proceeds from Capital Leases	2,394,663	7,037,011	592,689	_			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,394,663	7,037,011	1,421,257	121,508			
Net Changes in Fund Balance	\$ 1,578,733	\$ 6,398,673	\$ (9,246,188)	\$ 443,926			
Debt Service as a Percentage of							
Non-Capital Expenditures	1.60%	1.3%	4.3%	4.5%			

F	iscal	Year

			1 1300	ı ı caı		
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
\$	8,952,403	\$ 11,682,657	\$ 13,025,260	\$ 14,197,985	\$ 15,602,093	\$ 15,699,670
Ψ	3,692,516	3,251,086	3,537,464	3,791,372	4,074,853	4,393,807
	1,201,432	801,897	2,346,166	1,161,685	2,085,650	3,697,261
	1,080,207	1,021,911	1,203,370	1,322,052	1,426,883	2,071,846
	356,650	427,269	328,019	354,680	259,689	261,829
	-	-	-	322,000	-	-
	320,907	325,220	307,987	154,220	158,410	159,360
	231,090	161,897	174,833	94,521	91,159	274,390
	8,072	51,730	461,264	1,812,082	520,978	579,469
	15,843,277	17,723,667	21,384,363	23,210,597	24,219,715	27,137,632
	5,987,892	5,581,346	6,168,281	6,700,704	6,963,210	7,794,295
	7,504,468	7,594,737	6,816,444	6,215,932	7,291,649	8,972,593
	1,444,530	1,204,634	2,677,491	2,635,007	3,014,861	2,786,005
	832,181	2,149,953	2,699,004	6,522,394	8,080,876	2,737,601
						125,697
	773,329	800,825	824,885	998,944	1,114,569	1,155,556
	252,475	228,857	204,477	216,131	181,221	189,558
	16,794,875	17,560,352	19,390,582	23,289,112	26,646,386	23,761,305
	10,734,073	17,500,552	19,090,002	25,269,112	20,040,300	23,701,303
	(951,598)	163,315	1,993,781	(78,515)	(2,426,671)	3,376,327
	2,584,469	3,481,659	6,293,189	9,685,071	6,593,422	4,831,055
	(2,427,629)	(3,481,659)	(6,293,189)	(4,769,894)	(6,641,498)	(4,881,055)
	-	-	-	450,000	-	7,880,000
	-	-	-	=	=	=
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
		167,714				
	156,840	167,714		5,365,177	(48,076)	7,830,000
\$	(794,758)	\$ 331,029	\$ 1,993,781	\$ 5,286,662	\$ (2,474,747)	\$ 11,206,327
	6.6%	6.4%	6.0%	7.3%	6.9%	6.4%



## TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA GENERAL GOVERNMENT TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	S	ales & Use	Occupancy		Franchise	Total	
2007	\$	8,129,931	\$	2,244,797	\$ 915,326	\$ 11,290,054	
2008		8,401,809		2,098,120	1,003,231	11,503,160	
2009		7,518,403		1,867,932	1,001,103	10,387,438	
2010		5,972,752		2,078,880	999,785	9,051,417	
2011		5,543,814		2,400,955	1,007,634	8,952,403	
2012		8,103,896		2,523,288	1,055,473	11,682,657	
2013		9,235,643		2,727,892	1,061,725	13,025,260	
2014		10,300,810		2,835,515	1,061,660	14,197,985	
2015		11,447,385		3,117,450	1,037,258	15,602,093	
2016		11,345,902		3,207,626	1,146,142	15,699,670	

#### TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA LOCAL TAXES COLLECTED BY CATEGORY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year								
		2007		2008		2009		2010	2011
Sales and Use Tax Collected by									
Category (1):									
Communications and Utilities	\$	399,465	\$	467,913	\$	442,206	\$	499,069	\$ 459,650
Construction		3,951,997		4,420,843		3,622,160		2,250,756	1,645,850
Manufacturing		174,371		101,628		85,475		85,959	81,724
Retail trade		234,595		311,592		218,354		223,429	281,128
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate		400,899		377,621		226,801		165,509	201,843
Hospitality		2,507,944		2,253,947		2,510,902		2,464,680	2,527,486
Services		231,145		206,628		200,520		147,522	154,748
Other		229,310		261,637		211,986		135,828	191,385
Total	\$	8,129,726	\$	8,401,809	\$	7,518,404	\$	5,972,752	\$ 5,543,814
Bed Tax Collected	\$	2,244,797	\$	2,098,120	\$	1,867,932	\$	2,078,880	\$ 2,400,955

Source: Arizona Department of Revenue

- (1) Sales tax increased from 1.2% to 1.4% effective January 1, 1999, and from 1.4% to 1.65% effective September 1, 2004, and from 1.65% to 2.50% effective August 1, 2011 (Temporarily until August 1, 2014). Use tax of 1.4% added effective April 1, 1999.
- (2) Bed tax increased from 3.0% to 3.4% effective August 1, 2010.

-ICC3	l Year

2012		2013	2014	2015	2016 \$ 965,755 3,181,485		
\$	829,653	\$ 881,141	\$ 890,417	\$ 922,244	\$ 965,755		
	1,780,801	2,340,481	3,048,856	3,049,241	3,181,485		
	119,098	133,431	128,060	135,788	158,886		
	355,717	451,136	559,294	724,235	856,216		
	251,196	262,889	288,739	375,473	341,602		
	4,007,195	4,338,311	4,536,958	4,981,595	4,931,846		
	224,531	268,514	320,097	333,592	313,346		
	535,705	 559,740	528,389	925,217	596,766		
\$	8,103,896	\$ 9,235,643	\$ 10,300,810	\$ 11,447,385	\$ 11,345,902		
\$	2,523,288	\$ 2,727,892	\$ 2,835,515	\$ 3,117,450	\$ 3,207,626		

### TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

### Privilege (Sales) Tax Rates

Direct

Fiscal Year	Rate	County Rate	State Rate
2007	1.65%	0.00%	5.60%
2008	1.65%	0.00%	5.60%
2009	1.65%	0.00%	5.60%
2010	1.65%	0.00%	6.60%
2011	1.65%	0.00%	6.60%
2012	2.50%	0.00%	6.60%
2013	2.50%	0.00%	5.60%
2014	2.50%	0.00%	5.60%
2015	2.50%	0.00%	5.60%
2016	2.50%	0.00%	5.60%

#### **Use Tax Rates**

**Town Direct** 

Fiscal Year	iscal Year Rate		State Rate		
2007	1.65%	0.00%	5.60%		
2008	1.65%	0.00%	5.60%		
2009	1.65%	0.00%	5.60%		
2010	1.65%	0.00%	6.60%		
2011	1.65%	0.00%	6.60%		
2012	2.50%	0.00%	6.60%		
2013	2.50%	0.00%	5.60%		
2014	2.50%	0.00%	5.60%		
2015	2.50%	0.00%	5.60%		
2016	2.50%	0.00%	5.60%		

#### **Bed Tax Rates**

**Town Direct** 

Fiscal Year	Rate	County Rate	State Rate
2007	3.00%	1.77%	5.50%
2008	3.00%	1.77%	5.50%
2009	3.00%	1.77%	5.50%
2010	3.00%	1.77%	6.50%
2011	3.40%	1.77%	6.50%
2012	3.40%	1.77%	6.50%
2013	3.40%	1.77%	5.50%
2014	3.40%	1.77%	5.50%
2015	3.40%	1.77%	5.50%
2016	3.40%	1.77%	5.50%

Source: Maricopa County Treasurer.

# TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS EXCEPT PER CAPITA) (UNAUDITED)

	Gover	nmental	Activit	ties		Bus	iness-Ty	pe Ac	ctivities						
Fiscal Year	Re	ise Tax venue onds	Note Payal			apital eases	Re	se Tax venue onds		Note iyable		l Primary ernment	Per Capita		Population
2007	\$	2.343	\$	_	\$	2,222	\$	4,062	\$	3,716	\$	12.343	\$	882	14,000
2008	,	2,192	*	-		8,045	*	3,798	•	3,369	•	17,404	•	1,224	14,215
2009		7,938		-		1,595		3,610		3,006		15,656		1,084	14,444
2010		7,516		-		1,073		3,418		2,628		14,191		966	14,686
2011		6,709		-		798		3,050		2,235		12,792		967	12,820
2012		5,874		-		600		2,671		1,824		10,969		812	12,972
2013		5,015		-		432		2,281		1,396		8,828		674	13,106
2014		4,133		300		347		1,879		951		7,610		554	13,282
2015		3,222		-		259		1,466		485		5,234		389	13,457
2016		10,154		-		168		1,034		-		11,356		244	13,653

# TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS) (UNAUDITED)

Excise Tax Revenue Bonds

Fiscal Year	Excise Tax		Pri	ncipal	Inte	erest	Coverage
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012	\$	17,994 17,483 14,727 12,841 12,436 14,787	\$	400 415 435 565 1,125 1,165	\$	295 278 261 414 367 333	25.89 25.23 21.16 13.12 8.36 9.90
2013 2014 2015 2016		17,199 18,065 19,899 20,679		1,200 1,235 1,275 1,330		297 261 217 227	11.50 12.20 13.34 13.40

### TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable a	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes  Maricopa County  Maricopa County Special Health Care District  Maricopa County Community College District  East Valley Institute of Technology District No. 401 b  Creighton Unified School District No. 14  Phoenix Union High School District No. 210  Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48	None \$ 73,000,000 534,225,000 None 21,575,000 252,395,000 202,430,000	2.18% 2.18% 2.18% 4.96% 12.98% 1.13% 15.46%	None \$ 1,591,400 11,646,105 None 2,800,435 2,852,064 31,295,678
Other debt  Maricopa County <sup>c</sup> Maricopa County Hospital District No. 1  Maricopa County Community College District - revenue bonds  East Valley Institute of Technology District No. 401 <sup>b</sup> Creighton Unified School District No. 14  Phoenix Union High School District No. 210  Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48	\$ 9,365,000 None None None None None	2.18% 2.18% 2.18% 4.96% 14.50% 1.22% 15.58%	\$ 2,078,957 None None None None None
Subtotal, overlapping debt  Town of Paradise Valley direct debt (including bonds and capital le	ases)		52,264,639 11,355,764
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 52,264,639

Source: The various jurisdictions

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the Town. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the Town. This process recognizes that, when considering the Town's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Proportion applicable to the Town of Paradise Valley, Arizona is computed on the ratio of secondary assessed valuation for fiscal year 2015/16.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Based on the East Valley Institute of Technology's secondary assessed valuation and does not include amount of secondary assessed valuation in Pinal County.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Includes Public Finance Corporation lease revenue bonds outstanding in the aggregate principal amount of \$80,705,000 and Stadium District revenue bonds outstanding in the aggregate principal amount of \$14,660,000.

### TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA POPULATION STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year			Per Capita Income
2007	14,000	(a)	(a)
2007	14,215	\$ 187,128	\$ 100,251
2009	14,444	(a)	(a)
2010	14,686	(a)	(a)
2011	12,820	(a)	(a)
2012	12,972	(a)	(a)
2013	13,106	(a)	(a)
2014	13,282	(a)	(a)
2015	13,457	(a)	(a)
2016	13,673	(a)	(a)

Source: U.S. Census Bureau and Arizona Economic Estimates Commission.

Source: Median household income and per capita incomes are estimates provided by City-Data.com. The State of Arizona does not track personal income or unemployment data for populations of less than 25,000.

(a) Information was not available.

### TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS 2015 AND 2003 (UNAUDITED)

	2015		2003	
		Percentage		Percentage
		of Total		of Total
	Employees	Employment	Employees	Employment
Camelback Inn	631	16.6%	580	24.3%
Doubletree of Phoenix (formerly	358	9.4%	-	0.0%
InterContinental Montelucia Resort and				
Joya Spa)				
Scottsdale Plaza Resort	332	8.7%	388	16.3%
Sanctuary on Camelback Mountain	300	7.9%	250	10.5%
DoubleTree Paradise Valley Resort	230	6.1%	220	9.2%
Phoenix County Day School	141	3.7%	138	5.8%
Paradise Valley Country Club	110	2.9%	100	4.2%
Hermosa Inn	109	2.9%	100	4.2%
Early Learning Childhood Center	90	2.4%	-	0.0%
Town of Paradise Valley	87	2.3%	95	4.0%
Total	2,388	62.9%	2,385	100.0%

Total Town Employment 3,517

Source: Maricopa Association of Governments 2015 Employer Database.

Note: 2015 and 2003 is the most recent information available.



## TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Full-Time Equivalent Employees

Tail Time Equitation Employees									
2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
3.0	3.0	4.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
7.2	7.2	8.2	7.0	7.0	4.0	5.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
13.0	13.0	13.0	12.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
5.4	5.7	5.9	6.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.00	5.00	5.0
3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	1.0	-	1.0	3.0	3.0	4.0
3.0	3.0	4.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
36.0	36.0	36.0	30.0	23.0	25.0	27.0	27.0	33.0	33.0
10.3	10.5	10.5	11.0	13.0	9.0	7.0	12.0	8.0	8.0
-	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14.0	14.0	14.0	13.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	_
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	_
100.9	102.4	105.6	93.0	83.0	76.0	79.0	79.0	86.0	87.00
	3.0 4.0 7.2 13.0 5.4 3.0 3.0 36.0 10.3	3.0 3.0 4.0 4.0 7.2 7.2 13.0 13.0 5.4 5.7 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 36.0 36.0 10.3 10.5 - 1.0 14.0 14.0 1.0 1.0	3.0 3.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 7.2 7.2 8.2  13.0 13.0 13.0 5.4 5.7 5.9 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 4.0  36.0 36.0 36.0 10.3 10.5 10.5  - 1.0 1.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	3.0 3.0 4.0 3.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 7.2 7.2 8.2 7.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 12.0 5.4 5.7 5.9 6.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 2.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 36.0 36.0 36.0 30.0 10.3 10.5 10.5 11.0 - 1.0 1.0	3.0 3.0 4.0 3.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 3.0 7.2 7.2 8.2 7.0 7.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 12.0 10.0 5.4 5.7 5.9 6.0 5.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 2.0 1.0 3.0 3.0 4.0 3.0 3.0 36.0 36.0 36.0 30.0 23.0 10.3 10.5 10.5 11.0 13.0 - 1.0 1.0	3.0       3.0       4.0       3.0       4.0       4.0         4.0       4.0       4.0       3.0       3.0         7.2       7.2       8.2       7.0       7.0       4.0         13.0       13.0       13.0       12.0       10.0       10.0         5.4       5.7       5.9       6.0       5.0       5.0         3.0       3.0       3.0       2.0       1.0       -         3.0       3.0       4.0       3.0       3.0       2.0         36.0       36.0       36.0       30.0       23.0       25.0         10.3       10.5       10.5       11.0       13.0       9.0         -       1.0       1.0       -       -       -         14.0       14.0       14.0       13.0       12.0       12.0         1.0       1.0       1.0       1.0       1.0       1.0         1.0       1.0       1.0       1.0       1.0       1.0	3.0     3.0     4.0     3.0     4.0     4.0     4.0       4.0     4.0     4.0     4.0     3.0     3.0     3.0       7.2     7.2     8.2     7.0     7.0     4.0     5.0       13.0     13.0     13.0     12.0     10.0     10.0     10.0       5.4     5.7     5.9     6.0     5.0     5.0     5.0       3.0     3.0     3.0     2.0     1.0     -     1.0       3.0     3.0     3.0     2.0     1.0     -     1.0       36.0     36.0     36.0     30.0     23.0     25.0     27.0       10.3     10.5     10.5     11.0     13.0     9.0     7.0       -     1.0     1.0     -     -     -     -       14.0     14.0     14.0     13.0     12.0     12.0     12.0       1.0     1.0     1.0     1.0     1.0     1.0     1.0       1.0     1.0     1.0     1.0     1.0     1.0     1.0	3.0     3.0     4.0     3.0     4.0     4.0     4.0     4.0       4.0     4.0     4.0     4.0     3.0     3.0     3.0     3.0       7.2     7.2     8.2     7.0     7.0     4.0     5.0     7.0       13.0     13.0     13.0     12.0     10.0     10.0     10.0     10.0       5.4     5.7     5.9     6.0     5.0     5.0     5.0     5.0       3.0     3.0     3.0     2.0     1.0     -     1.0     3.0       3.0     3.0     3.0     3.0     2.0     3.0     3.0     3.0       36.0     36.0     36.0     30.0     23.0     25.0     27.0     27.0       10.3     10.5     10.5     11.0     13.0     9.0     7.0     12.0       -     1.0     1.0     1.0     1.0     1.0     1.0     -     -       1.0     1.0     1.0     1.0     1.0     1.0     1.0     -     -       1.0     1.0     1.0     1.0     1.0     1.0     1.0     -	3.0       3.0       4.0       3.0       4.0       4.0       4.0       4.0       4.0       4.0       4.0       4.0       4.0       4.0       4.0       4.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3.0       3

### TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year

Function	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
General Government:					
Building Permits Issued	1,059	950	665	499	536
Value of Building					
Permits Issued	\$ 312,280,046	\$ 177,127,174	\$ 86,505,523	\$ 54,467,751	\$ 59,607,205
Police:					
Physical Arrests	334	270	242	240	199
Parking Violations	669	582	285	1,789	1,142
Traffic Violations	2,946	2,529	1,509	2,203	2,049
Other Public Works:					
Street Resurfacing (Miles)	10	9	31	-	-
Sidewalks (Linear Feet)	2,025	24,725	-	-	-
Potholes Repaired	150	115	70	17	23
Sewer System:					
Number of Customers	1,985	2,016	2,065	2,086	2,094

Source: The Town of Paradise Valley.

Fiscal Year

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
517	559	638	615	706
011	000	000	010	700
\$ 68,448,551	\$ 74,147,285	\$ 85,481,811	\$ 88,396,985	\$ 142,370,728
050	040	070	450	000
258	218	378	456	206
1,199	445	529	567	408
1,995	1,914	2,399	1,940	1,829
7	19.78	12.80	27.90	27.9
216	24	2,333	2,333	2,333
10	11	14	18	10
2,095	2,115	2,136	2,165	2,162

### TOWN OF PARADISE VALLEY, ARIZONA CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

			Fiscal Year		
Function	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Police:					
Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol and Detective Vehicles	20	25	28	25	25
Fire Service:					
Stations	2	2	2	2	2
Fire Pumpers, Support Vehicles	3	4	4	3	3
Other Public Works:					
Streets (Miles)	140	140	140	140	140
Traffic Signals	12	12	12	12	12
Wastewater:					
Sanitary Sewers (Feet)	317,059	320,890	325,029	325,029	325,029
Treatment Capacity (Thousands of Gallons)	1,026	1,026	1,026	1,026	1,026

Source: The Town of Paradise Valley.

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2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
1	1	1	1	1
25	24	24	20	20
2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3
ŭ	ŭ	· ·	· ·	J
140	140	147	147	147
12	12	12	12	12
325,029	326,349	326,349	326,649	327,624
1,026	1,026	1,026	1,026	1,026

